

Department of Epilepsy, Movement Disorders and Physiology Kyoto University Graduate School of Medicine

# Annual Report 2019, 2020, 2021



<Front cover> Design of the cover page is the slow waveforms with different colors, which may remind you of brain waveforms and different frequencies. Hoping to enjoy EEG wave surfing.

# Department of Epilepsy, Movement Disorders and Physiology Kyoto University Graduate School of Medicine

# Annual Report 2019, 2020, 2021

April 2022

## Preface (Report of the activity)



Following the completion of the first 5 years of the Department of Epilepsy, Movement Disorders and Physiology from August 2013 to May 2018, the next 5 years of this department has started as "the Industry-Academia Collaboration Course" from June 1st, 2018. We are very pleased to make a summary report for the initial 3 years and a half, as similarly done since 2013 previously. Since the middle of this period, the beginning of 2020, the unprecedented COVID-19 pandemic disaster has swept the world and has impeded all aspects of research, clinical practice and education. Nevertheless, we could manage to continue our activity and we would like to express our sincere gratitude for the cooperation of everyone involved in and supporting this department.

First of all, we sincerely appreciate that this department has received support as "the Industry-Academia Collaboration Course" for collaborative research by Eisai Co., Ltd., and for endowment by Nihon Kohden Co., Ltd., Otsuka Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., and UCB Japan Co., Ltd (as listed by alphabetical order). Within the Kyoto University, we are grateful to e warmest and continuous support by the management committee by Department of Neurology (chaired by Prof. Ryosuke Takahashi), and also by the Departments of Neurosurgery (Prof. Susumu Miyamoto), Psychiatry (Prof. Toshiya Murai), Pediatrics (Prof. Toshio Heike and then Prof. Junko Takita), and Diagnostic Imaging & Nuclear Medicine (Prof. Kaori Togashi and then Prof. Yuji Nakamoto), and as an external member Eisai Co., Ltd.(Mr.Toshihisa Hanada and then Dr. Ryan Edbert Husni) for their guidance.

This course started 1) a five-year contracted collaborative research (with Eisai Co., Ltd.) in the form of an "industryacademia collaborative course". The content can be summarized as "Clinical research on the characteristics of paroxysmal depolarization shifts (PDS) with a focus on human epilepsy, and the individualization of the action mechanisms of antiepileptic drugs, and generator mechanisms of infraslow, DC shifts and cortical spreading depolarization (CSD) for chronic epilepsy, migraine, and cerebrovascular disorders", and the details are described separately in this report. The following items – items 2) and 3) – corresponded to the contributed matters done "Department of Epilepsy, Movement Disorders and Physiology" so far. 2) Clinical activity and education: Our objectives include multidisciplinary approaches to elucidate pathophysiology "epilepsy/movement disorders". promotion of its treatment and highly advanced medicine, and its establishment and dissemination as a practical clinical treatment. Simultaneously, we seek to provide training and educational opportunities for specialists and clinical researchers who will play a future role in the field – both in Japan and abroad. 3) Research: Our objectives include promoting the development of both clinical neurophysiology research with clinical application and epilepsy research and treatment. It is because both are two sides of the same coin.

In item 1) mentioned above, the novel "clinical research of the characterization of PDS focused on epilepsy and the individualization of the action mechanisms of antiepileptic drugs" have been published in many international journals. PDS focused on human epilepsy are not simply giant pathological EPSP as was conventionally understood, but also it could extensively vary in duration and the degree of involved in which humoral factors or postsynaptic membrane receptors (which act as carriers). It is understood that important information will be provided by the analyses on the clinical effects of the AMPA receptor antagonists and other drugs that have direct and indirect inhibitory mechanisms on PDS, and increasing the translatability of these results to basic experiments (Please refer to III. Activity report of this report for results of each study).

In item 2) mentioned above, we have directly contributed as much as possible within the university hospital (e.g., elecetrocerebral inactivity and so on) over the past years (since the start of our course in 2013) in the fields of

EEG, epilepsy and movement disorders. We have also simultaneously directly continued contributing at the Kyoto/ Kinki regional level by organizing annual EEG/EMG seminar (which is held every winter) for physicians and clinical technologists; and at a national level for annual advanced EEG teaching course (held every summer). We have accepted an average of 3-4 or more EEG/Epilepsy fellows in a year in collaboration with the department neurology in order to provide specialized education for future specialists. We have also trained 3-4 EEG/ epilepsy fellowship supported and granted by The Japanese Society of Neurology since 2017 again in collaboration with the department of neurology.

In item 3) mentioned above, we have promoted domestic and international collaborative research as a member of the planning team for the new academic research of the "oscillology" (Interdisciplinary Area: Non-linear Neurooscillology: Towards Integrative Understanding of Human Nature), as well as domestic multi-institutional collaborative research and collaborative research with overseas institutions at the Japan Agency for Medical Research and Development (AMED) (research aimed at clarifying glial function in intractable epilepsy pathologies and to prepare medical treatment guidelines).

In this annual report, I would like to analyze the current situation and conduct a self-assessment by summarizing what we have done in the last 3 and a half years since 2018 from the viewpoint of 3 important axes of clinical practice, education, and research. It could help us improve and modify the current condition, and also start the new concerns. We would greatly appreciate your any feedback to us that is very helpful for our future contribution to the patients in this planet. Finally, this annual report was created with the support of our course members and associates, and I would like to express my gratitude for them here

February, 2022

With my best wishes,

Reda

Akio IKEDA, MD, PhD. FACNS Chairman and Professor Department of Epilepsy, Movement Disorders and Physiology Kyoto University Graduate School of Medicine

## Index

### Preface (Prof. Ikeda)

Ι.	Introduction 1
Ш.	<b>Outline</b>
Ⅲ.	<b>Activity report</b> (June 2018 – May 2021)
	Research activities ····································
	Educational activities ······28
	Clinical activities
	Social activities on academic organization
	Research grants obtained from extramural sources & awards
IV.	Publications and Congress Presentations (June 2018 – May 2021)
	Publications ·······41
	Original articles · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Edited books & book chapters ······47
	Review articles 48
	Presentations ······51
	Invited lectures and symposium etc. ••••••51
	Oral and poster presentations ······55
v.	Attached materials
	Collaborative research activity in the Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research on Innovative Areas: Non-linear Neuro-oscillology - Towards Integrative Understanding of Human Nature65
	2 <sup>nd</sup> 'Advanced ECoG/EEG Analysis in Epilepsy' symposium ·············66
	13 <sup>th</sup> and 14 <sup>th</sup> electroencephalography (EEG) and electromyography (EMG) seminar67
	5 <sup>th</sup> and 6 <sup>th</sup> advance course of electroencephalography (EEG) seminar
	13 <sup>th</sup> Asian & Oceanian Epilepsy Congress (AOEC) · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	English Version of Collection of Works at the Art Exhibition around Epilepsy 2016 and 2017 $\cdots$ 69
	Special Lecture · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Visiting physicians ····································



#### To begin with

Since the middle of this period, the beginning of 2020, the unprecedented COVID-19 pandemic disaster has swept the world and has impeded all aspects of research, clinical practice and education. Nevertheless, we could manage to continue our activity and we would like to express our sincere gratitude for the cooperation of everyone involved in this department. As in the past, detailed information is provided in this report. As such, we would appreciate it if you could take a look at it. In place of the "Introduction," I would like to summarize below what I felt was especially important about general matters related to the content of this course during the past year (from June 1, 2018 to May 31, 2021). We would appreciate it if you can provide your commentary here as well.

- 1) The Epilepsy Care Support Center (ECSC) was opened at Kyoto University Hospital
- 2) Changes in Epilepsy Treatment Conditions since 2018
- 3) The results of industry-academia collaboration research
- 4) The results of industry-academia collaboration
- 5) Oscillology research promotion, fundamentals, and clinical translatability
- 6) EEG/Epilepsy fellowship, etc.
- 7) Opportunities for specialized training in epilepsy and clinical EEG

#### 1) The Epilepsy Care Support Center (ECSC) was opened at Kyoto University Hospital

This Center (ECSC) was established on November 1, 2018, with the aims of providing comprehensive and efficient medical practice, to provide support for patients with epilepsy, and to promote clinical research on epilepsy. Activities are comprehensive including inpatients and outpatients, and the affiliated departments (epilepsy/movement disorders/physiology, neurology, pediatrics, neurosurgery, neuropsychiatry) work closely together to "see" (i.e., visualize and make transparent) epileptic treatment at Kyoto University Hospital. At the same time, it is essential to provide information on a various aspects in epilepsy care. In the past, examined patients were given handouts as needed – however, we have set up the website to provide direct downloads for use by individuals (http://epilepsy. med.kyoto-u.ac.jp/supportcenter\_j).

Specialized materials for healthcare professionals were also provided. Among the downloadable materials mentioned above, we would like to thank each of the participants and the associated organizations for their approval of the use of copyrighted materials. We hope that we will seek to provide epilepsy medical care and support, education, research, and information dissemination to society (see footnote for QR code).

#### 2) Changes in Epilepsy Treatment Conditions since 2018

Awareness and medical care for epilepsy have been actively promoted worldwide ever since the resolution issued at the WHO meeting in May 2015, which stated that epilepsy is an important disease that needs to be solved within the next 10 years (World Health Assembly closes, passing resolutions on air pollution and epilepsy). Epilepsy eradication was, subsequently, addressed as a side project of the WHO meeting in May 2019 – consequently, this was heavily addressed at the opening ceremonies and workshops of the biennial International Epilepsy Congress, held in Bangkok in June 2019 and sponsored by ILAE, as a global campaign of WHO.

In 2021 and hopefully in 2022, respectively, WHO resolution has been and will be done, respectively for (GLOBAL ACTION PLAN on the public health response to epilepsy2020-2030) and Intersectoral global action plan on epilepsy and other neurological disorders (IGAP)

In fiscal year 2015, the Japanese Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare launched the "Project to Improve Cooperation in Regional Medical Care" as a three-year model project, becoming a primary project in 2019. Those hospitals which are recognized as base hospitals throughout the country expanded to >20 prefectures. As such, there was gradual progress in equal access to epilepsy treatment.

#### I. Introduction

Japan Epilepsy Society (JES) has defined and have approved comprehensive epilepsy center since 2019. It has further advanced the equality and standardization of epilepsy care based on institutional standards that conform to conditions in Japan.

#### 3) The results of industry-academia collaboration research

The "Clinical research on the characteristics of paroxysmal depolarization shifts (PDS) with a focus on human epilepsy, and the individualization of the action mechanisms of antiepileptic drugs, and generator mechanisms of infraslow, DC shifts and cortical spreading depolarization for chronic epilepsy, migraine, and cerebrovascular disorders" was initiated as joint research (Eisai Co., Ltd.) from June 2019. The novel "clinical research of the characterization of PDS focused on epilepsy and the individualization of the action mechanisms of antiepileptic drugs" have been published in many international journals. PDS focused on human epilepsy are not simply giant pathological EPSP as was conventionally understood, but also it could extensively vary in duration and the degree of involved in which humoral factors or postsynaptic membrane receptors (which act as carriers) .It is understood that important information will be provided by the analyses on the clinical effects of the AMPA receptor antagonists and other drugs that have direct and indirect inhibitory mechanisms on PDS, and increasing the translatability of these results to basic experiments.

Throughout the first year, in particular, we clarified the characteristic action mechanisms of the AMPA receptor antagonist perampanel and its effects on cortical myoclonus, which is an epileptic pathology which maximizes perampanel expression. This was conducted as a case accumulation study which clarified multifactorial correlations among clinical symptoms, extremely characteristic effects in giant SEP, dose, therapeutic effects, clinical neurophysiological indicators, blood levels, etc., and these results were reported in international journals (Oi, K. et al. Low-dose perampanel improves refractory cortical myoclonus by the dispersed and suppressed paroxysmal depolarization shifts in the sensorimotor cortex. Clinical Neurophysiology. 130 (2019)1804–1812). We have also prepared for an international collaborative study on cortical myoclonus in perampanel and conducting a clinico-physiological study of the effects of perampanel on giant SEP, an epileptic biomarker. (Please refer to Page 9 of this report)

#### 4) The results of industry-academia collaboration

We have also reported the results and current status of industry-academia collaboration in this annual report. We were able to conduct fruitful collaborative research with supporting and associated companies while ensuring transparency and equality (Please refer to Page 13 of this report).

#### 5) Oscillology research promotion, fundamentals, and clinical translatability

The "Understanding of Human Nature Based on Nonlinear Oscillation Phenomena" project began in 2015 and lasted 5 years as part of MEXT's research on new academic fields (area proposal type). The human brain is composed of signals for oscillatory phenomena that range from the cellular level to the integrative functions of the whole brain. It can be exemplified by a codon in the smallest unit of a gene. Normal brain function in humans manifests itself by nonlinear interactions between multi-dimensional and multi-hierarchical oscillatory phenomena, and abnormal expression of brain function has the same operating principle. Epilepsy can be viewed as a "network disease" in which an autonomous brain network suddenly over-oscillates in various dimensions and hierarchies. In this research area, we have been recording local- and broad-spectrum mass oscillation phenomena involved in normal brain function and epileptic seizure onset from the perspective of the human brain (see the following website for more details: http:// www.nips.ac.jp/oscillology/index.html).

In the 5<sup>th</sup> year of 2019, our research area was highly rated since it newly elucidated that "chronic epileptic seizures involve not only neurons as previously understood, but actively include glia, both of which control ultra-high- and ultra-low-frequency activity, respectively, and that they are closely linked through disruption and coordination of extracellular K homeostasis".

#### 6) EEG/Epilepsy fellowship, etc.

We have accepted the EEG/Epilepsy fellowship as one of the key pillars of teaching in collaboration with the department of neurology since 2011. Almost every year, 1-3 junior doctors have constantly participated in subspecialty clinical training and clinical research. Meanwhile, the fellowship provided by Japanese Society of Neurology also done in Kyoto University Hospital since 2017. It provides a support system for short-term domestic residency training in EEG/epilepsy/neurophysiology. We contributed to accept 2-3 fellowships each year i in collaboration with the department of neurology.

#### 7) Opportunities for specialized training in epilepsy and clinical EEG

Professional training in clinical EEE is essential for the clinical practice of epilepsy. Not only do we provide opportunities for in-hospital clinical training, we also organize the Japanese Society of Clinical Neurophysiology (JSCN) sponsored seminar, "Advanced course EEG seminar" annually at Kyoto University. We also organized similar short course "EEG and EMG seminar" at Kyoto University Hospital.

The Kinki Region Adult Epilepsy Seminar – co-sponsored by the JES Kinki Regional Association, UCB Japan Co. Ltd., Otsuka Pharmaceutical Co. Ltd., and Nihon Kohden Co. – has been held every year since 2017 as an educational seminar for epilepsy. We hope to continue to contribute to various societies relating to epilepsy, EEG, and clinical neurophysiology. Furthermore, we would also like to contribute to provide specialized training in clinical EEG.

For the past 20 years or more, weekly EEG teaching session have been held every Wednesday from 7:00 pm, for participants from inside and outside the hospital. Since March 2020, because of COVID-19 pandemic, it has changed to web-conference system from face to face conference, and thus participants all over the country could attend.

I would be very grateful if young teachers who are interested in our programs would have a chance to visit us.

February, 2022

With my best wishes,

beda

Akio IKEDA, MD, PhD. FACNS Chairman and Professor Department of Epilepsy, Movement Disorders and Physiology Kyoto University Graduate School of Medicine

(The following is an introduction page of the Epilepsy Medical Support Center at Kyoto University Hospital.)





Pamphlet



#### **Funding prospects**

Establishment June 1st, 2018

#### Name of the Industry-Academia Collaboration Course

Department of Epilepsy, Movement of Disorders and Physiology Kyoto University Graduate School of Medicine

#### Founding vision

- 1) We clarify the pathophysiology and clinical knowledge of epilepsy and its related movement disorders, promoting the development of diagnostic and therapeutic methods, and education.
- 2) We continue to develop our ability to diagnose and treat the patients with epilepsy and movement disorders by using a variety of highly advanced techniques.
- 3) We make best efforts to offer opportunities of trainings and educations to young physicians both from Japan and abroad to foster the specialists and physician-scientists in the field of epilepsy.
- 4) As an academic department in the university hospital, we promote researches and clinical applications of clinical neurophysiology, which is essential for elucidating the pathophysiology and developing the treatment of clinical epileptology.

#### Clinical practice and Research for epilepsy and movement disorders

- 1) Outpatient department
- 2) Impatient evaluation (including long-term video EEG monitoring) and treatment
- 3) Promotion of epileptic surgery
- 4) Development of diagnostic methods for brain function
- 5) Development and promotion of novel treatment
- 6) Promotion of clinical trials for antiepileptic drugs
- 7) Promotion of basic neuroscience

#### Education

- 1) Promotion of hospital-clinic collaboration with other institutes
- 2) Promotion of trainings and educations to young physicians both from Japan and abroad to foster the specialists and physician-scientists in the field of epilepsy.
- 3) Education for nurses caring epilepsy patients
- 4) Provide clinical information to patients with epilepsy and their family as well as societies.

#### **Research vision**

#### Industry-Academia Collaboration

- 1) The Effectiveness of Perampanel against Progressive Myoclonus Epilepsy
- 2) Physiological analysis for the effect of Perampanel on giant SEP as a marker of epilepsy
- 3) The migraine's mechanism and the physiological biomarker of its diagnosis and treatment

#### General

- 1) Promotion of basic neuroscience and clinical trials about the action mechanism and effect of antiepileptic drugs.
- 2) Development of medical devices for wide-band EEG recording&analysis, and its application to elucidation of epileptogenicity
- 3) Promotion of epilepsy surgery and research on higher brain functions&its plasticity under epileptic conditions

- 4) Combined imaging and neurphysiological researches on the pathophysiology of epileptic focus
- 5) Research on the pathophysiology and treatment of movement disorders
- 6) iPS (induced pluripotent stem) cell research and animal model research on epileptogenesis
- 7) Establishment of the training programs for the advanced specialists in the related fields
- 8) Promote collaborative researches with basic and mathematical scientists to understand neural oscillations underlying both physiological brain functions and pathology

#### Companies of endowment (in alphabetical order)

Eisai Co. Ltd. NIHON KOHDEN CORPORATION Otsuka Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. UCB Japan Co., Ltd.

#### **Contact address**

URL: http://epilepsy.med.kyoto-u.ac.jp E-mail: epilepsy@kuhp.kyoto-u.ac.jp (Secretary) Address: 54, Shogoin-Kawahara-cho, Sakyo-ku, Kyoto, 606-8507, JAPAN TEL: (+81)-75-751-3662 FAX: (+81)-75-751-3663

#### Members of this Department and Affiliated Persons

#### <Members of Department of Epilepsy, Movement Disorders and Physiology>

Professor: Akio Ikeda, M.D., Ph.D. (Aug. 2013 -) Associate Professor: Masao Matsuhashi, M.D., Ph.D. (Jun. 2018 -) Assistant Professor: Akihiro Shimotake, M.D., Ph.D. (Nov. 2016 - May 2019) Assistant Professor: Kiyohide Usami, M.D., Ph.D. (Apr. 2019 -) Secretary: Miki Watanabe Part-time scientist: Masako Daifu, M.D. (Jul. 2018 - Aug. 2018) Visiting Scientist: Tomoyuki Fumuro, Ph.D. (Dept. of Medical Technology and Sciences, School of Health Sciences at Fukuoka, International University of Health and Welfare) Morito Inouchi, M.D., Ph.D. (Dept. of Neurology, Kyoto Medical Center) Hirofumi Takeyama, M.D., Ph.D. (Dept. of Neurology, Otsu Red Cross Hospital) Research support personnel: Takeshi Inoue, M.D. (May 2016 – Mar. 2020. Dept. of Pediatric Neurology, Osaka city general hospital) Kei Sato, M.D. (Dept. of Neurology, Uji Hospital) Shunsuke Kajikawa, M.D. (Dept. of Neurology, Kyoto Medical Center)

#### <Affiliated members from Department of Neurology>

Associate Professor: Riki Matsumoto, M.D., Ph.D. (Aug. 2016 - Nov. 2018) Assistant Professor: Akihiro Shimotake, M.D., Ph.D. (Jun. 2019 -) Katsuya Kobayashi M.D., Ph.D. (Jan. 2016 - Aug. 2018, Sep. 2020 -) Medical staff: Shunichiro Neshige, M.D.(Apr. 2018 - Dec. 2018, from Department of Neurology, Hiroshima University) Masaya Togo, M.D., Ph.D. (Apr. 2019 - Mar. 2020) Masako Daifu, M.D. (Sep. 2020 -) Mayumi Otani, M.D. (Apr. 2021 -) Graduate Students (Doctoral course): Kazuaki Sato, M.D. (Apr. 2015 - Mar. 2019) Kosuke Tanioka, M.D. (Apr. 2015 - Mar. 2019) Masaya Togo, M.D. (Apr. 2015 - Mar. 2019) Mitsuhiro Sakamoto, M.D. (Apr. 2015 - Mar. 2019) Kazuki Oi, M.D. (Apr. 2017 -) Mayumi Otani, M.D. (Apr. 2017 -) Shunsuke Kajikawa, M.D. (Apr. 2017 -) Shamima Sultana, M.D. (Apr. 2017 – Mar. 2020) Tadashi Okada, M.D. (Apr. 2018 -) Miwa Takatani, M.D. (Apr. 2018 -) Maya Tojima, M.D. (Apr. 2018 -)

Masahiro Gotoh, M.D. (Apr. 2019 -) Kozue Hayashi, M.D. (Apr. 2019 -) Kyoko Hosokawa, M.D. (Apr. 2019 -) Haruka Ishibashi, M.D. (Apr. 2020 -) Yuki Kawamura, M.D. (Apr. 2020 -) Yu Tatsuoka, M.D. (Apr. 2020 -) Naoya Mimura, M.D. (Apr. 2020 -) Haruo Yamanaka, M.D. (Apr. 2020 -) Toshiya Takahashi, M.D. (Apr. 2021 -) Yu Tamura, M.D. (Apr. 2021 -) Eri Kikuchi (Apr. 2021 -)

#### EEG/Epilepsy fellowship:

Takeshi Tsukamoto, M.D. (Oct. 2018 - Mar. 2019 from Dept. Neurology, Shiga University of Medical Science)
Kaoru Yagita, M.D. (Jan. 2019 - Mar. 2019 from Tenri Hospital)
Kento Matoba, M.D. (Oct. 2019 - Dec. 2019 from Dept. of Neurology, Kobe University Graduate School of Medicine)
Yawara Nakamura, M.D. (Apr. 2020 - Sep. 2020 from Dept. of Neurosurgery, Ehime University Graduate School of Medicine)
Toshiyuki Nagai, M.D. (Apr. 2021 - Dept. of Neurology, Kitasato University Hospital)

Research student and undergraduate student:

Kei Sato, M.D. (Apr. 2018 - Mar. 2021, Dept of Neurology, Uji Hospital) Hiromi Kanasaki (Apr. 2018 - Mar. 2020, Clinical psychologist, National Hospital Organization Utano National Hospital) Shamima Sultana, M.D. (Apr. 2020 - May 2020 - with technical assistant) Aya Demura (Apr. 2020 -, Clinical laboratory technician, National Hospital Organization Utano National Hospital)

#### Medical assistant technician:

Saho Takasaki (Apr. 2017 - Mar. 2019, Dept. of Human Health Sciences) Kana Furuichi (Apr. 2017 - Mar. 2019, Dept. of Human Health Sciences) Asami Koyama (May 2019 - Mar. 2021, Dept. of Human Health Sciences) Mizuho Takeda (May 2019 - Mar. 2021, Dept. of Human Health Sciences) Yohei Yanagida (Apr. 2021 -, Dept. of Human Health Sciences) Aina Inagami (May 2021 -, Dept. of Human Health Sciences)

#### <Affiliated members>

#### Department of Neurosurgery

Associate Professor: Kazumichi Yoshida, M.D., Ph.D. Senior Lecturer: Takayuki Kikuchi, M.D., Ph.D. Assistant Professor: Yukihiro Yamao, M.D., Ph.D.

