

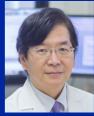
15th AOEC (Asian Oceanian Epilepsy Congress) February 20-23, 2025

ILAE YES Career Development Session Part 1 Thursday, February 20, 11:10 - 11:30

Translational research on epilepsy in the AO region, where and how

Akio IKEDA, MD, PhD, FACNS
Department of Epilepsy,
Movement Disorders & Physiology
Kyoto University Graduate School of Medicine
Kyoto, JAPAN

Past-president, Vice-President, Japan Epilepsy Society Past-regional Chair, ILAE-Asia Oceania, ILAE



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2023-2025 Disclosure Form

Company Name	Nature of Affiliation	
Sumitomo Pharma CoNihon-Kohden	Industry-Academia Collaboration Courses Collaboration study	
UCB JapanEli Lilly JapanRICHO	Collaboration study	

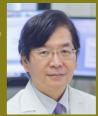
Off-Label Product Usage

None

14th AOEC (Asian Oceanian Epilepsy Congress) A Virtual Congress, November 17-19, 2022 ILAE YES Career Development Session Part 1 Friday, November 18, 13:45 - 14:45

Research career pathways / balancing clinical and research "Enjoy your process"

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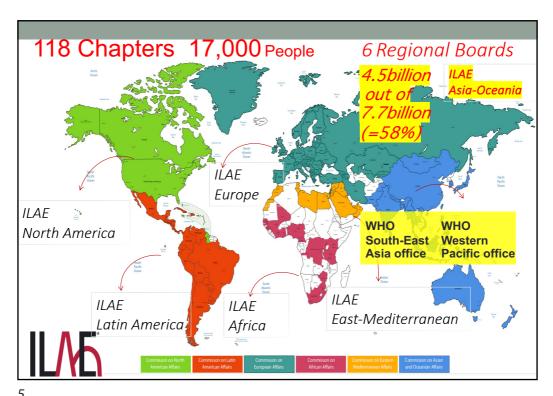
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Translational research on epilepsy in the AO region where and how

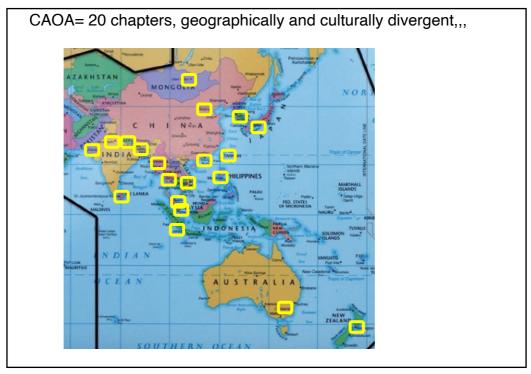
1) Features of AO region

Very active clinical care, education, patient care Less active research, lesser publication: except Australia, China etc Large population, but geographical & cultural diversity

- Clinical research vs. basic research animal study, patient study, big data analysis
- 3) Translational (TR) vs reverse tranlational research (rTR) from clinical question to research question (clinical/basic)
- 4) How from clinician (resident/fellow/young staff), physican-scientisit, clinician
- When around board-certified, specialists (epilepsy, neurology, EEG)



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ILAE executive committee meeting JUNE 21, 2019 (Bangkok)

ILAE-Asia Oceania

(formally, CAOA)

Akio IKEDA, MD, PhD, FACNS Chair (2017-2021), CAOA

Department of Epilepsy, Movement Disorders & Physiology Kyoto University Graduate School of Medicine Kyoto, JAPAN

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Aims of the ILAE-AO (CAOA)

To develop, stimulate and coordinate epileptology initiatives in the Asian and Oceanian regions.

Missions of ILAE-AO & ASEPA

- 1. To advance and disseminate knowledge concerning the epilepsies throughout the Asian & Oceanian region;
- 2. To improve education and training ir the field of the epilepsies in Asia via the activities of the Asian Epilepsy Academy(ASEPA)
- 3. To organize the Asian Oceanian Epilepsy Congresses together with the International Director of Meetings (IDM) and IBE's Regional Executive Committees;
- 4. To facilitate clinically relevant epilepsy research in Asia;

ASEPA Activities for 2018-2019

- Epilepsy Fellowship Training Fellowships and opportunities (coordinated by CT Tan)
 - ASEPA Fellowships x 2
 - Japan Epilepsy Research Foundation (JERF) fellowships: 2/year
 - Japan Epilepsy Society fellowships: 2-3/year
 - Korean Epilepsy Society (KES) annual fellowship program: 2/year
 - Epilepsy Society of Australia (ESA) Clinical Observerships: 2/year
 - ESA-ASEPA Travel Grants 3-day Clinical Epilepsy and EEG courses: 8-9/year
- ASEPA-ASNA EEG Certification Examinations (parts 1 and 2) (coordinated by SH Lim. Singapore, ex-chair of CAOA, currently ILAE-AO
 - 2018 Part 1 written exam x 5, Part 2 oral exam x 3
 - 2019 Part 1 written exam x 5, Part 2 oral exam x 5
- ASEPA teaching courses, workshops and supported education meetings
 - **2018 10**
 - 2019 16



2. The top 5 or 6 problems that your region is facing and the current barriers to addressing those issues

Stigma and global campaign againt epilepsy, and treatment gap Status and economics of epilepsy surgery in developing countries like India

Continuity and globalization of education made by ASEPA

ASEPA-EEG board examination has been successful, and currently ASNA and India area most intensively worked by ASEPA

Insufficient research activity and very limited financial support AMED in (Japan = 1/50 times of NIH or EC)

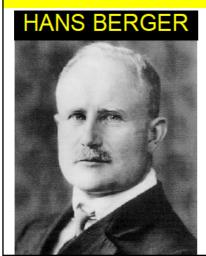
Multi-institutional, international, clinical trial or collaboration study In Japan, since April 1, 2018, strictly regulated by the new law of clinical research in clinical trial of drugs which were already approved. Therefore, perampanel trial for cortical myoclonus in ILAE-AO has not been started yet as the study

Collaboration with other societies such as IFCN and WFN

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2019-2029

"A decade of EEG & Epilepsy Education" in ILAE-AO forward to the centennial anniversary of the first human EEG reported in 1929 by Hans Berger



In 1929 German physiologist and psychiatrist Hans Berger published scalp recording of human EEG, and coined the word "Elektenkephalogram"

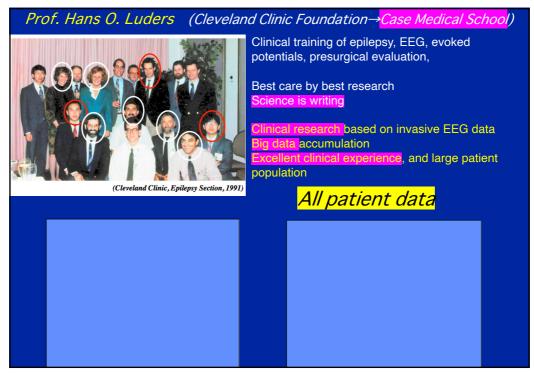
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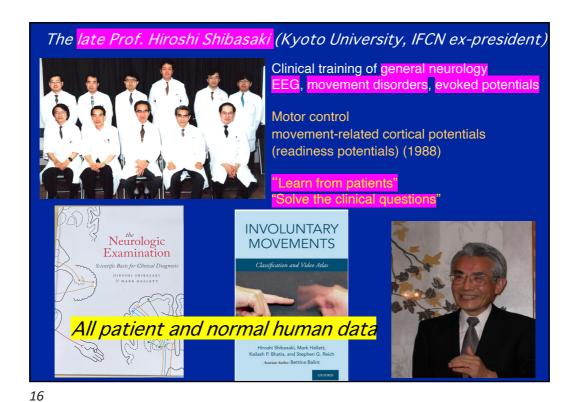
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reverse translational research (rTR)

1) cortical tremor (1990), BAFME

Benign adult familial myoclonus epilepsy Familial adult myoclonic epilepsy (FAME)

2) Ictal DC shifts (1996)

Wide band EEG: ictal HFO

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Cortical tremor:



A variant of cortical reflex myoclonus

Neurology 40: 1561-1565, 1990

A. Ikeda, MD; R. Kakigi, MD; N. Funai, MD; R. Neshige, MD; Y. Kuroda, MD; and H. Shibasaki, MD

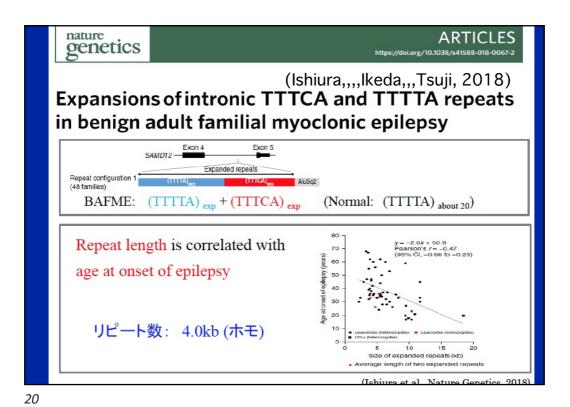
Non-coding DNA repeat 2018, Nature genetics *Popular in AO*

Article abstract—Two patients with action tremor that was thought to originate in the cerebral cortex showed fine shivering-like finger twitching provoked mainly by action and posture. Surface EMG showed relatively rhythmic discharge at a rate of about 9 Hz, which resembled essential tremor. However, electrophysiologic studies revealed giant somatosensory evoked

Case reports. Patient 1. A 57-year-old Japanese farmer was admitted to the hospital because of tremulous finger movement and an unconscious seizure. In the 4th decade, he had noticed difficulty in writing due to fine finger tremor. The diagnosis of essential tremor was made, but β -blocker was not at all effective. At age 45, he had the 1st unconscious seizure impossible. Of the natient's 6 siblings, 1 sister and 1 brother

impossible. Of the patient's 6 siblings, 1 sister and 1 brother had similar symptoms of finger tremor and seizure.

H.J. 57 y.o.



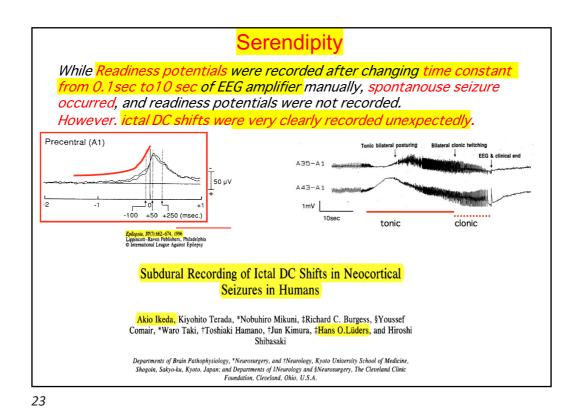
reverse tranlational research (rTR)

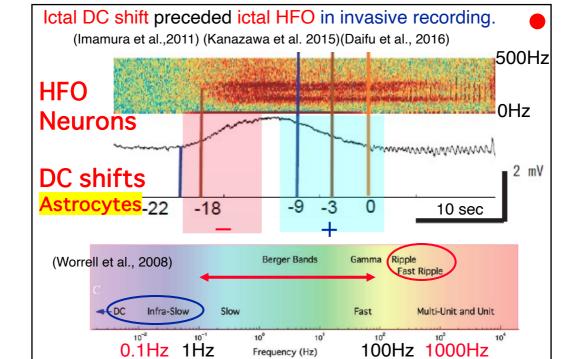
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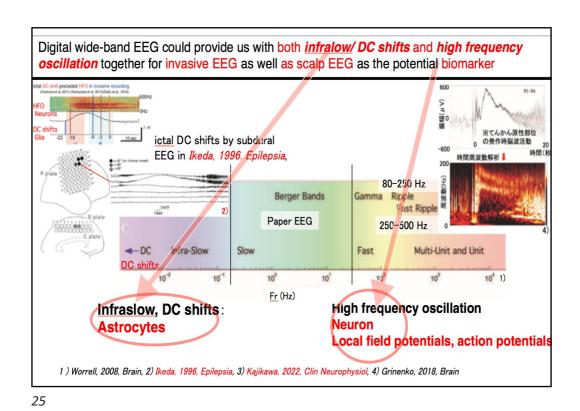
Wide band EEG: ictal HFO