#### Department of Clinical Laboratory Medicine

Senior Lecturer: Takefumi Hitomi, M.D., Ph.D. Assistant Professor: Masayuki Honda, M.D., Ph.D.

#### Department of Respiratory Care and Sleep Control Medicine

Assistant Professor: Hirofumi Takeyama, M.D. Ph.D. (Apr. 2017 - Mar. 2021) Jumpei Togawa, M.D. (Apr. 2021 -)

## I. Outline

Members of this Department and Affiliated Persons as of Sep. 2019



# Activity report (June 2018-May 2021)

## **Research activities**

As a department founded on the Industry-Academia Collaboration Course, we collaborate with the industries that support us, tackling with missions to solve so-called "clinical questions", which have been raised in the daily clinical activities and have remained unsolved yet. By means of methodology used in systems neuroscience, we seek for bona-fide scientific knowledge to help develop clinical epilepsy. We participated in "Non-linear Neuro-oscillology: Towards Integrative Understanding of Human Nature" and "Understanding brain plasticity on body representations to promote their adaptive functions" in Interdisciplinary Area supported by MEXT and conduct many clinical and basic researches by established and newly developed various methods with other institutes including the hospitals that deal with neurological diseases other than epilepsy.

#### **KEY WORDS**

- General key words: anti-epileptic drug, epilepsy, glia, epilepsy surgery, higher cortical function (motor control, praxis, language, semantic cognition, vision, will), Bereitschaftspotential (BP), cortico-cortical network, movement disorders, sleep disorders, autoimmune epilepsy, wide-band EEG, migraine
- Unique key words: ictal DC shift, high frequency oscillation (HFO), cortico-cortical evoked potential (CCEP), cortical tremor, ictal apraxia, ictal paresis, cortical spreading depolarization (CSD), EEG-based precision medicine

#### 1) Joint study with Eisai Co. Ltd.

The following three research proposals were made in collaboration with Eisai Co. Ltd. under the remit of this course.

- (A) Analysis (observational study) of the therapeutic effect of perampanel in epileptic myoclonus and elucidation of the mechanism of its action.
- (B) Clinical-physiological study of the effect of perampanel on giant SEP, an epileptic biomarker.
- (C) Pathophysiology and treatment of migraine with aura: Detection of a clinical-physiological biomarker of this condition.

Research is ongoing in both cases as of June 2021, Outstanding results have been achieved with respect to A) and B), and a summary of these and their specific research results are described below.

#### Summary

In (A), we showed clinically that "a small dose of this drug is significantly effective in refractory cortical myoclonus," and the mechanism of the electrophysiological effect of perampanel obtained at the same time can be explained in terms of its temporal dispersion effect and suppression effect on paroxysmal depolarization shifts (PDS). This study was accepted for publication in Clinical Neurophysiology, and we clarified both the "theory and clinical data". https://doi.org/10.1016/j.clinph.2019.07.006

In (B), we showed for the first time that high-frequency oscillations (HFO) associated with giant SEP appear in benign adult-onset familial myoclonus epilepsy (BAFME), in a disease-specific manner. In pre- and post-perampanel treatment studies, giant SEP showed a decrease in amplitude and prolongation of latency, while HFO did not change significantly. This was a giant SEP, which is the PDS; in other words, a giant EPSP, which clearly reflects the pharmacological effect of perampanel. Meanwhile, once an HFO induced by PDS appears, it is stable, with no variation. This is quite consistent with the hypothesis that HFOs above 300 Hz reflect intracellular potential activity, i.e., action potential.

With regard to (C), after a thorough literature review and preparation of a study protocol were performed in the first year, this research was selected as an exploratory (budding) study in FY2020, entitled "New developments in migraines from a glial perspective: integrated analysis of slow EEG and functional MRI".

#### Study results

## (A) Analysis of therapeutic effect of perampanel in epileptic myoclonus (observational study) and elucidation of the mechanism of its action.

#### [Title]

Investigation of the clinical and electrophysiological effects of perampanel on refractory cortical myoclonus [Background and Objectives]

Perampanel (PER) has recently been reported to be useful for cortical myoclonus<sup>1–3)</sup>, but its mechanism of action and the electrophysiological changes associated with treatment remain unclear. Herein, we investigated the therapeutic effects and electrophysiological changes in patients with refractory cortical myoclonus. [Methods]

The study subjects were 18 patients with progressive myoclonus epilepsy and Lance-Adams syndrome (LAS) with refractory cortical myoclonus who attended Kyoto University Hospital and Takeda Hospital from 2016 to 2017, and later from 2017 to 2019 as a follow-up study. Before and after the initiation of treatment, questions on myoclonus and activities of daily life (ADL) were administered, somatosensory evoked potential (SEP) was performed, and adverse effects and PER blood levels were evaluated. The SEP test measured N20, P25, and N33 latencies as well as P25 and N33 amplitudes. The correlation between the myoclonus score, ADL score, and PER blood concentration, and the change in each component before and after treatment was examined. The dose and adverse effects were also examined.

#### [Result]

The subjects were 18 patients, comprising 10 males, average age  $48.4 \pm 16.2$  years. Of these, 7 were Unverricht-Lundborg disease (ULD) patients, 6 benign adult familial myoclonus epilepsy (BAFME) patients, 2 dentatorubralpallidoluysian atrophy (DRPLA) patients, One Gaucher disease patient and two LAS patients. During the observation period of 9.15  $\pm$  17.2 months, the mean PER dose was 3.2  $\pm$  2.1 mg/day, and the mean blood concentration was 234.3  $\pm$  168.0 ng/mL. The myoclonus score improved from 2.8  $\pm$  0.8  $\rightarrow$  1.8  $\pm$  0.8 (p<0.001), and the ADL score improved from 13.8  $\pm$  7.9  $\rightarrow$  10.2  $\pm$  6.7 (p<0.001). The amplitude drop of the giant SEP improved from 13.5  $\pm$  6.5  $\mu$  $V \rightarrow 9.1 \pm 4.5 \ \mu V$  (p<0.003) by P25, and from 21.2  $\pm 12.1 \ \mu V \rightarrow 14.4 \pm 7.1 \ \mu V$  (p=0.035 V) by N33, showing that all underwent significant improvements. The latent time was significant for N20 only, from 18.2  $\pm$  1.6 ms  $\rightarrow$  18.9  $\pm$  1.54 ms (p=0.007). The  $\triangle$  amplitude decrease and  $\triangle$  latent time prolongation correlated significantly on both sides at P25 (right: P=0.033,  $\rho$ =-0.71, Left: P=0.018,  $\rho$ =-0.76), suggesting the existence of temporal dispersion. In addition, delta latent time prolongation of P25 and N33 improved the ADL score (P25: p=0.019,  $\rho=0.75$ , N33: P=0.025,  $\rho=0.73$ ) and PER blood concentrations (P25: p=0.011, p=0.79, N33: p=0.025, p=0.73), respectively. Adverse effects were observed in 8/18 patients, but all were mild. In the subsequent follow-up investigations, the observation period after initiation of the PER treatment was 25.2  $\pm$  5.8 months, and the dose increased to an average of 3.3  $\pm$  2.2 mg/day. However, the mean blood concentration was relatively low at 335.7  $\pm$  229 ng/mL, and drug tolerance was high, without serious adverse effects or any discontinuations. The myoclonus score improved further from 2.8  $\pm$  0.8 to 1.4  $\pm$  0.6 (p<0.01), the improved state of ADL was maintained, and the amplitude drop and latent time prolongation of the giant SEP were similar.

#### [Discussion]

PER acts as a selective antagonist of the AMPA receptor on the postsynaptic membrane, and suppresses nerve cell hyperexcitation by blocking the inflow of  $Ca^{2+4,5}$ . This results in decreased inflammation of abnormal neuronal cells in the mechanism of paroxysmal depolarization shift (PDS), decreased amplitude, and prolonged latency time <sup>6</sup>.

The correlation between the prolongation of latency time of the P25 component involved in the primary motor field and clinical items suggests that PER acts to reduce the excitability of neuronal cells in the primary motor field <sup>7</sup>.

The additional investigation also suggests that the effects of suppressing the stimuli of the motor cortex reflected in clinical symptoms and electrophysiology are maintained over time, but further studies are required on whether PER gradually diminishes the stimuli of the motor cortex.

[Conclusion]

A small dose of PER was useful for refractory cortical myoclonus, improving clinical parameters, and decreasing the amplitude of giant SEP, without any serious adverse effects. The prolongation of latent time of the P25 component after treatment was correlated with the amplitude decrease and clinical parameters, suggesting that PER suppresses motor cortical excitability, and that SEP may acts as a biomarker for determining treatment efficacy in the future. [Articles and conference reports]

- 1) Oi et al. 51st Annual Congress of the Japan Epilepsy Society, 2017
- 2) Oi et al. 60th Annual Meeting of the Japanese Society of Neurology, 2018
- 3) Neshige et al. 12th Asian and Oceania Epilepsy Congress, 2018
- 4) Kobayashi et al. Keiji Nara Epilepsy Conference, 2018
- 5) Oi et al. 53rd Annual Congress of the Japan Epilepsy Society, 2019
- 6) Oi, K. and Neshige, S. et al. Low-dose perampanel improves refractory cortical myoclonus by the dispersed and suppressed paroxysmal depolarization shifts in the sensorimotor cortex. Clinical Neurophysiology. 2019;130: 1804-1812.

#### (B) Clinical-physiology study of the effect of perampanel on giant SEP, an epileptic biomarker

B-1)

#### [Title]

Biomarkers of benign adult-onset familial myoclonus epilepsy (BAFME): high-frequency oscillations (HFO) in giant somatosensory evoked potentials (giant SEP)

[Background and Objectives]

Benign adult familial myoclonus epilepsy (BAFME) is an autosomal dominant hereditary disease with a giant SEP<sup>1)</sup> containing the cortical components P25, N35 etc., as high amplitudes of the upper limb somatosensory evoked potential (SEP), which is one of the electrophysiological features of cortical reflective myoclonus. However, this has not been established as a clinically useful marker to allow differentiation from other cortical reflective myoclonus. Physiological and pathologically high frequency oscillations (HFO) are observed at SEP latent times of 20 ms and longer. However, the presence or absence and significance of the HFO that coexists with the P25 component of giant SEP (P25-HFO) have not been adequately investigated. We examined this feature, considering the possibility of its application as a biomarker of BAFME.

#### [Methods]

We retrospectively examined patients with cortical myoclonus who showed giant SEP<sup>4)</sup> in upper limb SEP examinations at Kyoto University Hospital from 2008 to 2018. The presence of P25-HFO was defined as a P25-HFO with an end latency time greater than 22 ms, and a baseline SD greater than  $\pm$  4 SD for at least 4 consecutive cycles (2 cycles) after using a 400-1000 Hz bandpass filter. We compared clinical information, SEP findings, and the presence or absence of P25-HFO between BAFME and other cortical myoclonus groups, and investigated factors involved in the presence or absence of P25-HFO. The diagnostic accuracy of each factor in diagnosing BAFME was also calculated. [Result]

The subjects were 49 patients, including 14 men, average age  $55.8 \pm 18.3$  years; 16 had BAFME, and 33 other cortical myoclonus. In the BAFME group, P25-HFO was observed in all the subjects, with a significantly lower starting age of involuntary exercise than other cortical myoclonus groups, and use of anti-epileptic drugs, SEP amplitude, SEP amplitude after filter, and incidence of P25-HFO were high (p=0.043, 0.0035, 0.0001, <0.0001, <0.0001).

In a comparison between the groups with and without P25-HFO, there were significantly more BAFME cases in the group with P25-HFO, and the P25 and N35 amplitudes were higher (p<0.0001, p=0.0003). Regarding the diagnostic accuracy of BAFME, P25-HFO was the highest (100% sensitivity, 87.9% specificity, 80.0% positive neutral, 100% negative neutral) compared to age at the start of involuntary movements, P25 amplitude, N35 amplitude, and the SEP amplitude after the filter.

#### [Discussion]

In BAFME, P25-HFO was observed in all cases. In previous reports investigating the presence or absence of HFO when the latent time of the upper limb giant SEP was 20 ms and beyond, HFO was not observed in mitochondrial disease<sup>5,6)</sup> or multisystem atrophy<sup>6)</sup>. However, HFO was observed in myoclonus epilepsy<sup>6-8)</sup> and Parkinsonism associated with Myoclonus<sup>6)</sup>. Our results suggest that it is possible that the previously reported myoclonus epilepsy with HFO was BAFME; the presence of P25-HFO is a highly suspicious finding for the diagnosis of BAFME, suggesting that the clinical diagnosis of BAFME may be more convenient than genetic testing. The difference in the incidence of P25-HFO in the present study suggests that the pathogenesis of giant SEP differs between BAFME and other cortical myoclonus, and further analysis of HFO may be useful in elucidating the pathogenesis of cortical myoclonus, including BAFME.

#### [Conclusion]

In the upper limb giant SEP, P25-HFO was observed and in particular, the incidence of BAFME was high. P25-HFO can be a useful biomarker for BAFME, and its analysis may be useful for elucidating the pathogenesis of cortical myoclonus. HFO analysis may be useful in elucidating the pathogenesis of cortical myoclonus.

#### [References]

- 1) Rothwell, et al. J Neurol Neurosurg Psychiatry. 1984;47:33-42.
- 2) Ozaki, et al. Clinical Neurophysiology. 2011;122:1908-1923.
- 3) Christian E, et al. Clinical Neurophysiology. 2016;127:2561-2569.
- 4) Ikeda, et al. Electroencephalogr Clin Neurophysiol. 1995;96:300-309.
- 5) Liepert, et al. Clinical Neurophysiology. 2001;112:917-922.
- 6) Alegre, et al. J Clin Neurophysiol. 2006;23:265-272.
- 7) Mochizuki, et al. Clinical Neurophysiology. 1999;110:185-191.
- 8) Mochizuki, et al. Neuroscience Research. 2003;46:485-492.

[Articles and conference reports]

- 1) Tojima, et al. 53rd Annual Congress of the Japan Epilepsy Society, 2019
- 2) Tojima, et al. 50th Annual Meeting of the Japanese Society of Clinical Neurophysiology, 2020
- 3) Tojima, et al. Movement Disorders. 2021;36:2335-2345.

#### B-2)

[Title]

Effects of perampanel in Unverricht-Lundborg disease: long-term evaluation over time using giant somatosensory evoked potentials

#### [Case report]

A 36-year-old woman, who had difficulty walking independently due to intractable myoclonus, showed marked improvement of myoclonus after starting perampanel (PER) treatment at the age 34, enabling her to stand up and walk a few steps independently.

The results of the somatosensory evoked potentials (SEP) based on left-right medial nerve stimulation that was performed temporally from the age of 23 years to 35 years were examined retrospectively. We found that before the PER treatment had started, the latent time of P25 was unchanged, but the amplitude increased. However, after PER was started, the latent time was prolonged for the first time while the amplitude was decreased.

The latent time and amplitude of P25 continued to prolong and decrease, respectively, over time, with increases in the dose of PER.

#### [Conclusion]

In a study expanding more than 10 years, giant SEP was clinically regarded as a paroxysmal depolarization shift (PDS), and PER was shown to cause temporal dispersion of PDS, and to have "dose-dependent" and "long-term persistent and potentiating" effects.

[Articles and conference reports]

- 1) Tojima et al. 37th Annual Meeting of the Japanese Society of Neurological Therapeutics, 2019
- 2) Tojima et al. 17th Asian Oseanian Congress of Neurology, 2021
- 3) Tojima et al. Clinical Neurophysiology. 2021;132:2329-2331.

Appendix: International Joint Study on Perampanel in Cortical Myoclonus

We have continued discussions with Eisai Co. Ltd. on the international joint study on the therapeutic effect of perampanel on cortical myoclonus in the Asia-Oceania region of ILAE as a collaborative research project since the year prior to the launch of this collaborative research laboratory. A new clinical research law that was enacted in April 2018 has made the conduct of prospective studies extremely difficult, and changed the method towards retrospective case accumulation studies; this has triggered significant modification of all protocols.

After consulting relevant countries in the Asia-Oceania region for retrospective case accumulation studies in the form of a questionnaire, and summarizing the cooperation status of each country by the March 2019 stage, it became evident that it was probably difficult to secure sufficient cases at this time, and that it would be necessary to review the cost-effectiveness of establishing a case registration system limited to cortical myoclonus.

Subsequently, in a meeting with Eisai Inc. on May 8, 2019, it was decided to launch a new Asia-Oceania registry study of epilepsy patients and to then proceed with a format to examine the therapeutic effect of perampanel on cortical myoclonus as part of that study.

This information was presented at the ILAE executive committee meeting on June 21 and the ILAE-Asia Oceania (formerly CAOA) business meeting on June 23 during the ILAE International Epilepsy Congress held in Bangkok from June 22, 2019. The content was approved in both meetings.

Subsequently, we discussed with Dr. Peter Bergin, who operates EpiNet (https://www.epinet.co.nz/), an epilepsy database that has already collected more than 10,000 cases mainly in New Zealand and Australia, how to build the database, and conducted a pilot operation from November 2020 to March 2021. As a result, it was decided that EpiNet would be joined by Kyoto University and ILAE-AO, with necessary modifications such as collection items, and that the registry study approved by the Research Task Force of ILAE-AO would be conducted on EpiNet. The results were reported to the ILAE Board of Directors on January 21, 2021, and approved by the ILAE-AO Board of Directors on May 29, 2021. Contract negotiations are currently underway.

This is expected to address the concerns raised by clinical research methods, and will further build a research base for solving not only the therapeutic effects of Perampanel on cortical myoclonus, but also the problems of clinical epilepsy in the Asia-Oceania region.

#### 2) Pathophysiology of medically intractable epilepsy and its treatment

#### a) Research for pathophysiology of intractable partial epilepsy

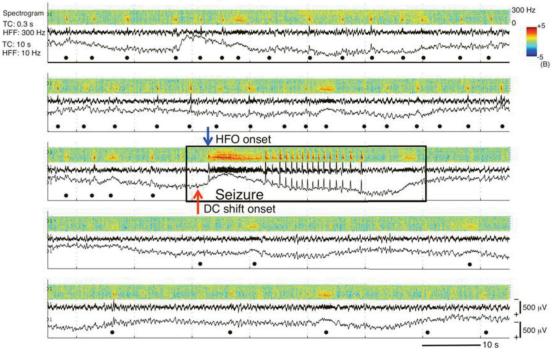
We retrospectively investigated how ictal DC shifts related to surgical outcome with 61 patients' data who had epileptic surgery in 5 institutes in Japan. We showed that the complete resection of ictal DC as well as ictal HFO contributes to favorable seizure outcome (Nakatani et al., accepted). Ictal DC shifts has been recorded by amplifier with time constant (TC) 10 sec. We analyzed that ictal DC shifts could be identified even with TC 2 sec. Furthermore, we performed cluster analysis and 2 patterns of ictal DC shifts were identified. One was a rapid development pattern, which tended to show the rapidly progressive ascending slope, and the other was a slow development pattern, which had an opposite tendency to rapid development pattern. (Kajikawa et al., 2022)

Our study about the histology of core area of ictal DC shifts revealed the downregulation of astrocytic inwardly rectifying potassium (Kir) 4.1 channel in FCD1 patients (3 out of 5 patients) (Kobayashi et al., 16th Asian Oceanian Congress of Neurology). Kir4.1 channels regulate extracellular potassium ion homeostasis. Dysfunction of Kir4.1 channel is reported to be involved in the generation of generalized tonic-clonic seizures. We showed that the antiepileptic drugs such as valproate elevate the astrocytic Kir4.1 channel expression in rats (Mukai et al., 2018). Moreover, we demonstrated that the down-regulation of Kir4.1 channels in astrocytes is involved in Lgi1 (Leucine-rich

glioma-inactivated 1) mutation-induced epileptogenesis, which is prevented by valproate (Kinboshi et al., 2019).

We reported the presence of co-occurrence of interictal slow and HFOs (IIS+HFO) and its temporal changes so as to elucidate its clinical usefulness as a surrogate marker of epileptogenic zone in a patient with intractable focal epilepsy (Inoue et al., 2019, Figure 1).

In patient with hypoxic encephalopathy, the activity of 0.08 to 0.5 Hz which can be measured with a time constant of 2 seconds was defined as short infraslow activity (SISA). We reported that SISA was superimposed on the burst phase of the burst-suppression pattern and was significantly associated with acute symptomatic seizures and myoclonus after cardiac arrest (Togo et al., 2018, Figure 2).



#### One of the core electrode of epileptogenecity

Figure 1: In the middle of figure (black rectangle), one seizure occurred where ictal active DC shifts was observed; ictal negative DC shifts occurred earlier than ictal HFOs. Before the seizure, red slow (co-occurrence of slow and HFO, black dot) was significantly frequent than after seizure (cited with modification from Inoue et al., 2019).

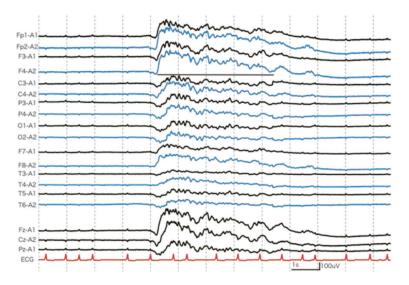


Figure 2: Short infraslow activity was more clearly delineated in the setting of time constant 2 seconds than time constant 0.3 second (cited with modification from Togo et al., 2018).

We recorded the CCEPs time-locked to the phase of spike (reflecting excitation) and post-spike slow (reflecting inhibition) in interictal epileptiform discharges. We proved that the excitability of the epileptic network was dynamically modulated according to the degree of underlying internal cortical excitability by different behavior of CCEPs depending on the timing of stimuli (Kobayashi et al., in preparation). The precise generator mechanisms of epileptic spasms (ES) remain elusive. Cortico-cortical and/or subcortical network has been considered to be responsible for the semiology of ES. Integrated neurophysiological findings revealed engagement of cortico-cortical and subcortical networks in a representative patient with ES.

#### b) Research for pathophysiology of various epilepsy syndromes and their treatment

Semantic dementia studies have shown that the anterior temporal lobe (ATL) is a key structure for semantic memory. For epilepsy surgery, the dominant ventral ATL is known as the basal temporal language area, which we have been investigating (Shimotake et al., 2016). The compensational mechanism after ATL resection remains elusive. To clarify postoperative compensational course of semantic memory, semantic tasks were performed before and after surgery in patients with dominant TLE. Dominant TLE patients preoperatively showed impaired semantic memory. ATL resection resulted in immediate decline of semantic function, which generally improved within 1 year (Ota et al., in preparation).

Responsive neurostimulation (RNS) is one of the neuromodulation therapies for patients with medically refractory epilepsy in the U.S.A., which has not been yet approved in Japan. We have revealed that stimulating at or around the sites showing large connectivity with other cortical regions in CCEP for the RNS therapy resulted in better seizure outcome (Kobayashi et al., in preparation, a study under Dr. Dileep R. Nair in Epilepsy Center, Cleveland Clinic, U.S.A.).

Some epilepsy syndrome are associated with gene abnormality. Benign adult familial myoclonus epilepsy (BAFME), a penta-nucleotide repeat disease characterized by cortical tremor and infrequent generalized seizures, is one of the examples. The relationship between the pathophysiology and electrophysiological findings in BAFME remains largely unknown. Our studies revealed that a) the abnormal repeat length is mildly correlated with the frequency of posterior dominant rhythm in EEG (Tojima et al., in preparation) and b) sleep is associated with the reduction of epileptiform discharges (Table 1. Hitomi et al., 2018) in BAFME patients. Besides, the nationwide questionnaire for neurologists and epileptologists in Japan revealed that BAFME patients were found diffusely without regional accumulation. The further

	Sleep staging (min)		Number of epileptiform discharges		Frequency of epileptiform discharges (number/min)	
	Awake	SI and II	Awake	SI and II	Awake	SI and II
Pt 1	40	19	81	0	2.03	0.00
Pt 2	22	39	8	0	0.36	0.00
Pt 3	42	28	33	3	0.78	0.11
Pt 4	27	6	84	0	3.16	0.00
Pt 5	26	4	7	0	0.27	0.00
Mean	31.3	19.2	42.6	0.6	1.3	0.02
SD	9.1	14.9	37.9	1.3	1.3	0.05
				*		
			*			*

Summary of the electroencephalography analysis.

SI and II: sleep stage I and II.

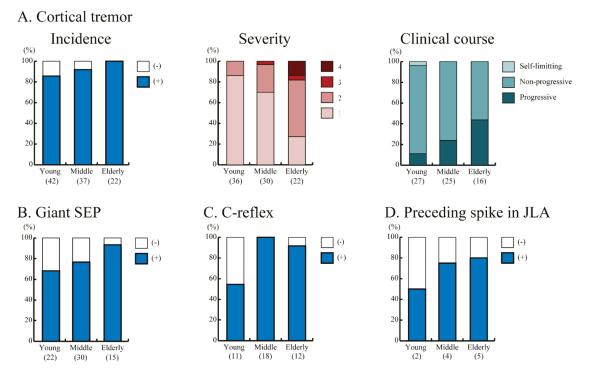
\* P < 0.05 (Wilcoxon signed rank test).

 Table 1: The frequency of epileptiform discharges significantly decreased during light sleep compared to the awake stages in patients with BAFME (cited from Hitomi et al., 2018).

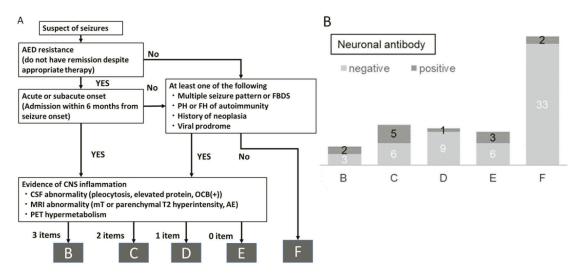
survey based on the detailed clinical information of about 100 BAFME patients clarified the pathophysiology of BAFME in Japan (Figure 3, Kobayashi et al., 2018).

The epilepsy syndrome of autoimmune etiology, namely, autoimmune epilepsy has attracted the attention in recent years, as was reflected in the new etiology of "immunity" in the Epilepsy Classification of the International League Against Epilepsy. However, no specific tests other than neuronal antibodies have been established. We examined the long term course (86-103 months) of anti-VGKC antibody positive autoimmune encephalitis, which causes autoimmune epilepsy. We measured the volume of the amygdala, hippocampus and the whole brain, demonstrating that 1) the amygdala body tends to be swollen even in the chronic phase, 2) the increase of the volume during the course can be a marker of relapse of inflammation, and 3) not only hippocampus but also cerebral atrophy will proceed unless adequate immunotherapy is performed (Honda et al., 31st International Congress of Clinical Neurophysiology). This study showed the neuroimaging is probably useful for the diagnosis of autoimmune epilepsy and preliminarily investigated its clinical utility (Sakamoto et al., 2018, Clinical Neurology).

We applied this algorithm to 70 patients who were suspected as having autoimmune epilepsy from clinical symptoms and laboratory findings in our institute. In this two-step algorithm, the patients were initially screened by clinical features and then evaluated by laboratory findings (neuronal antibodies, CSF, MRI, FDG-PET). In this preliminary investigation, it was suggested that two or more abnormal findings in the diagnostic tests (CSF, MRI, FDG-PET) favor the diagnosis of autoimmune epilepsy (Figure 4). Recruitment of the patient cohort with comprehensive neuronal antibody testing and multivariate analysis of laboratory findings is warranted for validation and modification of the proposed algorithm.



**Figure 3.** In the nationwide survey of 101 BAFME patients, the middle-aged and elderly groups showed a higher degree of cortical tremor, suggesting a progressive tendency for this symptom (A). In addition, the positive rates in electro-neurophysiological examinations suggesting cortical hyperexcitability were higher in the middle-aged and elderly groups than those in the young group (B-D) (modified from Kobayashi et al., 2018).



**Figure 4.** A: Algorithm for diagnosis of autoimmune epilepsy without evaluation of neuronal antibody. B: Patients in each category (B-F) of the proposed algorithm without considering the findings of neuronal antibody. Dark gray bar denotes patients with positive neuronal antibody findings, and light gray bar those with negative antibody findings. The figure in each bar denotes the number of patients. (Cited with modification from Figure 2 in Sakamoto, et al., 2017, Clinical Neurology)

# 3) Mapping higher functions/network and elucidating its functional alteration under pathological condition

In epilepsy surgery, it is important to map cortical functions to preserve eloquent cortices in addition to the localization of the epileptic focus. Therefore, we need to perform comprehensive 'system mapping' to help neurosurgeons to make strategy of surgery for individual patients. We have made vigorous attempts at developing various techniques for mapping higher cortical functions (e.g., language, motor control etc.) and their network for clinical application.

Functional neuroimaging tells us if specific brain regions are active during certain tasks, but activation by itself does not demonstrate the necessity of those areas. In contrast, electrical cortical stimulation, a gold standard method since mid-20th century, can delineate the cortex responsible for a particular task by making functional impairment. The functional interference is temporary ( $\sim$ 5 s), discretely focal ( $\sim$ 1 cm<sup>2</sup>), and in sharp contrast to chronic stroke lesions that are relatively large and usually associated with cortical plastic compensation.

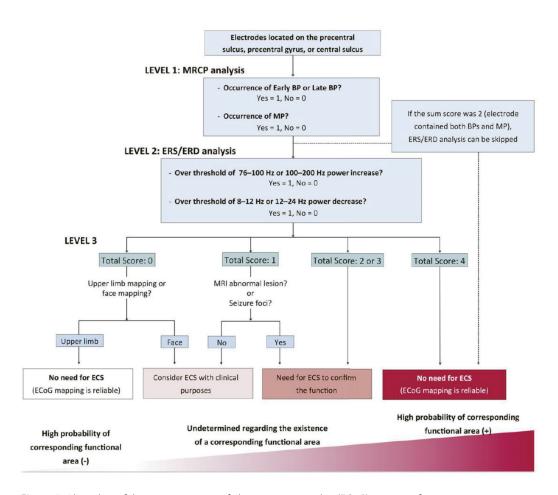
However, high frequency electrical stimulation often results in afterdischarges that delay functional mapping and harbor a risk of seizure induction. Recent technical advances have enabled us to record the cortical activities relevant to higher cortical functions with wideband EEG technology - from infraslow to high gamma activities. In our institute, in addition to the gold standard method of high frequency electrical stimulation, we perform comprehensive mapping of higher cortical functions by recording epicortical infraslow and high frequency oscillation/activity during motor or cognitive tasks.

We assessed the feasibility of multi-component electrocorticography (ECoG)-based mapping using 'wide-spectrum, intrinsic-brain activities for identifying the primary sensori-motor area (S1-M1) for non-stimulus, less invasive functional mapping strategy, alternative to electrical cortical stimulation (ECS). We evaluated 14 epilepsy patients with subdural electrodes implantation and performed multicomponent, ECoG-based mapping involving combined analyses of the single components: movement-related cortical potential (MRCP), event-related synchronization (ERS), and event-related de-synchronization (ERD) to identify the S1-M1. As conclusions, wide-spectrum, multi-component ECoG-based mapping is feasible, having high sensitivity/ specificity relative to ECS to identify the S1-M1 (Neshige et al., 2018). In addition to this, the ECoG score, assessed by slow cortical potentials and very fast frequency band augmentations related to motor area, can identify the M1with high sensitivity/ specificity and it is spatially concordant with ECS (Neshige et al., 2019) (Figure 5).

#### **III. Activity report** Research activities

We incorporate cortico-cortical evoked potentials (CCEPs) to probe inter-areal functional connectivity in order to perform 'system mapping'. CCEP is an in vivo electrical tract tracing method developed in Cleveland and Kyoto (Matsumoto et al., 2004). Single electrical stimulation (1 Hz) is applied to a part of the cortices and cortical evoked potentials, i.e., CCEPs, were recorded from adjacent and remote cortical activities through cortico-cortical connections. With this CCEP method, we can probe cortico-cortical networks involved in functional brain systems and seizure network in each individual patient. Furthermore, by gathering data of cortical functions and networks from many patients in various physiological and pathological states and analyzing them as a group, we attempt to feedback this valuable information into the system neuroscience by providing functional/connectivity references for non-invasive research.

We can also use induced evoked potential (CCEP) and high frequency activities (HFA) as a dynamic marker of cortical connectivity and excitability since it can "snapshot" the connectivity and excitability within 20-30 trials (< 1 min). We applied this method to awake and sleep cycle and found that cortical connectivity and excitability are different between wakefulness and non-REM (rapid eye movement) sleep. We analyzed CCEP-related HGA that are recorded from adjacent and remote cortical areas as a proxy of cortical excitability. We reported that the excitability changes across sleep stages and that the intensity of suppression that follows excitation was potentiated during non-REM sleep, with REM sleep being an intermediate state of wakefulness and non-REM sleep (Usami K, et al., 2015,



**Figure 5.** Algorithm of the scoring system of electrocorticographic (ECoG) mapping for primary motor cortex The first step in the flow chart started with assessing the score from the sum of movement-related cortical potential (MRCP)/event-related synchronization (ERS)/event-related desynchronization (ERD) components and dividing the scores into four subcategories. A total score of 4 indicates a high probability of brain function, suggesting no need for electrical cortical stimulation (ECS) (rule in), and when the score was 0 in the upper limb task, the function was presumed to be ruled out (ECS not needed). Hum Brain Mapp) and also reported that the suppression is attenuated during phasic REM, suggesting that cortical excitability transiently approaches wakefulness (Usami K, et al., 2017, SLEEP). To investigate the interaction of neural activity between whole brain network during awake and sleep, we applied SPES, which elicited corticocortical spectral responses at high-gamma frequencies (CCSR<sup>HG</sup>, 80-150Hz), by using event-related causality (ERC) analysis. We observed the greater propagation of activity from frontal to parietal lobe during slow-wave sleep, and decreased propagation within frontal lobe, but increased propagation within parietal lobe, during REM sleep. These suggest that wakefulness and sleep are associated with different patterns of propagation of neural activities across brain networks (Usami, et al., 2019, a collaborative study with Professor Nathan Crone, Department of Neurology, the Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine). By means of this method to calculate propagation of neural activities, we analyzed the brain activities during picture naming task. We observed that the difference of properties such as living or non-living affected the way information is processed in the posterior cortices (Usami K, et al., in submission). We also have been investigating the association between connectivity indexed by CCEP and ECS-related brain function or motor-related cortical potentials (MRCP) (collaboration with Professor Matsumoto, Division of Neurology, Kobe University).

We have demonstrated the central mechanisms and functional alteration under pathological condition relevant to i) the motor control (negative motor phenomena, praxis, reaching, conflict processing and response inhibition), ii) language (dorsal and ventral language networks with emphasis on semantic cognition) and iii ) visual functions (retinotopic mapping by functional MRI), combined with non-invasive evaluation (functional MRI, diffusion tractography, MEG, neuropsychology). Additionally, we are now tackling with decoding of complex neural signals during various tasks in cooperation with seasoned researchers in and out of the Kyoto University (the MRC Cognition & Brain Sciences Unit, University of Cambridge, Prof. Matthew Lambon-Ralph, NICT (National Institute of Information and Communications Technology), Dr Eiichi Naito. We, (A03 "the Direct Recording of Human Neural Oscillations", Prof. Ikeda as PI) engaged in the national research group of "Neuro-Oscillology" which was funded by Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research on Innovative Areas from the Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology (MEXT). We took part in the 'Embodied-Brain Systems Science' funded by another grant from MEXT (A03-4, Dr. Riki Matsumoto as PI), in order to reveal the motor control and the mechanism of body representations especially in the fronto-parietal network.

#### 4) Pathogenesis of movement disorders and its treatment

We have investigated movement disorders, mainly myoclonus and myoclonus epilepsy, by way of epidemiological, genetic and electrophysiological methods. BAFME (benign adult onset familial myoclonus epilepsy) has been investigated mainly in Japan and European countries for 20 years. The clinical pictures are as follows: i) adult onset, ii) autosomal dominant (unknown causative gene), iii) cortical (myoclonic) tremor (tremulous myoclonus), iv) infrequent generalized seizure, v) cortical reflex myoclonus disclosed by electrophysiological study. We have also been studying BAFME since it was first reported in 1990. As its name suggests, BAFME was considered to present no progression and good prognosis. However, cortical myoclonic tremor has been proved to worsen with aging. Recently, we demonstrated slow progression of the disease, based on the electrophysiological evidence. Namely, the amplitude of somatosensory evoked potential, reflecting the cortical excitability in the primary sensori-motor cortices, more exaggerated with aging in BAFME patients than normal volunteers. We also demonstrated clinical anticipation in BAFME, in which the onset of generalized seizure and cortical (myoclonic) tremor became earlier in the next generation. The anticipation in BAFME was more apparent in patients with maternal transmission. By comparing the EEG posterior dominant rhythms (PDRs) between patients with BAFME and age-matched control subjects, we showed mild diffuse encephalopathy in BAFME. The nationwide guestionnaire for neurologists and epileptologists in Japan revealed that BAFME patients were found diffusely without regional accumulation. The further survey based on the detailed clinical information of about 100 BAFME patients clarify the pathophysiology of BAFME in Japan (Kobayashi et al., 2018). Based on these findings, multi-institutional study supervised by Dr. Shoji Tsuji of Tokyo University revealed the causative gene of BAFME (Ishiura et al., 2018). By comparing awake and sleep EEG, epileptiform discharges were significantly more frequent during awake period than those during sleep, which indicated a

#### **III. Activity report** Research activities

reduction in cortical irritability during sleep period. Unverricht-Lundborg disease (ULD) showed a similar tendency, and thus BAFME and ULD may share a similar pathological mechanism of genesis of cortical irritability from the view point of vigilance change (Hitomi et al., 2018). Low-dose perampanel (PER) markedly improved myoclonus and ADL in patients with refractory cortical myoclonus. Our results suggest that SEP, particularly P25 latency, can be used as a potential biomarker for assessing the objective effects of PER on intractable cortical myoclonus (Oi et al., 2019). In BAFME patients, high frequency oscillations were superimposed on the giant components of somatosensory evoked potentials, and this electrophysiological feature was rarely seen in other cortical myoclonus patients, so we proposed as a new diagnostic method for BAFME (Tojima et al., 2021). By means of cortico-muscular coherence, we clarified that hyperexcitability of primary sensorimotor cortex and the subcortical structures such as basal ganglia and cerebellum would be involved in the generator mechanisms of cortical tremor in BAFME (in preparation). As the research of post-genome era in BAFME, we investigated the relationship among SEP parameters (latencies and amplitudes), aging and repeat length. We showed that SEP parameters were more affected by aging than repeat length (in preparation). (Maya Tojima, Kazuki Oi, Shuichiro Neshige, Katsuya Kobayashi, Takefumi Hitomi)

#### 5) Joint research with different and related fields

#### a) Analysis of epileptogenesis mechanisms and high-order brain function from mathematical models.

With the development of computer science, EEG data measured by digital electroencephalographs with multiple channels and wide bandwidth are being analyzed in various manners which go beyond mere observation, and are being applied for various purposes, such as epileptic focus retrieval, brain function mapping, and brain-machine interface. We work closely with researchers in this field in the basic and theoretical sciences, such as mathematics, informatics, science, and engineering. As the basis for this joint research, in the Non-linear Neuro-oscillology: Towards Integrative Understanding of Human Nature of the Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research on Innovative Areas of the Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology (MEXT), tools and waveform data are shared and analyzed among with joint researchers using a database. Meanwhile, the MEXT's Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research (B) program, "Glia and Neurons in Comprehensive Epileptic Networks of the Human Brain", which started in FY2019, aims to validate the mechanism of epileptic seizure onset, consisting of glia and neurons, using mathematical models, brain network models, and real data.