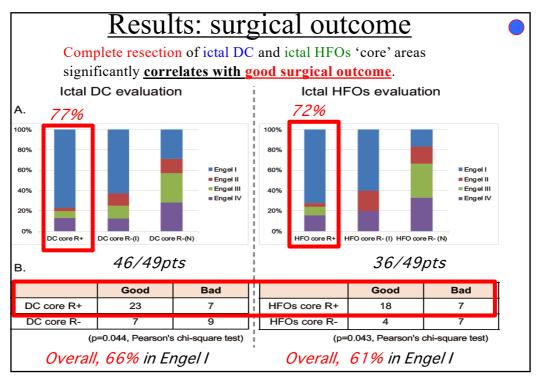


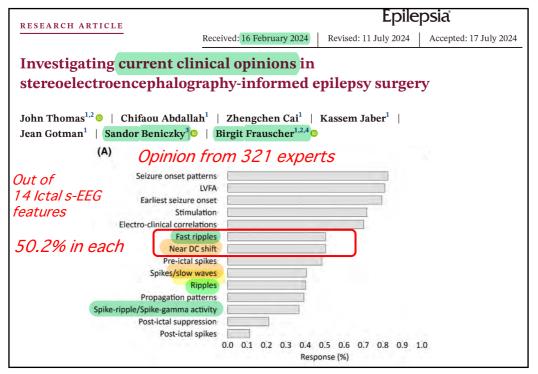
Frequency (Hz)

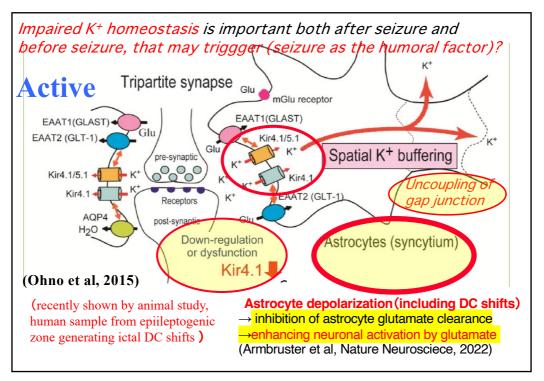
100Hz 1000Hz

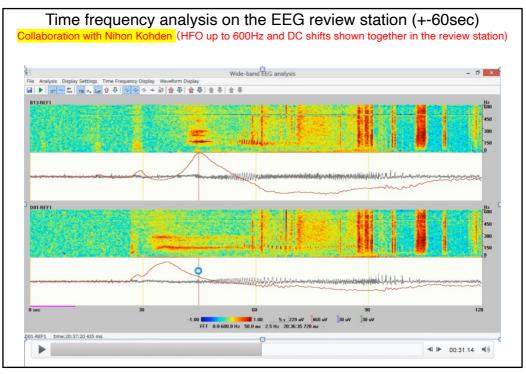












Japan Agency for Medical Research and Development (AMED)
International Collaborative Research Program

Implementation study of wide band EEG recording, analysis and dissemination in epilepsy care using digital EEG in Indonesia 2022–2026

インドネシアでの、てんかん診療の質向上をめざした デジタル脳波のワイドバンド成分の 記録解析普及の実装研究

日本医療研究開発機構 地球規模保健課題解決推進のための研究事業

キックオフミーティング

京都大学大学院医学研究科てんかん・運動異常生理学講座教授 京都大学医学部附属病院てんかん診療支援センター長 池田昭夫

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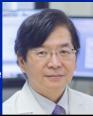
35th International Epilepsy Congress September 2-6, 2023, Dublin, Ireland

Special Interest Group

International academia-industry collaboration: implementation of EEG/ epilepsy education and research

Implementation of research beyond academia-industry collaboration

Akio IKEDA, MD, PhD, FACNS
Department of Epilepsy, Movement Disorders
& Physiology
Kyoto University Graduate School of Medicine
Kyoto, JAPAN



AMED (Japan Agency for Medical Research and Development) Supports

International Collaboration

Implementation of wide band EEG in epilepsy care by digital EEG

Lecture:

Wide Band EEG Analysis

Now ready for clinical implementation

Akio IKEDA, MD, PhD, FACNS

Department of Epilepsy, Movement Disorders & Physiology

Kyoto University Graduate School of Medicine Kyoto, JAPAN

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Wide-band EEG from DC shifts to HFO 1

Moderator

Dr. Fitri Octaviana (Dr. Cipto Mangunkusumo Hospital, Indonesia)

- ✓ Mini lecture from Prof. Ikeda (Kyoto University, Japan) [30 min.]
- Presentation from Dr. Katsuya Kobayashi (Kyoto University, Japan) [30 60 min.]