As an individual joint study, we are conducting power spectrum analysis, chaos time series analysis, and cluster analysis of DC shifts for cortical brain wave data during and before epileptic seizures in collaboration with Dr. Namiki of Hokkaido University, and Professor Tsuda of Chubu University. Together with Professor Keiichi Ueda of the University of Toyama, we are developing and validating a mathematical model of neurons, including glia, and providing theoretical considerations on the prevention and cessation of epileptic seizures. We are further collaborating with Professors Christophe Bernard and Victor Jirsa at the University of Aix-Marseille on epileptic disease model, and with Professor Keiichi Kitashiro at the Institute of Physiological Sciences on intracranial EEG data during epileptic seizures to study information transfer between frequencies. We are further collaborating with Prof. Aoyagi's group at the Faculty of Science, Kyoto University, and Prof. Kitano's group at Ritsumeikan University to elucidate the dynamics of brain activity during epileptic seizures by permutation entropy.

The following events were held to further develop cooperative relations between the two sides.

- October 24, 2018: AEEE Study Group (Pre-Congress of the 52nd Annual Congress of the Japan Epilepsy Society, Yokohama, Japan)
- June 11, 12, 2019: Mathematical Studies of Epilepsy (Research Meeting of the Institute for Mathematical Analysis, Prof. Namiki, Hokkaido University)
- October 30, 2019: 2nd AEEE Study Group Meeting (Pre-Congress of the 53rd Annual Congress of the Japan Epilepsy Society, Kobe, Japan)

#### b) Joint research on critical care EEG, CSD and brain pathology

Although studies in patients with refractory partial epilepsy have confirmed that infra-slow activity (ISA) is observed

in EEG tests, it is not clear whether this is also seen in acute brain disorders such as acute cerebral infarction, head trauma, and subarachnoid hemorrhage. However, ISA may be associated with pathological conditions including cortical spreading depolarization (CSD), which is thought to be involved in the pathogenesis of acute brain injury. We are collaborating with TMG Asaka Medical Center (Dr. Satoshi Egawa, Department of Neuro-ICU) to evaluate the neurophysiological significance of ISA in acute brain injury by examining the EEG (critical care EEG) recorded once or twice a month in the neuro-ICU. In collaboration with the Department of Neurosurgery, we are also studying the neurological symptoms and EEG abnormalities associated with abnormal perioperative cerebral perfusion in patients who have undergone revascularization surgery for cerebrovascular diseases.

#### 6) Collaborators

We have been collaborating closely with the Departments that officially support our department. Other collaborators are listed below.

[Overseas] Dr. Stéphanie Baulac, Ph.D. Affiliation: Institut du Cerveau et de la Moelle épinière (ICM), Epilepsy Unit Position: Research Director

Dr. Christophe Bernard, Ph.D.

Affiliation: INS - Institut de Neurosciences des Systèmes, UMR INSERM 1106, Aix-Marseille Université Position: Team leader

Prof. Marco Catani, M.D., Ph.D.

Affiliation: Natbrain lab, Department of Forensic and Neurodevelopmental Sciences, Institute of Psychiatry, King's College London

Position: Head of the Natbrainlab, Clinical Senior Lecturer and Honorary Consultant Psychiatrist

Prof. Nathan Earl Crone, M.D. Affiliation: Department of Neurology, Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine Position: Professor

Prof. Mattew A. Lambon-Ralph, FRCSLT (hons), FBPsS Affiliation: School of Social Sciences, Manchester Institute for Collaborative Research on Ageing, The University of Manchester

Position: Professor

Michel Le Van Quyen Affiliation: Institut du Cerveau et de la Moelle Epinière, Hôpital de la Pitié-Salpêtrière Position: Researcher

Dr. Dileep R. Nair, M.D. Affiliation: Epilepsy Center, Cleveland Clinic Position: The Section Head of Adult Epilepsy and Director of Intraoperative Neurophysiologic monitoring

#### **III. Activity report** Research activities

Dr. Marco de Curtis, M.D. Affiliation: Fondazione IRCCS Istituto Neurologico Carlo Besta Position: Head of Epileptology and Experimental Neurophysiology Unit, Head of Pre-clinical Neuroscience Laboratories

Dr. William Stacey, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Neurology, Department of Biomedical Engineering. University of Michigan Position: Associate Professor

[Domestic] Dr. Satoshi Egawa, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Neurointensive Care Unit, the TMG Asaka Medical Center. Position: Director

Koichi Fujiwara, Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Systems Science, Graduate School of Informatics, Kyoto University. Position: Assistant Professor \*\* As of June, 2021 Affiliation: Department of Materials Process Engineering, Nagoya University, Graduate School of Engineering Position: Associate Professor

Dr. Hiroyuki Ishiura, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Neurology, The University of Tokyo Hospital. Position: Senior Lecturer

Dr. Masaki Izumi, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Neurosurgery, Chiba Cerebral and Cardiovascular Center. Position: Chief Doctor

Dr. Masaaki Kato, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Musashino Kokubunji Clinic. Position: Hospital Director

Dr. Michi Kawamoto, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Neurology, Kobe City Medical Center General Hospital. Position: Director

Dr. Seiichiro Mine, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Neurosurgery, Epilepsy Center, Chiba Cerebral and Cardiovascular Center. Position: Center Director

Dr. Miho Miyajima, M.D. Affiliation: Department of Psychosomatic and Palliative Medicine, Tokyo Medical And Dental University, Medical Hospital Position: Assistant Professor Prof. Masatoshi Nakamura, Ph.D. Affiliation: Research Institute of Systems Control, Institute for Advanced Research and Education, Saga University Position: Emeritus Professor (deceased)

Prof. Shigeto Nishida, Ph.D.

Affiliation: Department of Information and Communication Engineering, Faculty of Information Engineering, Fukuoka Institute of Technology Position: Professor

Dr. Teiichi Onuma, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Musashino Kokubunji Clinic.

Position: Honorary Hospital Director

Prof. Yoshio Sakurai, Ph.D. Affiliation: Laboratory of Neural Information, Graduate School of Brain Science, Doshisha University. Position: Professor

Prof. Hiroshi Shibasaki, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Neurology, Kyoto University Graduate School of Medicine Position: Emeritus Professor

Prof. Takenao Sugi, Ph.D. Affiliation: Institute of Ocean Energy, Saga University. Position: Professor

Dr. Takao Takeshima, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Neurology, Headache Center, Tominaga Hospital. Position: Director

Dr. Yoshihisa Tatsuoka, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Tatsuoka Neurology Clinic. Position: Hospital Director

Dr. Masaya Togo, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Neurology, Kobe University Hospital. Position: Assistant Professor

Prof. Shoji Tsuji, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: International University of Health and Welfare. Position: Professor

Prof. Ikuko Yano, Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Pharmacokinetics and Pharmaceutics, Kobe University Graduate School of Medicine. Position: Professor

(Listed in the alphabetical order of their family names)

#### **III. Activity report** Research activities

Direct recording of the neural oscillation in human brain (Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research on Innovative Areas from the Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology, Japan: Non-linear Neuro-oscillology: Towards Integrative Understanding of Human Nature) Prof. Ichiro Tsuda, Ph.D. Affiliation: Chubu University Academy of Emerging Science. Position: Professor Dr. Keiichi Kitajo, Ph.D. Affiliation: Rhythm-based Brain Information Processing Unit, RIKEN Brain Science Institute. Position: Unit Leader Prof. Katsunori Kitano, Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Human and Computer Intelligence, Ritsumeikan University. Position: Professor Prof. Toshio Aoyagi, Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Applied Analysis and Complex Dynamical Systems, Kyoto University Graduate School of Informatics. Position: Professor Prof. Tatsuya Mima, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: The Graduate School of Core Ethics and Frontier Sciences, Ritsumeikan University. Position: Professor Prof. Hiroaki Wagatsuma, Ph.D. Affiliation: Graduate School of Life Science and Systems Engineering, Kyushu Institute of Technology. Position: Professor Prof. Katsuhiro Kobayashi, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Child Neurology, Okayama University Graduate School of Medicine. Position: Professor Prof. Takashi Nagamine, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Systems Neuroscience, Sapporo Medical University School of Medicine. Position: Professor Prof. Naoyuki Sato, Ph.D. Affiliation: School of Systems Information Science, Department of Complex and Intelligent Systems, Future University Hakodate. Position: Professor

Neural basis of human body representation: a direct electrocorticographic recording and stimulation study. (Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research on Innovative Areas from the Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology, Japan: Understanding brain plasticity on body representations to promote their adaptive functions ("Embodied-Brain")

Dr. Eiichi Naito, Ph.D. Affiliation: Center for Information and Neural Networks (CiNet), National Institute of Information and Communications Technology (NICT). Position: Research Manager

Prof. Hiroshi Imamizu, Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Intelligence Science and Technology, Graduate School of Informatics, University of Tokyo. Position: Professor

Dr. Takaki Maeda, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Neuropsychiatry, Keio University School of Medicine. Position: Senior Lecturer

# The elucidation of glial function in intractable epilepsy and standardization of clinical practice guidelines. (Japan Agency for Medical Research and Development (AMED): Practical Research Project for Rare Diseases)

Prof. Taketoshi Maehara, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Neurosurgery, Tokyo Medical and Dental University. Position: Professor

Prof. Akiyoshi Kakita, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Pathology, Brain Research Institute, Niigata University. Position: Professor

Prof. Yukihiro Ohno, Ph.D. Affiliation: Laboratory of Pharmacology, Osaka University of Pharmaceutical Sciences. Position: Professor

Dr. Masaki Iwasaki, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Neurosurgery, National Center Hospital, National Center of Neurology and Psychiatry. Position: Director

Dr. Hiroki Kitaura, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Pathology, Brain Research Institute, Niigata University. Position: Specially Appointed Associate Professor

Dr. Hiroshi Shirozu, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Neurosurgery, Hypothalamic Hamartoma Center, National Hospital Organization, Nishiniigata Chuo Hospital. Position: Center Director Dr. Yushi Inoue, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Clinical Research, Shizuoka Institute of Epilepsy and Neurological Disorders, National Epilepsy Center. Position: Honorary Hospital Director

Dr. Naotaka Usui, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Clinical Research, Shizuoka Institute of Epilepsy and Neurological Disorders, National Epilepsy Center. Position: Chief Doctor

The establishment of diagnostic criteria and treatment for post-stroke epilepsy patients. (AMED: Practical Research Project for Life-Style related Diseases including Cardiovascular Diseases and Diabetes Mellitus)

Dr. Masafumi Ihara, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Stroke and Cerebrovascular Diseases, National Cerebral and Cardiovascular Center. Position: Director

Dr. Tomotaka Tanaka, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Stroke and Cerebrovascular Diseases, National Cerebral and Cardiovascular Center. Position: Doctor

Dr. Kazuki Fukuma, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Stroke and Cerebrovascular Diseases, National Cerebral and Cardiovascular Center. Position: Doctor

#### Multicenter study "Prospective observational study in autoimmune epilepsy/limbic encephalitis."

Prof. Riki Matsumoto, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Neurology, Kobe University Hospital. Position: Professor

Dr. Norio Chihara, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Neurology, Kobe University Hospital. Position: Senior Lecturer

Dr. Atsushi Hara, M.D. Affiliation: Department of Neurology, Kobe University Hospital. Position: Postgraduate student

Prof. Klaus-Peter Wandinger, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Neuroimmunology, Institute of Clinical Chemistry, University Hospital Schleswig-Holstein. Position: Professor Dr. Frank Leipoldt, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Neuroimmunology, Institute of Clinical Chemistry, University Hospital Schleswig-Holstein. Position: Head of Neuroimmunology section

Prof. Koji Kawakami, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Pharmacoepidemiology, Graduate School of Medicine and Public Health. Position: Professor

Ikumi Yoshida, Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Pharmacoepidemiology, Graduate School of Medicine and Public Health. Position: Senior Lecturer

Toshiki Fukasawa, M.S. Affiliation: Department of Pharmacoepidemiology, Graduate School of Medicine and Public Health. Position: Assistant Professor

Dr. Kyoko Kanazawa, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Neurology, National Center Hospital, National Center of Neurology and Psychiatry. Position: Doctor

Dr. Yasukiyo Araki, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Clinical Research, Shizuoka Institute of Epilepsy and Neurological Disorders, National Epilepsy Center. Position: Doctor

Dr. Yoko Goji, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Neuropsychiatric Department, Aichi Medical University Hospital. Position: Senior Lecturer

Dr. Morito Inouchi, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Neurology, National Hospital Organization Kyoto Medical Center. Position: Director

Prof. Takayuiki Kondo, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Neurology, Kansai Medical University Medical Center. Position: Professor

Dr. Takahiro Mitsueda, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Neurology, Osaka City General Hospital. Position: Director

Dr. Hajime Yoshimura, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Neurology, Kobe City Medical Center General Hospital. Position: Chief Doctor

Prof. Hiroshi Shigeto, M.D., Ph.D. Affiliation: Division of Medical Technology, Department of Health Sciences, Graduate School of Medical Sciences, Kyushu University. Position: Professor

## **Educational activities**

#### 1) Offering the optimal education and research to Japanese and foreign physicians

#### EEG/Epilepsy fellowship

With great support by the Department of Neurology, we have set up the EEG/Epilepsy fellowship for training young neurologists, neurosurgeons, pediatricians, and psychiatrists. A total of twelve adult neurologists, one pediatric neurologist, four neurosurgeons, and one general medicine doctor have already completed this fellowship. Our education covers various fields of epileptology with a focus on clinical neurophysiology. We plan to welcome foreign young doctors for fellowship training as well.

Contents of the fellowship program are listed as follows;

- 1) Training of routine EEG reading (emergency EEG as well)
- 2) Analysis of the long-term video-EEG monitoring for diagnosis and presurgical evaluation
- 3) Clinical practice of adult epilepsy
- 4) Training of medical treatment with anti-seizure medication/anti-epileptic drugs

Japanese Society of Neurology has started domestic fellowship for neurophysiological examinations (EEG) since 2016. We have contributed to accept six doctors as this fellowship.

Graduates of EEG/Epilepsy fellowship Reiko Tsuda (June 2011 - Aug 2011) Takeshi Inoue (Apr 2013 - Mar 2016) Hajime Yoshimura (July 2015 - Sept 2015) Tsuyoshi Tsukada (Oct 2015 - Mar 2016) Daiki Fujii (Sept 2014 - Nov 2014, Feb 2016 - Mar 2017) Masayuki Honda (Apr 2016 - Mar 2018) Namiko Henmi (Oct 2016 - Mar 2019) Haruo Yamanaka (Jan 2017 - Mar 2017) Nobutaka Mukae (June 2017 - July 2017) Norihiro Muraoka (Oct 2017 - Mar 2018) Toshikazu Hamaguchi (May 2017 - Mar 2019) Tomoaki Taguchi (Apr 2018 - Jun 2018) Takashi Tsukamoto (Oct 2018 - Mar 2019) Kaoru Yagita (Jan 2019 - Mar 2019) Kento Matoba (Oct 2019 - Dec 2019) Yawara Nakamura (Apr 2020 - Sept 2020) Toshiyuki Nagai (July 2021 - Mar 2022) Kang Yugui (Sept 2021 - Dec 2021)

#### Intramural, multidisciplinary monthly case conference

In cooperation of the Departments of Neurology, Neurosurgery, Pediatrics, Diagnostic Radiology, Psychiatry, Rehabilitation, and Clinical Laboratory Medicine, and Human Brain Research Center, we have been holding the intramural, multidisciplinary monthly case conference for more than a decade. In the conference, we discuss the diagnosis and surgical indication of epilepsy patients for comprehensive epilepsy practice as a tertiary epilepsy special facility. The numbers of participants and the discussion cases are getting larger. As a training facility certified by Japan Epilepsy Society (JES), this conference is open for doctors outside the hospital to discuss their problem case or to obtain the credit to apply board examination of JES-certified epileptologist.

#### EEG conferences and so on

For our graduate students and EEG/Epilepsy fellows, we have been offering multifaceted educational and research trainings, such as EEG reading skills in EEG conferences twice a week, seeing outpatients and inpatients with staffs, and epilepsy/clinical neurophysiology researches. One EEG conference and research conference are held in English for training skills in English presentation. The other conference is held in Japanese and open for the in-hospital technicians and out-hospital doctors for providing them with training opportunities for the practical basic EEG reading skills (about 30-40 participants).

#### Specialist training

Our department has produced 23 board-certified epileptologists (JES) and 24 board-certified EEGers (JSCN) since 2013.

#### Extramural workshops

Regarding educational activities outside the institute, as the secretary office in general, we have organized the district EEG & EMG teaching course for the young doctors and technicians in Kansai (Kansai EEG & EMG workshop) every year since 2008. In 2015, we newly founded and organized the EEG seminar advanced course for the purpose of acquisition of specialized knowledge and reading skills in clinical EEG sponsored by the Japanese Society of Clinical Neurophysiology. We also have provided educational activities by complying the request of lectures nation-widely (please refer to the achievements for details). Staffs in our department regularly teach EEG reading and epileptology at the affiliated hospitals.

Educational seminars for industry-academia collaboration

The following is a list of seminars of at least one day per year dedicated exclusively to education, in which the lecturer team is planned to collaborate with our department.

1) Seminar Title: Industry-Academia Cooperative Educational Seminar: Kinki Adult Epilepsy Seminar

Dates: October 6, 2018; September 21, 2019; September 26, 2020 (web-based)

Co-sponsored by the Japanese Epilepsy Society Kinki Regional Meeting, UCB Japan K.K., Otsuka Pharmaceutical Co. Abstract: In view of the lack of educational opportunities for epilepsy care and EEG in the field of neurology in the Kinki region, an educational seminar on the basics of epilepsy care was held. The number of participants is as follows:

Specialty area	2018	2019	2020
Neurology	69	68	57
Neurosurgery	8	10	23
Psychiatry	16	2	10
Pediatrics	9	9	20
Resident	5		5
Internal medicine department		2	1
Clinical laboratory technicians and nurses			15
Total amount	107	91	131

Content covered in the program (25-40 minutes each)

Seizure symptom

Interview on the history of epilepsy Seizure video (partial seizure) Seizure video (generalized seizure) Epilepsy Case Study EEG interpretation Basics of EEG interpretation Actual EEG interpretation EEG Case Study

#### EEG/Epilepsy lecture series

We have been holding the intensive lecture series of the basics of EEG and epileptology for EEG/Epilepsy fellows and young doctors.

#### Joint program for the aim of the establishment of the epilepsy care and education center in Indonesia

As the industry-academia collaboration among Nihon Kohden Corporation, Eisai Co., Ltd., Kyoto University, and Tohoku University, we have been planning to help establish epilepsy medical care and education center for the 3 axes of treatment, human resource development, and research by improving epilepsy medical care in Indonesia. In January 2020, the team including Akio Ikeda and Masao Matsuhashi belonging to our department visited Jakarta and held a workshop with local neurologists and neurosurgeons. We shared the current status of epilepsy treatment with each other through academic exchanges.

#### 2) Offering medical staffs' education for caring of epilepsy patients

In the Kyoto University Hospital, we have offered education for epilepsy and related disorders to doctors and medical staffs. For the medical staffs in the Neurology clinic and ward, we hold comprehensive monthly lectures about pathophysiology of epilepsy, seizure semiology, and medical care of patients living with epilepsy.

#### 3) Providing patients, family and society with valuable information

We have responded to the request by the patients, family, and society in cooperation with Japan Epilepsy Association. For example, we have joined the lectures sponsored by Japan Epilepsy Association for the public, and also the continuing medical education lectures for physicians by Japan Medical Association.

#### 4) Education in the era of the COVID-19 pandemic

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, face-to-face education has been limited since early 2020. To overcome this difficulty, we have been continuing education using web conference systems. EEG/Epilepsy lectures have been recordedand provided for residents or fellows in our hospital as e-learning materials. We started to accept the doctors as virtual fellowship of the Japanese Society of Neurology.



Interdisciplinary monthly case conference



EMU EEG conference in English



EEG conference held in Japanese

# **Clinical activities**

#### 1) Outpatient Epilepsy Clinic. Promoting cooperation between hospitals and clinics for epilepsy care. Foundation of Integrated Epilepsy Care Support Center

As a team of specialists, we have made full efforts to provide the best care to patients suffering from epilepsy or movement disorders. Until recently, epilepsy has been recognized as a childhood-onset disease. However, with the advent of a super-aging society, epilepsy that develops in the middle-aged or elderly has become a current problem in Japan. In addition, the number of the hospitals and physicians that can offer the epilepsy care is not adequate. Moreover, it is unclear which department, neurology, neurosurgery, or psychiatry, is in charge for the adult epilepsy service. In order to offer the optimal epilepsy care, it is very important to establish the cooperation model among general physicians and epilepsy specialists for epilepsy care like that in European and North American countries. As a tertiary care institute for epilepsy in Kyoto, we have led cooperation among primary, secondary and tertiary facilities in the Kinki district (esp. in Kyoto-Shiga region) to provide a comprehensive epilepsy service with a dedicated team of neurologists, neurosurgeons, pediatricians and psychiatrists.

In 2019 and 2020, we saw about 1200 outpatients. About 250 patients were newly consulted from other hospitals and clinics in the Kinki district in 2019. 132 patients were newly consulted from other hospitals and clinics in the Kinki district in 2020. We promoted hospital-clinic cooperation by returning the referral patients to their local clinics and hospitals.

Epilepsy care and support center of Kyoto University Hospital was founded in November 2018 for the purpose of integrated support and care for the patients with epilepsy and promotion of epilepsy research. Integrated Epilepsy Care Support Center had the function not only within the institute, The center also promotes the hospital-clinic cooperation. In addition, approximately 30 kinds of brochures about the epilepsy and epilepsy care were uploaded in the homepage of the center. These brochures are open to the public, so that patients who did not visit our hospital could read the brochures. The Steering Committee of the Epilepsy Care Support Center is held regularly for the purpose of smoothly operating the Integrated Epilepsy Care Support Center.

In the fiscal years of 2019-2020, we participated in the research about the guideline to run core epilepsy centers for promoting the regional medical care cooperation system, supported by Health, Labor and Welfare Science Research Grant. Furthermore, our Kyoto University Hospital was certified as an integrated epilepsy special hospital by Japan Epilepsy Society. We will continue to collaborate with administration to more improve epilepsy care in Japan.

#### 2) Inpatient evaluation and treatment for epilepsy (including video-EEG monitoring)

Since 1991, we have been running the epilepsy monitoring unit (EMU) in the Neurology Ward for evaluation of patients with epilepsy. We now have two dedicated rooms for EMU, equipped with the digital video-EEG system.

By capturing seizures with simultaneous video and EEG recording, we can perform

- i) An accurate diagnosis of epilepsy: To determine whether the seizure is epileptic or non-epileptic, including movement or psychogenic disorders,
- ii) Identification of epileptic focus: To locate the epileptic focus for epilepsy surgery in patients with medically intractable epilepsy.

In 2019, we examined 52 patients in the EMU in 2019 and 37 patients in the EMU in 2020.

In addition, we provide patients with multidisciplinary studies for comprehensive evaluation, such as 3 tesla MRI, routine EEG, FDG-PET/SPECT, MEG and neuropsychological testing. Routine EEGs were performed in 1376 patients in 2019 and 1418 patients in 2020.

#### 3) Epilepsy Surgery

We have established an epilepsy surgery program with close collaboration with the Department of Neurosurgery since 1991. Since the first epilepsy surgery in 1992, we have performed more than 190 epilepsy surgeries, with the majority of patients having seizure freedom or substantial decrease of seizure leading to better QOL. We provide

each patient with the individually tailored surgery plan by incorporating the findings of the multimodal studies (see below) as well as the Wada test. The patients may proceed to the invasive presurgical evaluation with intracranial electrodes (subdural and/or depth electrodes) when the epileptic focus cannot be precisely localized (such as in cases with non-lesional MRI) or the focus is located at or around the functionally important areas such as motor or language cortices. In such cases, the patients undergo the first surgery for implantation of intracranial electrodes. After electrode implantation, the patients are evaluated for the epileptic focus (by recording seizures) and the functional cortical areas (by incorporating the state-of-art mapping techniques) for 1-2 weeks. Then, the patients undergo the second surgery for resection of the epileptic focus. The patients may undergo the awake brain surgery, where the patients wake up from anesthesia if necessary. Awake surgery has the advantage to evaluate the brain functions such as motor and language during resection and monitor the 'natural' epileptic spikes without any influence from anesthetics. Our team performed epilepsy surgery in 17 patients (including 4 patients underwent vagal nerve stimulation) in 2019, and 16 patients (including 5 patients underwent vagal nerve stimulation) in 2020.

#### 4) Examinations for epilepsy

As the tertiary care epilepsy facility, we provide patients with the state-of-arts studies for the evaluation of epilepsy. As the comprehensive epilepsy program in the national university hospital, we incorporate the leading techniques as clinical research studies (IRB approved) for the optimal presurgical evaluations.

- Electroencephalography (EEG)
- Magnetoencephalography (MEG)
- FDG-PET (18F-fluorodeoxyglucose positron emission tomography) SPECT (Single photon emission computed tomography) including ictal SPECT
- 3 tesla MRI
- functional MRI (fMRI)
- EEG-fMRI (simultaneous EEG and functional MRI recording)
- Neuropsychological testing (WAIS-III, WMS-R, WAB, semantic batteries and Kanji/Kana related tasks)
- invasive EEG monitoring with intracranial electrodes

Recently, autoimmune epilepsy is regarded as one of the important cause of epilepsy. Following tests are diagnostic for autoimmune epilepsy.

Cerebrospinal fluid / serum antibody test

#### 5) Development of novel treatments for epilepsy

- i) Interventional Neurophysiology: Recently, neurophysiology has been highlighted for its application to treatment of various neurological diseases. In our hospital, we apply a novel interventional neurophysiology method, neurofeedback treatment, to medically intractable patients in whom epilepsy surgery is not applicable. Patients train themselves to control the brain activity (by adjusting slow EEG potentials) to suppress epileptic seizure activity. Our preliminary study shows a good efficacy as comparable to that for the Vagus Nerve Stimulation.
- ii) Promoting the clinical trials for new anti-epileptic drugs.

#### 6) Diagnosis and treatment for movement disorders

It is also our mission to provide the optimal care for patients with movement disorders. We provide precise diagnosis using advanced diagnostic tools for better treatment of movement disorders such as tremor, myoclonus, dystonia and other involuntary movements.

The pathophysiology of movement disorders, however, is not fully understood. We have been investigating their pathophysiology and treatment in close collaboration with the Department of Neurology and Human Brain Research Center (HBRC).

#### 7) Simulation training of brain death determination

Since Organ Transplant Law went into force in 1997, we, in close collaboration with the affiliated departments, have been regularly practicing the course 'Simulation-based training in brain death determination'. In this course, we simulate the management about how and what to do when the donor is found and until organs are taken. The training is highly practical for those in charge of brain death determination in our hospital. We also participated in the first case of brain death determination of Kyoto University Hospital in close collaboration with many affiliated departments.

# Social activities on academic organization

#### Akio Ikeda

Board certified member of the Japanese Society of Neurology Board certified member of the Japan Epilepsy Society Board certified member of the American Board of Clinical Neurophysiology (ABCN) Board certified member of the Japanese Society of Internal Medicine Board certified member of the Japanese Society of Clinical Neurophysiology

#### MEMBERSHIPS OF ORGANIZATIONS:

Japan Epilepsy Society: President, international affairs committee (chair), clinical specialist accreditation committee, drug investigation affairs committee, membership and public relations affairs committee Japanese Society of Clinical Neurophysiology: council member, EEG seminar and advanced course committee (chair), Japan Neurology Society: council member, educational committee, medical care affairs committee, epilepsy guideline committee Japanese Society of Human Brain Mapping: council member Japanese Society of Neurotherapeutics: council member ILAE CAOA (Commission of Asian Oceanian Affairs): chair CAOA: co-chair of research task force committee, ASEPA EEG Certification Examination Board member ILAE: executive committee member Research priorities task force member, ILAE/AES translational task force of the neurobiology commission of the ILAE member American Clinical Neurophysiology Society (ACNS): FACNS (Councilor of American Clinical Neurophysiology), program committee, international relationship committee European Neurology Society: higher cortical function subcommittee

#### EDITORIAL BOARD:

- Epilepsia (associate editor)
- Epileptic Disorders (John Libbey)

Neurology and Clinical Neuroscience (NCN) (associate editor)

International Journal of Epilepsy (Indian Epilepsy Society English Journal)

Journal of Epilepsy Research (JER, Korean Epilepsy Society English Journal)

Rinsho Shinkeigaku (Clinical Neurology)

Japanese Journal of Clinical Neurophysiology (field editor)

Epilepsy & Seizure (JES, Tokyo)

Epilepsy (Medical Review)

#### Masao Matsuhashi

Board certified member of the Japanese Society of Internal Medicine Board certified member of the Japanese Society of Neurology Board certified member of the Japanese Society of Clinical Neurophysiology Japanese Society of Clinical Neurophysiology: Councilor Japan Biomagnetism and Bioelectromagnetics Society: Councilor Japan Consortium of Clinical MEG: Committee member

#### **Akihiro Shimotake**

Board certified member of the Japanese Society of Neurology Japan Epilepsy Society: Councilor Japanese Society of Clinical Neurophysiology: Committee member

#### Kiyohide Usami

Board certified member of the Japanese Society of Internal Medicine Fellow of the Japanese Society of Internal Medicine (FJSIM) Board certified member of the Japanese Society of Neurology Board certified member of the Japan Epilepsy Society Board certified member of the Japan Stroke Society

# Research grants obtained from extramural sources & awards

The ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology of Japan Grant-in-Aids for Scientific Research (KAKENHI)

Fiscal years 2015-2019 Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research on Innovative Areas (Non-linear Oscillology) Principal investigator: Akio Ikeda Subject number: 15H05874

Fiscal years 2019-2021 Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research (B) Principal investigator: Akio Ikeda Subject number: 19H03574

Fiscal years 2020-2022 Grant-in-Aid for Challenging Research (Exploratory) Principal investigator: Akio Ikeda Subject number: 20K21573

Fiscal years 2019-2021 Grant-in-Aid for Young Scientists (B) Principal investigator: Akihiro Shimotake Subject number: 19K17033

Fiscal years 2018-2019 Grant-in-Aid for Research Activity start-up Principal investigator: Kiyohide Usami Subject number: 18H06087, 19K21210

Fiscal years 2020-2022 Grant-in-Aid for Young Scientists (B) Principal investigator: Kiyohide Usami Subject number: 20K16492

Fiscal years 2019-2022 Grant-in-Aid for Young Scientists (B) Principal investigator: Kiyohide Usami Subject number: 19K17004

#### Health Labour Sciences Research Grant

Fiscal years 2017-2019 Principal investigator: Yushi Inoue Co-investigator: Akio Ikeda Subject number: H29-難治等 (難)-一般-010

#### **III. Activity report** Research grants obtained from extramural sources & awards

Fiscal years 2020-2022 Principal investigator: Yushi Inoue Co-investigator: Akio Ikeda Subject number: 20FC1039

Fiscal years 2019-2020 Principal investigator: Jin Yamamoto Co-investigator: Akio Ikeda Subject number: 19GC1301

#### Japan Agency for Medical Research and Development (AMED)

Fiscal years 2016-2018 Co-investigator: Akio Ikeda Subject number: 16ek0210057h0001, 17ek0210057h0003

#### Others

The Japan Epilepsy Research Foundation Research Grant Fiscal years 2017-2019 Principal investigator: Akihiro Shimotake

The Japan Epilepsy Research Foundation Research Grant Fiscal years 2021-2023 Principal investigator: Katsuya Kobayashi

The Fujiwara Memorial Research Foundation Research Grant Fiscal years 2021 Principal investigator: Katsuya Kobayashi

#### Awards

Mayumi Otani :

53<sup>rd</sup> Japan Epilepsy Society (Oct. 31- Nov. 2, 2019) English Presentation Award [English Session: Surgery] "Assessment of language tasks in electric cortical stimulation(ECS) for efficient functional mapping in epilepsy surgery"

Miwa Takatani:

53<sup>rd</sup> Japan Epilepsy Society (Oct. 31- Nov. 2, 2019) Kobe Portpier Award (English Poster Award) "Red slow detection in scalp-EEG by quantitative analysis based on visual analysis" Daisuke Yamada:

44<sup>th</sup> Epilepsy Surgery Society of Japan (Jan. 21, 2021)

Oral presentation award

"Clinical efficiency of intraoperative electrocorticogram in the awake state during epilepsy surgery"

Maya Tojima:

44<sup>th</sup> Epilepsy Surgery Society of Japan (Jan. 21, 2021)

Poster award

"Systematic analysis of candidates of epilepsy surgery: trial of 'Specific Consistency Score' with weighting"

7th AOCCN (Asian Oceanian Congress on Clinical Neurophysiology) (Jan.31-Feb.1, 2021)

E-poster award

"Origin Of Giant Somatosensory Evoked Potentials (SEPs) Using Principal Component Analysis: P25-HFOs Were Exclusively Seen In Benign Adult Familial Myoclonus Epilepsy (BAFME)"

2021 AOCN (Asian Oceanian Congress of Neurology) (Apr.1-4, 2021)

Oral Presentation Award (Silver Award)

"Markedly suppressed and prolonged giant SEPs by perampanel: a decade-long course in Unverricht-Lundborg disease"

Kozue Hayashi:

13th Asian&Oceanian Epilepsy Congress (virtual conference; Jun.10-13, 2021) Tadokoro Award 2021 "Slow and infraslow of scalp EEG is associated with transient neurological events (TNE) in Moyamoya disease"

# Publications and Congress Presentations (June 2018-May 2021)

# Publications

#### **Original articles**

#### (English articles)

- H. Ishiura, K. Doi, J. Mitsui, J. Yoshimura, M.K. Matsukawa, A. Fujiyama, Y. Toyoshima, A. Kakita, H. Takahashi, Y. Suzuki, S. Sugano, W. Qu, K. Ichikawa, H. Yurino, K. Higasa, S. Shibata, A. Mitsue, M. Tanaka, Y. Ichikawa, Y. Takahashi, H. Date, T. Matsukawa, J. Kanda, F.K. Nakamoto, M. Higashihara, K. Abe, R. Koike, M. Sasagawa, Y. Kuroha, N. Hasegawa, N. Kanesawa, T. Kondo, T. Hitomi, M. Tada, H. Takano, Y. Saito, K. Sanpei, O. Onodera, M. Nishizawa, M. Nakamura, T. Yasuda, Y. Sakiyama, M. Otsuka, A. Ueki, K.I. Kaida, J. Shimizu, R. Hanajima, T. Hayashi, Y. Terao, S. Inomata-Terada, M. Hamada, Y. Shirota, A. Kubota, Y. Ugawa, K. Koh, Y. Takiyama, N. Ohsawa-Yoshida, S. Ishiura, R. Yamasaki, A. Tamaoka, H. Akiyama, T. Otsuki, A. Sano, A. Ikeda, J. Goto, S. Morishita, and S. Tsuji: Expansions of intronic TTTCA and TTTTA repeats in benign adult familial myoclonic epilepsy. *Nat Genet* 2018, 50(4): 581-590.
- Takayuki Kikuchi, Yu Abekura, Daisuke Arai, Hiroyuki Ikeda, Takeshi Funaki, Akira Ishii, Kazumichi Yoshida, Yasushi Takagi, Susumu Miyamoto: A Treatment Strategy for Basilar Bifurcation Aneurysm Associated with Moyamoya Disease: A Case Successfully Treated by Combined STA-MCA Anastomosis and Stent-assisted Coil Embolization. Journal of Neuroendovascular Therapy 2018, 001-006.
- Chris G. Dulla, Damir Janigro, Premysl Jiruska, Joseph V. Raimondo, Akio Ikeda, Chou-Ching K. Lin, Howard P. Goodkin, Aristea S. Galanopoulou, Christophe Bernard, Marco de Curtis: How do we use in vitro models to understand epileptiform and ictal activity? A report of the TASK1-WG4 group of the ILAE/AES Joint Translational Task Force. *Epilepsia Open* 2018, 3: 460-473.
- 4. Ozlem Akman, Yogendra H. Raol, Stephane Auvin, Miguel A. Cortez, Hana Kubova, Marco de Curtis, Akio Ikeda, F. Edward Dudek, Aristea S. Galanopoulou: Methodologic recommendations and possible interpretations of video-EEG recordings in immature rodents used as experimental controls: A TASK1-WG2 report of the ILAE/AES Joint Translational Task Force. *Epilepsia Open* 2018, 3: 437-459.
- Takahiro Mukai, Masato Kinboshi, Yuki Nagao, Saki Shimizu, Asuka Ono, Yoshihisa Sakagami, Aoi Okuda, Megumi Fujimoto, Hidefumi Ito, Akio Ikeda, Yukihiro Ohno: Antiepileptic Drugs Elevate Astrocytic Kir4.1 Expression in the Rat Limbic Region. *Frontiers in Pharmacology* 2018, 9: 845.
- 6. Shinako Inaida, Kousuke Kanemoto, Shiro Tanaka, Yoko Gouji, Tomohiro Oshima, Riki Matsumoto, Akio Ikeda, Koji Kawakami: Psychogenic non-epileptic seizures in Japan: Trends in prevalence, delay in diagnosis, and frequency of hospital visits. *Epilepsy & Seizure* 2018, 10: 73-86.
- 7. Takefumi Hitomi, Morito Inouchi, Hirofumi Takeyama, Katsuya Kobayashi, Shamima Sultana, Takeshi Inoue, Yuko Nakayama, Akihiro Shimotake, Masao Matsuhashi, Riki Matsumoto, Kazuo Chin, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Sleep is associated with reduction of epileptiform discharges in benign adult familial myoclonus epilepsy. *Epilepsy & Behavior Case Reports* 2018, 11: 18-21.
- Masaya Togo, Takefumi Hitomi, Tomohiko Murai, Hajime Yoshimura, Masao Matsuhashi, Riki Matsumoto, Michi Kawamoto, Nobuo Kohara, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Short "Infraslow" Activity (SISA) With Burst Suppression in Acute Anoxic Encephalopathy: A Rare, Specific Ominous Sign With Acute Posthypoxic Myoclonus or Acute Symptomatic Seizures. *Journal of Clinical Neurophysiology* 2018, 35: 496-503.

- Hidemasa Matsuo, Tomohiro Handa, Michiko Tsuchiya, Takeshi Kubo, Akihiko Yoshizawa, Yuko Nakayama, Shuichi Shiga, Takefumi Hitomi, Souichi Adachi, Hiroshi Date, Toyohiro Hirai, Satoshi Ichiyama: Progressive Restrictive Ventilatory Impairment in Idiopathic Diffuse Pulmonary Ossification. *Internal Medicine* 2018, 57: 1631-1636.
- 10. Katsuya Kobayashi, Takefumi Hitomi, Riki Matsumoto, Masako Watanabe, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Nationwide survey in Japan endorsed diagnostic criteria of benign adult familial myoclonus epilepsy. *Seizure* 2018, 61: 14-22.
- 11. Hajime Yoshimura, Riki Matsumoto, Hiroyuki Ueda, Koichi Ariyoshi, Akio Ikeda, Ryosuke Takahashi, Nobuo Kohara: Status epilepticus in the elderly: Comparison with younger adults in a comprehensive community hospital. *Seizure* 2018, 61: 23-29.
- Aya Kanno, Rei Enatsu, Satoshi Ookawa, Shouhei Noshiro, Shunya Ohtaki, Kengo Suzuki, Yuto Suzuki, Rintaro Yokoyama, Satoko Ochi, Yukinori Akiyama, Takeshi Mikami, Takuro Nakae, Takayuki Kikuchi, Takeharu Kunieda, Susumu Miyamoto, Riki Matsumoto, Nobuhiro Mikuni: Interhemispheric Asymmetry of Network Connecting Between Frontal and Temporoparietal Cortices: A Corticocortical-Evoked Potential Study. *World Neurosurgery* 2018, 120: e628-e636.
- 13. Shuichiro Neshige, Masao Matsuhashi, Katsuya Kobayashi, Takeyo Sakurai, Akihiro Shimotake, Takefumi Hitomi, Takayuki Kikuchi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Takeharu Kunieda, Riki Matsumoto, Ryosuke Takahashi, Susumu Miyamoto, Hirofumi Maruyama, Masayasu Matsumoto, Akio Ikeda: Multi-component intrinsic brain activities as a safe alternative to cortical stimulation for sensori-motor mapping in neurosurgery. *Clinical Neurophysiology* 2018, 129: 2038-2048.
- Tomoyuki Fumuro, Masao Matsuhashi, Riki Matsumoto, Kiyohide Usami, Akihiro Shimotake, Takeharu Kunieda, Takayuki Kikuchi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Ryosuke Takahashi, Susumu Miyamoto, Akio Ikeda: Do scalp-recorded slow potentials during neuro-feedback training reflect the cortical activity? *Clinical Neurophysiology* 2018, 129: 1884-1890.
- 15. Byungin Lee for the Asian Status Epilepticus Survey Group: Treatment gap for convulsive status epilepticus in resource-poorcountries. *Epilepsia* 2018, 59 supple2: 135-139.
- Masato Kinboshi , Saki Shimizu, Tomoji Mashimo, Tadao Serikawa, Hidefumi Ito, Akio Ikeda, Ryosuke Takahashi, Yukihiro Ohno: Down-Regulation of Astrocytic Kir4.1 Channels during the Audiogenic Epileptogenesis in Leucine-Rich Glioma-Inactivated 1 (Lgi1) Mutant Rats. *International Journal of Molecular Sciences* 2019, 20: 001-015.
- 17. Kiyohide Usami, Griffin W Milsap, Anna Korzeniewska, Maxwell J Collard, Yujing Wang, Ronald P Lesser, William S Anderson, Nathan E Crone: Cortical Responses to Input From Distant Areas are Modulated by Local Spontaneous Alpha/Beta Oscillations. *Cerebral Cortex* 2019, 29: 777-787.
- Takeshi Inoue, Morito Inouchi, Masao Matsuhashi, Riki Matsumoto, Takefumi Hitomi, Masako Daifu-Kobayashi, Katsuya Kobayashi, Mitsuyoshi Nakatani, Kyoko Kanazawa, Akihiro Shimotake, Takayuki Kikuchi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Takeharu Kunieda, Susumu Miyamoto, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Interictal Slow and High-Frequency Oscillations: Is it an Epileptic Slow or Red Slow? *Journal of Clinical Neurophysiology* 2019, 36: 166-170.