14th February 2025 (Friday)

Wide-band EEG from DC shifts to HFO 2

Moderator
Dr. Aris Catur Bintoro (Central General Hospital Dr. Kariadi, Indonesia)

- Mini lecture from Prof. Ikeda (Kyoto University, Japan) [30 min.]
- Presentation from Dr. Masao Matsuhashi (Kyoto University, Japan) [30 60 min.]

In Th Ta	India (New Delhi) Indonesia (Jakarta)	IST WIB	2:30 PM —
	Thailand (Bangkok) Taiwan (Taipei)	ICT CST	4:00 PM – 5:00 PM –
	Japan (Tokyo)	JST	6:00 PM –

Wide-band EEG: a mysterious and very useful technique

- 1) What is the wide-band EEG?
- 2) Special machine? Special technique?
- 3) Is it useful? Is it redundant? Just only research?
- 4) Useful only in invasive EEG?
- 5) Is it recorded by scalp-EEG?
- 6) EEG technologist could analyze?

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from clinician (resident/fellow/young staff), physican-scientisit, clinician

5) When

around board-certified, specialists (epilepsy, neurology, EEG)

ILAE-AO Mentor-Mentee Program Meeting

Date: 6/23/2019

Start Time: 3:30:00 PM, Finish Time: 6:00:00 PM

Venue: Room Lotus 13

Program

- Clinical epilepsy genetic study Dr. Tsai Meng Han (15 minutes)
- Stigma in epilepsy Dr. Lim Kheng Seang (15 minutes)
- AED hypersensitivity, the clinical and social implications Dr. Lim Kheng Seang (15 minutes)
- Quality improvement study in epilepsy Dr. Eishi Asano (He is now in Detroit, will not be in IEC, but happy to guide via teleconference) - presented by Dr. Lim Kheng Seang (5 minutes)
- Pediatric epilepsy project Dr. Derrick Chan (He already has a Myanmar mentee. However, for those who are interested in Paed project, I can ask him or other Paed Neurologist if they are interested to be mentor.)
- Group discussion (60 minutes)

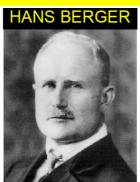
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Golden era of digital EEG of much advanced utility has come, with research and clinical or social implementation.

ILAE-AO chapter meeting in 13th AOEC, Bali

2019-2029

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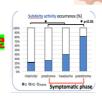
The upper tracing is EEG, and the lower is a 10 Hz timing signal

TC of 2sec scalp EEG could open the window for diagnosis, genenator mechanisms, and treatment in other neurological disorders other than epilepsy

1) Epilepsy

Active DC shifts, red slow, AI analysis,

2) Migraine aura is similar to epileptic aura in semiology involving posterior hemisphere delta slow, subdelta slow (1Hz>) (Hosokawa et al., clin Neurophysiol, 2024)



CSD

- 3) Cerebrovascular disease, Dementia
 transient focal neurological episode (TFNEs), infaslow activity (0.3Hz>)
 Amyloid spell in cerebral amyloid angiopathy (CAA)
- 4) <u>Critical care, Head trauma</u>
 Burst suppression with SISA(short infraslow activity) (Tougo et al, 2022)

 Moyamoya disease (Hayashi et al., 2024)

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Conclusion: Translational research on epilepsy in the AO region where and how

- 1) AO region has overcome gradually the proper problems of AO in last several decades, and thus now ready to expand into the research activity in general.
- 2) It may be easier to start from clinical research rather than basic research.
- Seeds of basic research is further growing by the collaboration of other regions of ILAE and with other fields of neurology even in the AO.
- Constant collaboration within and outside AO, with other filed of neurology such as migraine, demetia, amyloid angiopathy, stroke, head trauma, immunological diseases, etc.

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- 4) Constant collaboration within and outside AO, with other fields of neurology such as migraine, demetia, amyloid angiopathy, stroke, head trauma, immunological diseases, etc is a good chance.