#### Publications / IV. Publications and Congress Presentations

- Kiyohide Usami, Anna Korzeniewska, Riki Matsumoto, Katsuya Kobayashi, Takefumi Hitomi, Masao Matsuhashi, Takeharu Kunieda, Nobuhiro Mikuni, Takayuki Kikuchi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Susumu Miyamoto, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda, Nathan E. Crone: The neural tides of sleep and consciousness revealed by single-pulse electrical brain stimulation. *Sleep* 2019, 42: 1-9.
- 20. Masahiro Nagano, Katsuya Kobayashi, Mayumi Yamada-Otani, Akira Kuzuya, Riki Matsumoto, Jiro Oita, Makoto Yoneda, Akio Ikeda, Ryosuke Takahashi: Hashimoto's Encephalopathy Presenting with Smoldering Limbic Encephalitis. *Internal Medicine* 2019, 58: 1167-1172.
- 21. Shuichiro Neshige, Riki Matsumoto, Morito Inouchi, Katsuya Kobayashi, Akihiro Shimotake, Hirofumi Maruyama, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Absence of an Autonomic Sign Assists in the Diagnosis of Extratemporal Lobe Epilepsy Manifesting Generalized Convulsion with Retained Awareness. *Internal Medicine* 2019, 58: 1151-1155.
- 22. Shuichiro Neshige, Katsuya Kobayashi, Masao Matsuhashi, Takefumi Hitomi, Akihiro Shimotake, Takayuki Kikuchi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Takeharu Kunieda, Riki Matsumoto, Susumu Miyamoto, Ryosuke Takahashi, Hirofumi Maruyama, Akio Ikeda: A rational, multispectral mapping algorithm for primary motorcortex: A primary step before cortical stimulation. *Epilepsia* 2019, 60: 547-559.
- 23. Masaya Togo, Masako Kinoshita: Hepatic encephalopathy revisited: Beyond the triphasic waves. *Clinical Neurophysiology* 2019, 130: 408-409.
- 24. Jing-Jane Tsai, Akio Ikeda, Seung Bong Hong, Surachai Likasitwattanakul, Amitabh Dash: Efficacy, safety, and tolerability of perampanel in Asian and non-Asian patients with epilepsy. *Epilepsia* 2019, 60 supple1: 37-46.
- 25. Li F, Egawa N, Yoshimoto S, Mizutani H, Kobayashi K, Tachibana N, Takahashi R: Potential clinical applications and future prospect of wireless and mobile electroencephalography on the assessment of cognitive impairment. *Bioelectricity* 2019, 1: 105-112.
- 26. Takeyama T, Matsumoto R, Usami K, Nakae T, Kobayashi K, Shimotake A, Kikuchi T, Yoshida K, Kunieda T, Miyamoto S, Takahashi R, Ikeda A: Human entorhinal cortex electrical stimulation evoked short-latency potentials in the broad neocortical regions: Evidence from cortico-cortical evoked potential recordings. *Brain and Behavior* 2019, Sep;9(9): e01366.
- Nagano M, Ayaki T, Koita N, Kitano T, Nishikori M, Goda N, Minamiguchi S, Ikeda A, Takaori-Kondo A, Takahashi R: Recurrent primary central nervous system lymphoma (PCNSL) in a patient with clinical features of chronic lymphocytic inflammation with pontine perivascular enhancement responsive to steroids (CLIPPERS). *Internal Medicine* 2019, 58: 849-854.
- 28. Kazuki Oi, Shuichiro Neshige, Takefumi Hitomi, Katsuya Kobayashi, Masao Matsuhashi, Akihiro Shimotake, Daiki Fujii, Riki Matsumoto, Shuhei Kasama, Masutaro Kanda, Yoshiaki Wada, Hirofumi Maruyama, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Low-dose perampanel improves refractory cortical myoclonus by the dispersed and suppressed paroxysmal depolarization shifts in the sensorimotor cortex. *Clinical Neurophysiology* 2019, 130: 1804-1812.
- 29. Shuichiro Neshige, Katsuya Kobayashi, Masao Matsuhashi, Masaya Togo, Mitsuhiro Sakamoto, Akihiro Shimotake, Takefumi Hitomi, Takayuki Kikuchi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Takeharu Kunieda, Riki Matsumoto, Hirofumi Maruyama, Ryosuke Takahashi, Susumu Miyamoto, Akio Ikeda: A score to map the lateral non-primary motor area: multispectrum intrinsic brain activity vs. cortical stimulation. *Epilepsia* 2019, 60: 2294-2305.

- 30. Tomohiko Murai, Takefumi Hitomi, Masao Matsuhashi, Riki Matsumoto, Yuki Kawamura, Masutaro Kanda, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Scalp EEG Could Record Both Ictal Direct Current Shift and High-Frequency Oscillation Together Even With a Time Constant of 2 Seconds. *J Clin Neurophysiol* 2020, 37: 191-194.
- 31. Takuro Nakae, Riki Matsumoto, Takeharu Kunieda, Yoshiki Arakawa, Katsuya Kobayashi, Akihiro Shimotake, Yukihiro Yamao, Takayuki Kikuchi, Toshihiko Aso, Masao Matsuhashi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Akio Ikeda, Ryosuke Takahashi, Matthew A Lambon Ralph, Susumu Miyamoto: Connectivity Gradient in the Human Left Inferior Frontal Gyrus: Intraoperative Cortico-Cortical Evoked Potential Study. *Cereb Cortex* 2020, 30: 4633-4650.
- 32. Takeshi Inoue, Katsuya Kobayashi, Riki Matsumoto, Morito Inouchi, Masaya Togo, Jumpei Togawa, Kiyohide Usami, Akihiro Shimotake, Masao Matsuhashi, Takayuki Kikuchi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Hisashi Kawawaki, Nobukatsu Sawamoto, Takeharu Kunieda, Susumu Miyamoto, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Engagement of cortico-cortical and cortico-subcortical networks in a patient with epileptic spasms: An integrated neurophysiological study. *Clin Neurophysiol* 2020, 131: 2255-2264.
- 33. Mitsuyoshi Nakatani, Riki Matsumoto, Katsuya Kobayashi, Takefumi Hitomi, Morito Inouchi, Masao Matsuhashi, Masako Kinoshita, Takayuki Kikuchi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Takeharu Kunieda, Susumu Miyamoto, Ryosuke Takahashi, Nobutaka Hattori, Akio Ikeda: Electrical Cortical Stimulations Modulate Spike and Post-Spike Slow-Related High-Frequency Activities in Human Epileptic Foci. *Clin Neurophysiol* 2020, 131: 1741-1754.
- 34. Kenji Yoshinaga, Masao Matsuhashi, Tatsuya Mima, Hidenao Fukuyama, Ryosuke Takahashi, Takashi Hanakawa, Akio Ikeda: Comparison of Phase Synchronization Measures for Identifying Stimulus-Induced Functional Connectivity in Human Magnetoencephalographic and Simulated Data. *Front Neurosci* 2020, 14: 648.
- 35. Takao Namiki, Ichiro Tsuda, Satoru Tadokoro, Shunsuke Kajikawa, Takeharu Kunieda, Riki Matsumoto, Masao Matsuhashi, Akio Ikeda: Mathematical structures for epilepsy: High-frequency oscillation and interictal epileptic slow (red slow). *Neurosci Res* 2020, 156: 178-187.
- 36. Yukako Nakagami, Genichi Sugihara, Noriyuki Nakashima, Masaaki Hazama, Shuraku Son, Shuhe Ma, Riki Matsumoto, Toshiya Murai, Akio Ikeda, Kosaku Murakami: Anti-PDHA1 antibody is detected in a subset of patients with schizophrenia. *Sci Rep* 2020, 10: 7906.
- 37. Masato Kinboshi, Akio Ikeda, Yukihiro Ohno: Role of Astrocytic Inwardly Rectifying Potassium (Kir) 4.1 Channels in Epileptogenesis. *Front Neurol* 2020, 11: 626658.
- 38. Maria Luisa Saggio, Dakota Crisp, Jared M Scott, Philippa Karoly, Levin Kuhlmann, Mitsuyoshi Nakatani, Tomohiko Murai, Matthias Dümpelmann, Andreas Schulze-Bonhage, Akio Ikeda, Mark Cook, Stephen V Gliske, Jack Lin, Christophe Bernard, Viktor Jirsa, William C Stacey: A taxonomy of seizure dynamotypes. *eLife* 2020, 9: e55632.
- 39. Jong-Hyeon Seo, Ichiro Tsuda, Young Ju Lee, Akio Ikeda, Masao Matsuhashi, Riki Matsumoto, Takayuki Kikuchi, Hunseok Kang: Pattern Recognition in Epileptic EEG Signals via Dynamic Mode Decomposition. *Mathematics* 2020, 8: 481.
- 40. Akio Ikeda, Hirofumi Takeyama, Christophe Bernard, Mitsuyoshi Nakatani, Akihiro Shimotake, Masako Daifu, Masao Matsuhashi, Takayuki Kikuchi, Takeharu Kunieda, Riki Matsumoto, Tamaki Kobayashi, Kazuaki Sato: Active direct current (DC) shifts and "Red slow": two new concepts for seizure mechanisms and identification of the epileptogenic zone. *Neurosci Res* 2020, 156: 95-101.

- Takao Namiki, Ichiro Tsuda, Satoru Tadokoro, Shunsuke Kajikawa, Takeharu Kunieda, Riki Matsumoto, Masao Matsuhashi, Akio Ikeda: Mathematical Structures for Epilepsy: High-Frequency Oscillation and Interictal Epileptic Slow (Red Slow), *Neuroscience Research* 2020, 156: 178-187.
- 42. Masayuki Honda, Akihiro Shimotake, Takefumi Hitomi, Akira Kuzuya, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: "Eating, Laughing, and Tonic Seizing", that is a Laughter-induced Syncope in Elderly. *Neurology and Clinical Neuroscience* 2021, 9: 140-142.
- 43. Katsuya Kobayashi, Riki Matsumoto, Kiyohide Usami, Masao Matsuhashi, Akihiro Shimotake, Takayuki Kikuchi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Takeharu Kunieda, Susumu Miyamoto, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Cortico-cortical evoked potential by single-pulse electrical stimulation is a generally safe prcedure. *Clin Neurophysiol* 2021, 132: 1033-1040.
- 44. Kazuki Fukuma, Katsufumi Kajimoto, Tomotaka Tanaka, Shigetoshi Takaya, Katsuya Kobayashi, Akihiro Shimotake, Riki Matsumoto, Akio Ikeda, Kazunori Toyoda, Masafumi Ihara: Visualizing prolonged hyperperfusion in poststroke epilepsy using postictal subtraction SPECT. *J Cereb Blood Flow Metab* 2021, 41: 146-156.
- 45. Siming Chen, Satomi Yoshida, Riki Matsumoto, Akio Ikeda, Koji Kawakami: Prescription patterns of antiepileptic drugs for adult patients with newly diagnosed focal epilepsy from 2006 to 2017 in Japan. *Epilepsy Res* 2021, 169: 106503.
- 46. Taku Inada, Katsuya Kobayashi, Takayuki Kikuchi, Masao Matsuhashi, Riki Matsumoto, Yuki Takahashi, Takuro Nakae, Sumiya Shibata, Yukihiro Yamao, Masako Daifu, Jumpei Togawa, Kazumichi Yoshida, Takeharu Kunieda, Katsuhiro Kobayashi, Akio Ikeda, Susumu Miyamoto: Effects of a stable concentration of propofol upon interictal high-frequency oscillations in drug-resistant epilepsy. *Epileptic Disord* 2021, 23: 299-312.
- 47. Nancy Volkers, Samuel Wiebe, Ali Akbar Asadi-Pooya, Ganna Balagura, Patricia Gómez-Iglesias, Alla Guekht, Julie Hall, Akio Ikeda, Nathalie Jetté, Nirmeen A, Kishk, Peter Murphy, Emilio Perucca, Juan Carlos Pérez-Poveda, Emmanuel O Sanya, Eugen Trinka, Dong Zhou, J Helen Cross: The initial impact of the SARS-CoV-2 pandemic on epilepsy research. *Epilepsia Open* 2021, 6: 255-265.
- 48. Yukihiro Yamao, Takeharu Kunieda, Takuro Nakae, Sei Nishida, Rika Inano, Sumiya Shibata, Takayuki Kikuchi, Yoshiki Arakawa, Kazumichi Yoshida, Akio Ikeda, Susumu Miyamoto, Riki Matsumoto: Effect of propofol on cortico-cortical evoked potentials: findings of intraoperative dorsal language pathway monitoring. *Clin Neurophysiol* 2021, 132: 1919-1926.
- 49. J Helen Cross, Churl-Su Kwon, Ali Asadi-Pooya, Ganna Balagura, Patricia Gómez Iglesias, Alla Guekht, Julie Hall, Akio Ikeda, Nirmeen Kishk, Peter Murphy, Najib Kissani, Yahya Naji, Emilio Perucca, Juan Carlos Perez Poveda, Emanuel Sanya, Eugen Trinka, Dong Zhou, Samuel Wiebe, Nathalie Jette: Epilepsy care during the COVID-19 pandemic. *Epilepsia* 2021, 62: 2322-2332.
- Yujing Wang, Anna Korzeniewska, Kiyohide Usami, Alyssandra Valenzuela, Nathan E Crone: The Dynamics of Language Network Interactions in Lexical Selection: An Intracranial EEG Study. *Cereb Cortex* 2021, 31: 2058-2070.
- 51. Maya Tojima, Takefumi Hitomi, Masao Matsuhashi, Shuichiro Neshige, Kiyohide Usami, Kazuki Oi, Katsuya Kobayashi, Hirofumi Takeyama, Akihiro Shimotake, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: A Biomarker for Benign Adult Familial Myoclonus Epilepsy: High-Frequency Activities in Giant Somatosensory Evoked Potentials. *Mov Disord* 2021, 36: 2335-2345.

52. Shuichiro Neshige, Takefumi Hitomi, Maya Tojima, Kazuki Oi, Katsuya Kobayashi, Masao Matsuhashi, Akihiro Shimotake, Riki Matsumoto, Masutaro Kanda, Hirofumi Maruyama, Hiroyuki Ishiura, Shoji Tsuji, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: A role of aging in the progression of cortical excitability in BAFME type 1 patients. *Mov Disord* 2021, 36: 2446-2448.

#### (Japanese articles)

- 53. 谷岡洸介,人見健文,佐藤和明,音成秀一郎,塚田剛史,藤井大樹,井上岳司,吉村元,小林勝哉,下竹昭寛, 松本理器,髙橋良輔,池田昭夫:てんかん病診連携システムから見えるてんかん診療のニーズ〜大学病院てん かん専門外来でのサンプル調査〜. てんかん研究 2018, 35:684-692.
- 54. 稲田拓, 菊池隆幸, 小林勝哉, 中江卓郎, 西田誠, 高橋由紀, 小林環, 永井靖識, 松本直樹, 下竹昭寛, 山尾幸広, 吉田和道, 國枝武治, 松本理器, 池田昭夫, 宮本享: アンカーボルトを用いた定位的深部電極挿入術 (stereotactic EEG insertion)の初期経験-課題の抽出と挿入精度向上の検討. 脳神経外科 2018, 46:917-924.
- 55. 梶川駿介,小林勝哉,宇佐美清英,松本理器,池田昭夫,髙橋良輔:前知謬(promnesia)を呈した部分てん かん患者4例の特徴と特異度. 臨床神経学 2018, 58:513-516.
- 56. 坂本光弘,松本理器,十川純平,端祐一郎,武山博文,小林勝哉,下竹昭寛,近藤誉之,高橋良輔,池田昭 夫:自己免疫性てんかんにおける診断アルゴリズムの提唱とその有用性の予備的検討.臨床神経学 2018,58: 609-616.
- 57. 大井由貴,小林勝哉,人見健文,松本理器,池田昭夫,髙橋良輔:皮質ミオクローヌスと歩行恐怖症に低容量 ペランパネルが著効した Unverricht-Lundborg 病の1例.臨床神経学 2018, 58:622-625.
- 58. 田邉康人,平拓実,下竹昭寛,井上岳司,粟屋智就,加藤竹雄,葛谷聡,池田昭夫,髙橋良輔:思春期以降も てんかん発作と発作性運動誘発性舞踏アテトーゼが併存した PRRT2 (proline-rich transmembrane protein 2) 遺 伝子変異の一例. 臨床神経学 2019, 59:144-148.
- 59. 中谷光良,井内盛遠,大封昌子,十川純平,村井智彦,橋本聡華,稲次基希,白水洋史,金澤恭子,渡辺裕貴, 岩崎真樹,臼井直敬,井上有史,前原健寿,池田昭夫:難治部分てんかん患者の焦点検索における,発作時 DC 電位・ 発作時 HFO の記録および解析の手引きに向けて(多施設合同による解析手法). てんかん研究 2019, 37:38-50.
- 60. 邉見名見子, 音成秀一郎, 下竹昭寛, 大石明生, 滝和郎, 池田昭夫, 髙橋良輔: 難治左内側側頭葉てんかんに 対する左側頭葉切除術後に瞳孔異常と発汗障害の側方性が逆転した Ross 症候群の1例: 脳内ネットワークを介 した影響. 臨床神経学 2019, 59:646-651.
- 61. 吉村元,松本理器,池田昭夫,幸原伸夫:高齢者の意識障害の脳波:特集テーマ:脳波が主役:意識障害・神 経救急の診断学.臨床神経生理学 2019, 47-52.
- 62. 下竹昭寛, 松本理器, 人見健文, 池田昭夫:代謝性・中毒性脳症の脳波, 特集テーマ: 脳波が主役:意識障害・ 神経救急の診断学. 臨床神経生理学 2019, 40-46.
- 63. 十河正弥,井内盛遠,松本理器,澤本伸克,池田昭夫,高橋良輔:橋病変が脱力発作と半側顔面けいれん発作 に関与したと診断した難治てんかん発作の一例.臨床神経学 2020, 60:362-366.

- 64. 塚本剛士, 梶川駿介, 人見健文, 舟木健史, 漆谷真, 髙橋良輔, 池田昭夫:急性外傷性脳損傷後に時定数2 秒の頭皮上脳波で皮質拡散脱分極(cortical spreading depolarizations; CSD)が記録された1例. 臨床神経学 2020, 60:473-478.
- 65. 林梢, 井上岳司, 九鬼一郎, 碓井太雄, 池田昭夫, 神田益太郎: 神経調節性失神に伴うけいれん性失神 (convulsive syncope) と特発性全般てんかんに伴う全般強直間代発作 (convulsive seizure)の並存・移行と判断された1例. 臨床神経学 2020, 60: 627-630.
- 66. 千葉智哉, 邉見名見子, 音成秀一郎, 髙田和城, 池田昭夫, 髙橋良輔, 横江勝: 一過性てんかん性健忘の発作 時脳波記録: 非ヘルペス性辺縁系脳炎に出現した1例. 臨床神経学 2020, 60:446-451.
- 67. 齋藤和幸,大井和起,稲葉彰,小林正樹,池田昭夫,和田義明:長期経過で持続した Lance-Adams 症候群の重症ミオクローヌスにペランパネルが奏効した1例.臨床神経学 2021, 61:18-23.
- 68. 井上岳司,小林勝哉,宇佐美清英,下竹昭寛,井内盛遠,酒井達也,池田昭夫,高橋良輔:新規抗てんかん 薬での paradoxical effect:レベチラセタムによる発作抑制効果が U カーブを示した3例の検討.臨床神経学 2021, 61:247-252.
- 69. 真田悠希,梶川駿介,小林勝哉, 葛谷聡, 松本理器,池田昭夫,高橋良輔:発作時カタトニア(ictal catatonia) の一例:てんかん重積の稀な表現型. 臨床神経学 2021, 61:385-391.
- 70. 細川恭子,宇佐美清英,梶川駿介,下竹昭寛,立岡良久,池田昭夫,高橋良輔:体外離脱体験と多彩な視覚症 状を呈し,部分てんかん発作との鑑別を要した片頭痛患者の一例.臨床神経学 2021, 61:530-536.

#### Edited books & Book chapters

#### **(English articles)**

1. Ikeda A: Subdural EEG in frontal lobe epilepsy, In Invasive studies of the human epileptic brain, edited by Lhatoo S, Kahane P, Luders HO, Oxford Univerisity Press, pp312-325, 2019.

#### ⟨Japanese articles⟩

- 2. 金星匡人,大野行弘,池田昭夫:てんかん発症におけるイオンチャネルおよび受容体の機能異常,ペランパネルによるてんかん治療ストラテジー,加藤天美編,先端医学社,1-16,2018.
- 3. 十川純平,池田昭夫:てんかん,日常診療に活かす診療ガイドライン UP-TO-DATE 2018-2019改訂版,門脇孝, 小室一成,宮地良樹 監修 十河正弥,池田昭夫. 医薬品副作用学(第3版)上巻-薬剤の安全使用アップデートー. 日本臨牀. 2019;7:306-312.
- 4. 吉村元,池田昭夫:てんかん.猿田享男,北村惣一郎.私の治療2019-20年度版,日本医事新報社,東京, pp1568, 2019.
- 5. 行木孝夫,田所智,津田一郎,國枝武治,松橋眞生,松本理器,池田昭夫:てんかん脳波データと非線形時系列解析. 数理解析研究所講究録,京都大学数理解析研究所,京都,2019.
- 6. 人見健文,池田昭夫:ワイドバンド脳波:低周波成分の発生機構,記録・判読.日本臨床神経生理学会 EEG モノグラフ臨床脳波を基礎から学ぶ人のために,診断と治療社,東京,pp64-71,2019.

- 7. 中谷光良,井内盛遠,池田昭夫:ワイドバンド脳波:低周波成分の発生機構,記録・判読.日本臨床神経生理 学会 EEG モノグラフ臨床脳波を基礎から学ぶ人のために,診断と治療社,東京, pp239-248, 2019.
- 8. 池田昭夫, 稲垣真澄, 太田克也, 長田美智子, 志賀哲也, 入戸野宏, 原悦子, 平田幸一, 文室知之, 松橋眞生, 矢部博興:事象関連電位 (ERP). 日本臨床神経生理学会 誘発電位測定マニュアル 2019, 診断と治療社, 東京, pp71-86, 2019.
- 9. 武山博文,宇佐美清英,松本理器:抗てんかん薬. 脳科学辞典 (web), 2020.
- 10. 人見健文: BAFME の病態・遺伝子発見・今後の展望. neurodiem (web), 2020.
- 11. 人見健文:ミオクローヌス. 脳科学辞典 (web), 2020.
- 12. 池田昭夫編集: てんかん, 早わかり!診療アルゴリズムと病態別アトラス. 南江堂, 2020.
- 13. 池田昭夫:ミオクロニー発作. 今日の疾患辞典,株式会社プレシジョン, 2020 WEB 書籍.
- 14. 池田昭夫:進行性ミオクローヌスてんかん. 今日の疾患辞典,株式会社プレシジョン, 2020 WEB 書籍.
- 15. 池田 昭夫: てんかん重積. 今日の疾患辞典,株式会社プレシジョン,2020 WEB 書籍.
- 16. 音成秀一郎,池田昭夫:脳波判読オープンキャンパス:誰でも学べる7step. 診断と治療社, 2021.

#### **Review articles**

#### (Japanese review articles)

- 1. 中谷光良, 井内盛遠, 前原健寿, 池田昭夫:4) Wide-band EEG を用いた焦点診断ーグリアとニューロン両者からのアプローチ, 脳神経外科, 2018, 46(4), 339-353.
- 2. 松本理器,池田昭夫,宮本享:アンカーボルトを用いた定位的深部電極挿入術(stereotactic EEG insertion)の 初期経験-課題の抽出と挿入精度向上の検討-,脳神経外科,2018,46(10):917-924.
- 3. 松本理器,下竹昭寛,山尾幸広,菊池隆幸,國枝武治:てんかんの治療戦略:てんかん外科における言語機能 温存へ向けた試み,神経心理学,2018,34:124-134.
- 4. 宇佐美清英:最近のてんかんの薬物治療-とくに高齢者についての観点から-,老年精神医学雑誌,2018, 29:1063-1069.
- 5. 音成秀一郎,池田昭夫:総説1. 高齢者のてんかん,特集日常診療で増えてきた高齢者のてんかん, Geriat. Med, 2018, 56 (3):115-121.
- 6. 池田昭夫,小林勝哉:特集テーマ,変貌する専門医制度:神経治療を目指す医師のキャリアパス,日本てんかん学会,神経治療学,2018.
- 7. 池田昭夫:特集, てんかんをめぐる最近の話題, Bio Clinica, 2018, 33 (11).

8. 池田昭夫: てんかん地域診療連携体制整備事業1への取り組み, 波, 2019, 43:3-8.

- 9. 池田昭夫:ガイドラインに基づくてんかん診療, Clinician, 2019, 670:8-14.
- 10. 池田昭夫,人見健文,松橋眞生,音成秀一郎,十河正弥,梶川駿介:12回 AOEC 報告と,13回(2020年)の 日本での開催に向けて,Epilepsy, 2019, 13(1):41-16.
- 11. 濱口敏和,池田昭夫:抗てんかん薬と GABA 作性神経伝達,抑制性神経伝達物質-基礎と臨床,脳神経内科, 2019,90:369-373.
- 12. 飯田真太朗,池田昭夫:進行性ミオクローヌスてんかん,新薬と臨床.指定難病最前線,2019,93:77-81.
- 13. 北川泰久,池田昭夫,寺田清人,前原健寿,三牧正和:【座談会】てんかん診療の進歩と今後の課題,特集「てんかん診療の最前線」,日本医師会雑誌,2019,148:1685-1697.
- 14. 池田昭夫:III 個別の指定難病 神経・筋系 S132 80 カナバン病【指定難病307】, 指定難病ペディア 2019, 2019, 148:132.
- 15. 池田昭夫,人見健文,松橋眞生,音成秀一郎,十河正弥,梶川駿介: Epilepsy 12回 AOEC 報告と,13回(2020 年)の日本での開催に向けて,Epilepsy,2019,13:41-46.
- 16. 池田昭夫,赤松直樹,神一敬,岡明,高橋孝雄:結節性硬化症,一疾患の正しい理解と適切な診療連携・移行医療(ト ランジション)を目指して一,脳神経内科,2019,91:27-277.
- 17. 池田昭夫:辺縁系脳炎(自己免疫介在性脳炎)とてんかん,小児神経学の進歩,2019,48:107-120.
- 18. 武山博文,池田昭夫:高齢者のてんかんは,若年成人と異なる特徴がある知っておきたいことア・ラ・カルト, Medical Practice, 2019, 37:318-320.
- 19. 戸島麻耶,人見健文,池田昭夫:良性成人型家族性ミオクローヌスてんかんのミオクローヌスの起源,脳神経 内科, 2020, 93:291-297.
- 20. 高谷美和,大井和起, 邉見名見子,池田昭夫:てんかん患者での光くしゃみ反射:てんかん性の光過敏性との 異同は?,脳神経内科,2020,6:715-716.
- 梶川駿介,池田昭夫:難治性てんかんにおけるグリアの役割と wide-band EEG,脳神経内科, 2020, 93:447-455.
- 22. 池田昭夫, 松橋眞生: てんかんをめぐるアート –「てんかんをめぐるアート展: 作品集 (英語版)」より–, Epilepsy, 2020, 14:43926.
- 23. 大井和起,人見健文,池田昭夫:特集 興奮性アミノ酸の臨床精神薬理学,興奮性アミノ酸受容体を介した抗て んかん薬の作用メカニズム,臨床精神薬理,2020,23:799-809.
- 24. 人見健文,池田昭夫:わが国での脳波の遠隔診断, Epilepsy, 2020, 14:97-101.
- 25. 宇佐美清英,池田昭夫:てんかん 長期処方自体の薬物療法を支える薬剤師になるための慢性疾患治療薬の使い 分けと患者モニタリング,調剤と薬局, 2020, 244-249.

- 山内秀雄,池田昭夫:てんかん診療の多様性と均てん化,特集1てんかん診療連携の現状と課題,精神科,2020, 36(6):471-477.
- 27. 中谷光良,池田昭夫:グリア・ニューロンから見る,ヒト脳における部分てんかん発作の発振現象,増大特集脳の発振現象-基礎から臨床へ, BRAIN and NERVE, 2020, 72 (11): 1207-1221.
- 28. 行木孝夫,津田一郎,池田昭夫:研究集会「てんかんの数学的研究」開催報告, Epilepsy, 2020, 14:111-117.
- 29. 戸島麻耶, 小林勝哉, 池田昭夫: 2. 進行性ミオクローヌスてんかん, Prog Med, 2021, 41:115-121.
- 30. 松橋眞生,池田昭夫:てんかんの診断と治療における異分野連携の重要性, Medical Science Digest, 2021, 47: 246-249.
- 31. 武山博文,池田昭夫:高齢者てんかんの臨床的特徴,脳神経内科, 2021, 94:523-527.
- 32. 宇佐美清英:高齢者てんかんの治療,脳神経内科, 2021, 94:540-545.
- 33. 本多正幸,池田昭夫: Extreme delta brush (脳波像について), Epilepsy, 2021, 15:443-455.
- 34. 宇佐美清英:睡眠によるてんかん原性の変化-硬膜下電極記録における高周波数帯脳波活動の解析による検討-, 睡眠医療, 2021, 15:177-181.
- 35. 池田昭夫, 小林勝弘:特集にあたって, 臨床神経生理学, 2021, 49:139-140.

# Presentations

#### **Congress presentations**

#### Invited lectures and symposium etc.

#### International presentations

- 1. Akio Ikeda: How to predict good responders to vagus nerve stimulation, Beijing International Pediatric Epilepsy Forum (BIPEP) 2018 (2018/04/13-15, Beijing, China).
- 2. Akio Ikeda: Subdurally recorded HFO may represent extracellular or intercellular activity? SIG 1: Clinical and basic researches of EEG (Discussion on the researches of Basic and clinical EEG), 23rd Korean Epilepsy Congress (KEC2018) (2018/06/15-16, Seoul, Korea).
- 3. Akio Ikeda: Epilepsy, neuron and glia: Is it a paradigm shift?, Presidential symposium, Issues and advanced Technologies in Epilepsy, 23rd Korean Epilepsy Congress (KEC2018) (2018/06/15-16, Seoul, Korea).
- 4. Akio Ikeda: Generator mechanisms of antagonist of AMPA receptor Paroxysmal depolarization shifts (PDS) vs. AED Spotlight on Perampanel, Eisai Satellite Symposium, evolving landscape in management of epilepsy: experts perspective, the 12th Asian & Oceanian Epilepsy Congress (2018/06/28-07/01, Bali, Indonesia).
- 5. Akio Ikeda: Development of EEG services: the Japanese experience, CAOA Task Force Session, CAOA's global campaign task force session: improving availability and quality of EEG in the region, the 12th Asian & Oceanian Epilepsy Congress (2018/06/28-07/01, Bali, Indonesia).
- 6. Akio Ikeda: Biomarkers of epilepsy: What approaches do we have? EEG biomarkers for neuron and glia, the 12th Asian & Oceanian Epilepsy Congress (2018/06/28-07/01, Bali, Indonesia).
- 7. Akio Ikeda: CAOA's ongoing project Perampanel on cortical myoclonus, the 12th Asian & Oceanian Epilepsy Congress (2018/06/28-07/01, Bali, Indonesia).
- 8. Akio Ikeda: Neuron, glia, and epilepsy: Is it a paradigm shift?, Epilepsy Grand Rounds, University Hospitals, Neurological Institute, School of Medicine, Case Western Reserve University (2018/07/05, Cleveland, USA).
- 9. Akio Ikeda: Inflammation and epilepsy, 31st Annual Scientific Meeting of The Hong Kong Neurological Society (2018/11/03-04, Hong Kong, China).
- 10. Akio Ikeda: The role of EEG in adult epilepsy care, Teaching course 1-4, AOCN-ASEPA EEG Workshop16th Asian Oceanian Congress Of Neurology (2018/11/08-11, Seoul, Korea).
- 11. Akio Ikeda: What do different frequencies and other modalities tell us about MEG's ability to identify the extent of the epileptic zone?, American Epilepsy Society (AES) 2018 Annual Meeting (2018/11/30-12/04, New Orleans, USA).
- 12. Akio Ikeda: DC shifts are established tool or still research topic? Concurrent session: SIG, Wide-band EEG for epilepsy: established tool or research topic?, American Clinical Neurophysiology Society, 2019 Annual Meeting and Courses (2019/02/06-10, Las Vegas, USA).

- 13. Akio Ikeda: Paroxysmal depolarization shifts (PDS) vs. AED in clinical epilepsy, Unique effects of perampanel on giant SEPs, i.e., paroxysmal depolarization shifts (PDS), Pertinent investigation in epilepsy, 20th Joint conference of Indian Epilepsy Society (IES) and Indian Epilepsy Association (IEA) (2019/03/08-10, New Delhi, India).
- 14. Akio Ikeda: Slow EEG and HFO is long and new frontiers in clinical EEG: Ready for epilepsy and functional mapping? EEG course and workshop Organized by Subcommittee on Clinical Neurophysiology of the Hong Kong Neurological Society (2019/05/04-05, Hong Kong, China).
- 15. Akio Ikeda: Interpretation of epileptiform activities (focal, generalized and status epilepticus), EEG course and workshop Organized by Subcommittee on Clinical Neurophysiology of the Hong Kong Neurological Society (2019/05/04-05, Hong Kong, China).
- 16. Akio Ikeda: Active ictal DC shifts & red slow in epilepsy patients: Other slows among pathological DC brain potentials, International conference of cortical spreading depolarization (iCSD) (2019/7/1-3, Yokohama).
- 17. Akio Ikeda: Pharmaco-resistant epilepsy, How do we know the real focus? New approach by active ictal DC shifts and red slow, 5th Neuroepidemiology International Conference (2019/9/3-5, Cairo, Egypt).
- 18. Ikeda A: Intractable partial Epilepsy: How do we know the real focus? New approach by active ictal DC shifts and red slow, 8th CAAE (China Association Against Epilepsy) International Conference of Epilepsy (2019/10/18-20, Dingdao, China).
- 19. Ikeda A: Clinical, neurophysiological features & history of BAFME/FCMTE, International Conference on Familial Cortical Myoclonic Tremor With Epilepsy (FCMTE) and Repeat Expansion Diseases (2019/11/17-19, Hangzhou, China).
- 20. Akio Ikeda: EEG and electrophysiological monitoring: Basic and wide band EEG, 10th Advanced International Course of Clinical Epileptology (2020/8/17-28, web).
- 21. Akio Ikeda: Case discussion from Kyoto University Graduate School of Medicine, A dialogue across the Pacific Ocean on epilepsy cases in America and Asia, 6th Huaxia International Neurology Forum (2020/11/22, web).
- 22. Akio Ikeda: EEG and electrophysiological monitoring: Basic and wide band EEG, EPIC online (Indian Epilepsy Association) (2021/1/10, web).
- 23. Akio Ikeda: Infraslow, DC Shift and High Frequency Oscillations: Established Tool or Research Topic?, 7th Asian-Oseanian Congress on Clinical Neurophysiology (2021/1/30-2/1, web).
- 24. Akio Ikeda: Advances in EEG Analysis Wide-Band EEG, Dense-Array EEG and Quantitative EEG, 7th Asian-Oseanian Congress on Clinical Neurophysiology (2021/1/30-2/1, web).
- 25. Akio Ikeda: How to predict good responders to vagus nerve stimulation, Comprehensive Epilepsy Surgery Online Course Series-XI (2021/4/24, web).

#### **Domestic Presentations**

#### (English Presentations)

26. Akio Ikeda: Clinical EEG in 21st century: a research topic or tool?. 第48回日本臨床神経生理学会学術大会 (2018/11/08-10, 東京).

#### (Japanese Presentations)

- 27. 池田昭夫:グルタミン酸受容体拮抗薬の作用機序 基礎と臨床の translatability-PDS と抗てんかん薬~臨床の立場から~. 第60回日本小児神経学会学術集会(2018/05/31-06/02,千葉).
- 28. 松本理器:高齢者のてんかん. 第60回日本老年医学会学術集会(2018/06/14-16,京都).
- 29. 池田昭夫:急性発作性の運動異常症てんかん関連運動異常および PKC:てんかん発作との類似点と鑑別. 第12 回日本パーキンソン病・運動障害疾患コングレス(2018/07/05-07,京都).
- 30. 松本理器:非てんかん性異常・意識障害. 第4回脳波セミナーアドバンスコース(2018/08/04-05, 京都).
- 池田 昭夫: てんかんの分類と診断(池田昭夫)(他講演者分あり). 第7回サマーてんかんセミナー(2018/09/02, 東京).
- 32. 松本理器,小林環,下竹昭寛,吉田和道,矢野史朗,前田貴記,今水寛,池田昭夫:島皮質障害による運動主体感の動的変容:脳外科手術症例からの知見.身体性システム.脳内身体表現のモデル化からリハビリテーション.第36回日本ロボット学会(2018/09/05-08,愛知).
- 33. 池田昭夫: てんかん診療ガイドライン2018 改訂ポイント~高齢者てんかんを中心に. 第17回 南勢神経フォー ラム(2018/09/21,津).
- 34. 池田昭夫:てんかんの病歴聴取,病歴・発作症候の記載は,臨床神経生理学を定性的に言語化したもの.近畿 成人てんかんセミナー(2018/10/06,大阪).
- 35. 山尾幸広,松本理器,國枝武治,荒川芳輝,中江卓郎,菊池隆幸,吉田和道,池田昭夫,宮本享:術中言語白 質路モニタリングにおける皮質-皮質間誘発電位の麻酔の影響-言語機能保護を目指して-.日本脳神経外科 学会第77回学術総会(2018/10/10-12,仙台).
- 36. 松本理器:てんかん. 京都市委託事業 難病患者医療講演・相談会 (2018/10/14, 京都).
- 37. 宇佐美清英: Functional Brain Mapping by ECoG-Recent Development -ECoG による脳機能マッピングーこの1 年の動向-. 第52回日本てんかん学会学術集会(2018/10/25-27, 横浜).
- 池田昭夫:グルタミン酸と AMPA 受容体-基礎と臨床の translatability 発作原性, てんかん原性と PDS:臨床 的視点. 第52回日本てんかん学会学術集会(2018/10/25-27, 横浜).
- 39. 池田昭夫:生き生きとしたてんかん医療地域連携とてんかん診療拠点の役割 日本てんかん学会のミッション: てんかん診療の多様性に対しての均てん化への方策. 第52回日本てんかん学会学術集会(2018/10/25-27,横浜).
- 40. 松本理器,下竹昭寛,十河正弥,菊池隆幸,國枝武治,池田昭夫:皮質電気刺激による脳機能マッピング.第 48回日本臨床神経生理学会学術大会(2018/11/08-10,東京).

- 41. 山尾幸広,松本理器,國枝武治,荒川芳輝,中江卓郎,菊池隆幸,吉田和道,池田昭夫,宮本享:術中脳機能 モニタリング.第48回日本臨床神経生理学会学術大会(2018/11/08-10,東京).
- 42. 池田昭夫:診療ガイドライン2018に基づく, てんかんの診療と治療. 第20回ニューロトピックス21「てんかん」 (2018/11/13, 東京).
- 43. 池田昭夫: 一般診療における脳卒中とてんかんの鑑別診断. 第25回東播磨脳卒中フォーラム (2018/11/15,明石).
- 44. 松本理器:臨床システム神経科学によるヒト脳病態・高次機能の解明. 分子発生学セミナー (2019/02/25,大阪).
- 45. 池田昭夫: てんかん発作発現メカニズム-up to date グリア・ニューロンからみた発現メカニズム~電気生理学 的および臨床的アプローチ~. グルタメート カンファランス (2019/02/03, 東京).
- 46. 池田昭夫: てんかんと頭痛, てんかんと片頭痛の興奮性の違いは?. 第19回埼玉頭痛研究会学術研究会 (2019/02/15, さいたま).
- 47. 池田昭夫: てんかんの診断と治療の最近の話題. 日本神経治療学会, 第4回神経治療研修会プログラム (2019/04/14, 京都).
- 地田昭夫:てんかん臨床と脳波:エッセンシャル(基本的におさえておくべきコツ).てんかんプライマリーケア・セミナー in Chiba (2019/04/19,千葉).
- 49. 池田昭夫:21世紀のてんかんの診断と治療:てんかんは国民病.第81回大阪薬科大学 公開教育講座 くすり の作用と副作用~薬物治療における安全管理のために(43)(2019/05/19,大阪).
- 50. 池田昭夫:第16回生涯教育セミナー Hands-on「脳波」.第60回日本神経学会学術大会(2019/05/24,大阪).
- 51. 池田昭夫:21世紀のてんかんの診断と治療:てんかんは国民病.第37回日本神経治療学会年次集会(2019/11/05-07,東京).
- 52. 池田昭夫: Berger から始まる今日の脳波・脳磁図の研究・臨床と今後. Berger 講演2. 第49回日本臨床神経生 理学会(2019/11/28-30, 福島).
- 53. 池田昭夫: てんかん発作か発作性運動異常症か, それが問題だ. 第61回日本神経学会学術大会(2020/08/31-09/02, 岡山).
- 54. 人見健文, 髙橋良輔, 池田昭夫:3) 皮質性ミオクローヌスとミオクロニー発作:てんかん発作か運動異常症か. 教育コース 7 てんかん発作か発作性運動異常症か, それが問題だ. 第61回日本神経学会学術集会(2020/ 08/31-09/02, 岡山).
- 55. 池田昭夫: てんかん: 内科治療のトピックス, 抗発作薬から抗てんかん原性薬へ. 第79回日本脳神経外科学会総会(2020/10/15-17, 岡山(web)).
- 56. 宇佐美清英,細川恭子,竹島多賀夫,立岡良久,池田昭夫:片頭痛の病態生理研究の新展開 片頭痛の脳波研究: Back to the basic. 第50回日本臨床神経生理学会学術集会(2020/11/26-28,京都).
- 57. 人見健文,高橋良輔,池田昭夫:①易しく繙くデジタル脳波の利点(講義). 主催セミナー1 脳波ハンズオン. 第50回日本臨床神経生理学会学術集会(2020/11/26-28,京都).

- 58. 人見健文,小林勝哉,高橋良輔,池田昭夫:ミオクローヌスてんかん.アドバンスレクチャー 10. 第50回日 本臨床神経生理学会学術集会(2020/11/26-28,京都).
- 59. 池田昭夫: てんかん診療の進歩の多様化. 2020年度日本神経学会関東・甲信越地区生涯教育講演会 (2020/12/06, web).
- 60. 池田昭夫:日本のてんかん外科へのメッセージ:脳神経内科とILAEの視点から. 第44回日本てんかん外科学会(2021/01/20-21,新潟(web)).
- 61. 池田昭夫:集中治療のための急性期脳波モニタリングの基礎:難治てんかんの EMU モニタリングとの比較から. 第48回日本集中治療医学会学術集会(2021/02/12-14, web).
- 62. 池田昭夫:教育コース21 小児てんかん治療の留意点. 第62回日本神経学会学術大会(2021/05/19-22, 京都).

#### Oral and poster presentations

#### International presentations

- 1. Tomohiko Murai, Takefumi Hitomi, Riki Matsumoto, Yuki Kawamura, Masutaro Kanda, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Scalp-EEG could record both ictal DC shift and HFO even with time constant 2 sec: a case report, the 12th Asian&Oceanian Epilepsy Congress (2018/06/28-07/01, Bali, Indonesia).
- 2. Masaya Togo, Takefumi Hitomi, Tomohiko Murai, Hajime Yoshimura, Masao Matsuhashi, Riki Matsumoto, Michi Kawamoto, Nobuyuki Kohara, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Short "infraslow" activity with burst suppression in acute anoxic encephalopathy: a rare, specific ominous sign with acute post-hypoxic myoclonus or acute symptomatic seizure, the 12th Asian&Oceanian Epilepsy Congress (2018/06/28-07/01, Bali, Indonesia).
- Shuichiro Neshige, Kazuki Oi, Katsuya Kobayashi, Takefumi Hitomi, Akihiro Shimotake, Daiki Fujii, Riki Matsumoto, Shuhei Kasama, Masutaro Kanda, Yoshiaki Wada, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Clinico- electrophysiological impacts of small dosage of perampanel on patients with refractory cortical myoclonus: a case series study, the 12th Asian&Oceanian Epilepsy Congress (2018/06/28-07/01, Bali, Indonesia).
- 4. Shuichiro Neshige, Katsuya Kobayashi, Masao Matsuhashi, Akihiro Shimotake, Takefumi Hitomi, Takayuki Kikuchi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Takeharu Kunieda, Riki Matsumoto, Ryosuke Takahashi, Susumu Miyamoto, Hirofumi Maruyama, Akio Ikeda: Rational cortical mapping algorithm for epilepsy surgery: non-stimuli, multi-intrinsic brain activities without cortical stimulation, the 12th Asian&Oceanian Epilepsy Congress (2018/06/28-07/01, Bali, Indonesia).
- Takefumi Hitomi, Katsuya Kobayashi, Takeyo Sakurai, Tomohiko Murai, Shamima Sultana, Masako Kinoshita, Akihiro Shimotake, Riki Matsumoto, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: A homozygotic mutation with severe benign adult familial myoclonus epilepsy (BAFME), the 12th Asian&Oceanian Epilepsy Congress (2018/06/28-07/01, Bali, Indonesia).
- 6. Takefumi Hitomi, Katsuya Kobayashi, Shuichiro Neshige, Shamima Sultana, Kei Sato, Kosuke Tanioka, Akihiro Shimotake, Riki Matsmoto, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Temporal change of electroencephalogram in benign adult familial myoclonus epilepsy (BAFME), the 12th Asian&Oceanian Epilepsy Congress (2018/06/28-07/01, Bali, Indonesia).

- Shunsuke Kajikawa, Katsuya Kobayashi, Masako Daifu, Masao Matsuhashi, Takefumi Hitomi, Yukihiro Yamao, Takayuki Kikuchi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Takeharu Kunieda, Riki Matumoto, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Ictal direct current shifts can be intracranially recorded even with time constant 2 seconds, the 12th Asian&Oceanian Epilepsy Congress (2018/06/28-07/01, Bali, Indonesia).
- 8. Mitsuhiro Sakamoto, Riki Matsumoto, Junpei Togawa, Hirofumi Takeyama, Yuichiro Hashi, Katsuya Kobayashi, Akihiro Shimotake, Frank Leypoldt, Klaus- Peter Wandinger, Takayuki Kondo, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Revised diagnostic algorithm for autoimmune epilepsy without antibody testing: its proposal and validation with a retrospective cohort, 16th Asian Oceanian Congress Of Neurology (2018/11/08-11, Seoul, Korea).
- Tamaki Kobayashi, Riki Matsumoto, Akihiro Shimotake, Masaya Togo, Yoshiki Arakawa, Yukihiro Yamao, Takayuki Kikuchi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Akio Ikeda, Shiro Yano, Takaki Maeda, Hiroshi Imamizu, Susumu Miyamoto: The role of the insula in sense of agency: supportive data from neurosurgical cases, 16th Asian Oceanian Congress Of Neurology (2018/11/08-11, Seoul, Korea).
- 10. Katsuya Kobayashi, Riki Matsumoto, Kiyohide Usami, Akihiro Shimotake, Masao Matsuhashi, Yukihiro Yamao, Takayuki Kikuchi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Takeharu Kunieda, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Underlying excitability at the focus modulates network dynamics of seizure propagation: a single-pulse electrical stimulation study time-locked to spike and post-spike slow, American Epilepsy Society (AES) 2018 Annual Meeting (2018/11/30-12/04, New Orleans, USA).
- 11. Shunsuke Kajikawa, Masao Matsuhashi, Katsuya Kobayashi, Takefumi Hitomi, Masako Daifu, Yukihiro Yamao, Takayuki Kikuchi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Takeharu Kunieda, Takao Namiki, Ichiro Tsuda, Riki Matumoto, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Ictal direct current (DC) shifts can be classified with 2 patterns: Comparison of ictal DC shifts between time constant 10 sec and 2 sec: attempt of classification with cluster analysis, American Clinical Neurophysiology Society, 2019 Annual Meeting and Courses (2019/02/06-10, Las Vegas, USA).
- 12. Kazuki Oi, Shuichiro Neshige, Takefumi Hitomi, Katsuya Kobayashi, Maya Tojima, Masao Matsuhashi, Akihiro Shimotake, Daiki Fujii, Riki Matsumoto, Shuhei Kasama, Masutaro Kanda, Yoshiaki Wada, Hirofumi Maruyama, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: LOW-DOSE PERAMPANEL IMPROVES REFRACTORY CORTICAL MYOCLONUS BY THE DISPERSED AND SUPPRESSED PAROXYSMAL DEPOLARIZATION SHIFTS IN THE SENSORIMOTOR CORTEX. 7th Asian-Oseanian Congress on Clinical Neurophysiology (2021/01/30-02/01, web)
- 13. Maya Tojima, Masao Matsuhashi, Takefumi Hitomi, Kazuki Oi, Katsuya Kobayashi, Kiyohide Usami, Akihiro Shimotake, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Origin of giant somatosensory evoked potentials (SEPs) using principal component analysis: P25-HFOs were exclusively seen in benign adult familial myoclonus epilepsy (BAFME). 7th Asian-Oseanian Congress on Clinical Neurophysiology (2021/01/30-02/01, web)
- 14. Haruka Ishibashi, Kiyohide Usami, Shuichiro Neshige, Hirofumi Maruyama, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: How to identify posterior dominant rhythm among obscuring EMG artifacts in psychogenic non-epileptic seizures: Time-frequency analysis can help us. 17th Asian Oseanian Congress of Neurology (2021/04/01-04, Taipei, Taiwan (web))
- 15. Maya Tojima, Shuichiro Neshige, Takefumi Hitomi, Masao Matsuhashi, Kazuki Oi, Katsuya Kobayashi, Kiyohide Usami, Akihiro Shimotake, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Markedly suppressed and prolonged giant SEPs by perampanel: a decade-long course in Unverricht-Lundborg disease. 17th Asian Oseanian Congress of Neurology (2021/04/01-04, Taipei, Taiwan (web)).

#### **Domestic presentations**

#### (English Presentations)

- 16. Masaya Togo, Riki Matsumoto, Takuro Nakae, Hirofumi Takeyama, Katsuya Kobayashi, Kiyohide Usami, Akihiro Shimotake, Takayuki Kikuchi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Takeharu Kunieda, Susumu Miyamoto, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Human medial parietal cortices have distinct connectivity patterns: Evidence from standardized connectivity map using cortico-cortical evoked potential, 第41回日本神経科学大会 (2018/07/26-29, 神戸).
- 17. Shunsuke Kajikawa, Katsuya Kobayashi, Masako Daifu, Masao Matsuhashi, Takefumi Hitomi, Yukihiro Yamao, Takayuki Kikuchi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Takeharu Kunieda, Riki Matumoto, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Ictal direct current shifts with time constant (TC) 2 seconds and its comparison with TC 10 seconds: Invasive EEG data from intractable human epilepsy, 第41回日本神経科学大会 (2018/07/26-29, 神戸).
- 18. Makiko Ota, Akihiro Shimotake, Riki Matsumoto, Mitsuhiro Sakamoto, Masako Daifu, Takuro Nakae, Takayuki Kikuchi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Takeharu Kunieda, Susumu Miyamoto, Ryosuke Takahashi, Matthew Lambon-Ralph, Akio Ikeda: Compensation of semantic memory after dominant anterior temporal lobe resection in epilepsy surgery, 第41回日本神経科学大会 (2018/07/26-29, 神戸).
- 19. Akihiro Shimotake, Riki Matsumoto, Katsuya Kobayashi, Takayuki Kikuchi, Takeharu Kunieda, Susumu Miyamoto, Ryosuke Takahashi, Matthew Lambon-Ralph, Akio Ikeda: Visual and auditory semantic processing converges in the anterior temporal lobe, 第41回日本神経科学大会 (2018/07/26-29, 神戸).
- 20. Masako Daifu, Riki Matsumoto, Akihiro Shimotake, Makiko Ota, Mitsuhiro Sakamoto, Katsuya Kobayashi, Takayuki Kikuchi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Takeharu Kunieda, Ryosuke Takahashi, Matthew A. Lambon-Ralph, Akio Ikeda: Double dissociation of the semantic and phonological processing in reading Kanji and Kana words A quantitative low-intensity cortical stimulation study, 第41回日本神経科学大会 (2018/07/26-29, 神戸).
- 21. Akihiro Shimotake, Riki Matsumoto, Katsuya Kobayashi, Takayuki Kikuchi, Masao Matsuhashi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Takeharu Kunieda, Susumu Miyamoto, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Functional mapping of visual and auditory semantic processing in the anterior temporal lobe, 第52回日本てんかん学会学術集会(2018/10/25-27, 横浜).
- 22. Norihiro Muraoka, Riki Matsumoto, Katsuya Kobayashi, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: A case of focal epilepsy presenting the lower jaw, 第52回日本てんかん学会学術集会 (2018/10/25-27, 横浜).
- 23. Masayuki Honda, Riki Matsumoto, Akihiro Shimotake, Yuichiro Hashi, Mitsuhiro Sakamoto, Daiki Fujii, Katsuya Kobayashi, Takahiro Mitsueda, Akira Kuzuya, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Chronological volumetry of amygdala, hippocampus and whole brain and association with clinical course in patients with anti-voltage-gated potassium channel-complex antibodies associated limbic encephalitis (VGKC-LE), 第52回日本てんかん学 会学術集会 (2018/10/25-27, 横浜).
- 24. Shunsuke Kajikawa, Masao Matsuhashi, Katsuya Kobayashi, Takefumi Hitomi, Masako Daifu, Yukihiro Yamao, Takayuki Kikuchi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Takeharu Kunieda, Takao Namiki, Ichiro Tsuda, Riki Matsumoto, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Cluster analysis can help classify the ictal direct current (DC) shifts into 2 types, 第60回日 本神経学会学術集会 (2019/05/22-25, 大阪).
- 25. Miwa Takatani, Shuichiro Neshige, Masao Matsuhashi, Akihiro Shimotake, Takefumi Hitomi, Riki Matsumoto, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Epileptic slow in scalp EEG or red slow: a new concept in clinical EEG by means of wide-band EEG, 第60回日本神経学会学術大会 (2019/05/22-25, 大阪).

- 26. Maya Tojima, Shuichiro Neshige, Takefumi Hitomi, Kazuki Oi, Katsuya Kobayashi, Masao Matsuhashi, Akihiro Shimotake, Riki Matsumoto, Masutaro Kanda, Hiroyuki Ishiura, Shoji Tsuji, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Phenotype-genotype association in benign adult familial myoclonus epilepsy (BAFME): EEG findings vs. repeat length, 第60回日本神経学会学術大会 (2019/05/22-25, 大阪).
- 27. Takefumi Hitomi, Shuichiro Neshige, Maya Tojima, Katsuya Kobayashi, Kazuki Oi, Shamima Sultana, Akihiro Shimotake, Riki Matsumoto, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: No or little progression of EEG abnormality in genetically proven benign adult familial myoclonus epilepsy (BAFME), 第60回日本神経学会学術大会 (2019/05/22-25, 大阪).
- 28. Shunsuke Kajikawa, Riki Matsumoto, Katsuya Kobayashi, Masao Matsuhashi, Tadashi Okada, Mayumi Otani, Masaya Togo, Hirofumi Takeyama, Kiyohide Usami, Akihiro Shimotake, Yukihiro Yamao, Takayuki Kikuchi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Exogeneous input to the epileptic focus modulates high frequency activities at the site of stimulation: a direct single pulse stimulation study. 第43回日本神経科学大会 (2020/07/29-08/01, 神戸).
- 29. Kyoko Hosokawa, Kiyohide Usami, Masaya Togo, Takehumi Hitomi, Akihiro Shimotake, Masao Matsuhashi, Daisuke Danno, Takao Takeshima, Yoshihisa Tatsuoka, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Reappraisal of abnormal EEG in migraine by wide-band EEG: a pilot study. 第61回日本神経学会学術大会 (2020/08/31-09/02, 岡山).
- 30. Kozue Hayashi, Masaya Togo, Kiyohide Usami, Yukihiro Yamao, Akihiro Shimotake, Takefumi Hitomi, Takayuki Kikuchi, Masao Matsuhashi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Susumu Miyamoto, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: ISA is associated with transient cortical dysfunction and hyperperfusion in Moyamoya disease. 第61回日本神経学会学 術大会 (2020/08/31-09/02, 岡山).
- 31. Kiyohide Usami, Riki Matsumoto, Anna Korzeniewska, Akihiro Shimotake, Takuro Nakae, Masao Matsuhashi, Takayuki Kikuchi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Takeharu Kunieda, Ryosuke Takahashi, Nathan Crone, Matthew Lambon Ralph, Akio Ikeda: Neural processes during picture naming are lateralized and category-biased in occipitotemporal areas. 第61回日本神経学会学術大会 (2020/08/31-09/02, 岡山).
- 32. Miwa Takatani, Masao Matsuhashi, Shunsuke Kajikawa, Masaya Togo, Kiyohide Usami, Akihiro Shimotake, Takefumi Hitomi, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Red slow detection in scalp-EEG recorded from epileptogenic zone of temporal lobe epilepsy patients. 第61回日本神経学会学術大会 (2020/08/31-09/02, 岡山).
- 33. Katsuya Kobayashi, Kenneth Taylor, Balu Krishnan, Michael J. Mackow, Lauren Feldman, Andreas V. Alexopoulos, John C. Mosher, Richard M. Leahy, Akio Ikeda, Dileep R. Nair: A promising physiological guide before RNS therapy: cortical responses to electrical stimulation. 第62回日本神経学会学術大会 (2021/05/19-22, 京都).
- 34. Mayumi Otani, Riki Matsumoto, Akihiro Shimotake, Mitsuhiro Sakamoto, Takuro Nakae, Masao Matsuhashi, Takayuki Kikuchi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Takeharu Kunieda, Matthew A Lambon Ralph, Susumu Miyamoto, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Anatomo-functional correlation of language areas: principal component analysis of mapping findings. 第62回日本神経学会学術大会 (2021/05/19-22, 京都).
- 35. Shunsuke Kajikawa, Katsuya Kobayashi, Riki Matsumoto, Tadashi Okada, Mayumi Otani, Masaya Togo, Kiyohide Usami, Akihiro Shimotake, Masao Matsuhashi, Yukihiro Yamao, Takayuki Kikuchi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Direct, not network-mediated, electrical stimulation reduces excitability in the epileptic focus. 第62回日本神経学会学術大会 (2021/05/19-22, 京都).

- 36. Miwa Takatani, Masao Matsuhashi, Shunsuke Kajikawa, Kiyohide Usami, Akihiro Shimotake, Masako Daifu-Kobayashi, Takefumi Hitomi, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Focal delta slow wave with fast oscillations in scalp-EEG may represent epileptogenicity in epilepsy. 第62回日本神経学会学術大会 (2021/05/19-22, 京都).
- 37. Akihiro Shimotake, Riki Matsumoto, Katsuya Kobayashi, Kiyohide Usami, Takayuki Kikuchi, Masao Matsuhashi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Takeharu Kunieda, Susumu Miyamoto, Ryosuke Takahashi, Matthew Lambon-Ralph, Akio Ikeda: Functional mapping of semantic processing in the anterior temporal lobe. 第62回日本神経学会学術大会 (2021/05/19-22, 京都).
- 38. Maya Tojima, Atsushi Shima, Takefumi Hitomi, Tomohiko Murai, Hirofumi Takeyama, Katsuya Kobayashi, Kiyohide Usami, Akihiro Shimotake, Masao Matsuhashi, Nobukatsu Sawamoto, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Hypometabolism of cerebral cortex in progressive myoclonus epilepsy. 第62回日本神経学会学術大会 (2021/05/19-22, 京都).
- 39. Kiyohide Usami, Riki Matsumoto, Anna Korzeniewska, Akihiro Shimotake, Takuro Nakae, Masao Matsuhashi, Takayuki Kikuchi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Takeharu Kunieda, Ryosuke Takahashi, Nathan Crone, Akio Ikeda: Living or non-living at the early-stage in mesoscale network dynamics during visual recognition. 第62回日本神経学会学 術大会 (2021/05/19-22, 京都).
- 40. Takefumi Hitomi, Maya Tojima, Kazuki Oi, Shamima Sultana, Masayuki Honda, Hirofumi Takeyama, Katsuya Kobayashi, Akihiro Shimotake, Kiyohide Usami, Masao Matsuhashi, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: No or little progression of EEG abnormality in benign adult familial myoclonus epilepsy (BAFME). 第62回日本神経学会学術 大会 (2021/05/19-22, 京都).
- 41. Shunsuke Kajikawa, Masao Matsuhashi, Tamaki Kobayashi, Takao Namiki, Akio Ikeda: Pathophysiology of glias and neurons in epilepsy: Correlation between ictal DC shifts and pathology. 第62回日本神経学会学術大会 (2021/05/19-22, 京都).
- 42. Kyoko Hosokawa, Kiyohide Usami, Yu Tatsuoka, Masayuki Honda, Takehumi Hitomi, Akihiro Shimotake, Masao Matsuhashi, Daisuke Danno, Takao Takeshima, Yoshihisa Tatsuoka, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Reappraisal of abnormal EEG in migraine by wide-band digital EEG. 第62回日本神経学会学術大会 (2021/05/19-22, 京都).
- 43. Masako Daifu-Kobayashi, Masao Matsuhashi, Morito Inouchi, Katsuya Kobayashi, Akihiro Shimotake, Takefumi Hitomi, Takayuki Kikuchi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Takeharu Kunieda, Riki Matsumoto, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Red slow in epilepsy surgery: Interictal co-occurrence of slow and high frequency activity. 第62回日本神経学会 学術大会 (2021/05/19-22, 京都).
- 44. Kozue Hayashi, Kiyohide Usami, Masaya Togo, Yukihiro Yamao, Akihiro Shimotake, Takeshi Funaki, Takefumi Hitomi, Takayuki Kikuchi, Masao Matsuhashi, Kazumichi Yoshida, Susumu Miyamoto, Ryosuke Takahashi, Akio Ikeda: Slow and infraslow of scalp EEG is associated with transient neurological events in Moyamoya disease. 第 62回日本神経学会学術大会 (2021/05/19-22, 京都).

#### (Japanese Presentations)

- 45. 十河正弥,松本理器,下竹昭寛,小林環,菊池隆幸,吉田和道,國枝武治,宮本享,髙橋良輔,池田昭夫:「行 為」における陰性運動野の役割:高頻度皮質電気刺激を用いた検討.脳機能セミナー(2018/07/09,京都).
- 46. 梶川駿介,村井智彦,小林勝哉,人見健文,大封昌子,松橋眞生,山尾幸広,菊池隆幸,吉田和道,國枝武治, 松本理器,高橋良輔,池田昭夫: lctal DC shiftsの時定数10秒と2秒の頭蓋内脳波記録・表示の相違は,頭皮上 脳波でも反映されるか?. 第14回日本てんかん学会近畿地方会(2018/07/29,大阪).

- 47. 下竹昭寛,松本理器,太田真紀子,坂本光弘,中江卓郎,菊池隆幸,荒川芳輝,國枝武治,宮本享,高橋良輔, 池田昭夫:側頭葉腫瘍切除症例における意味認知機能の検討.第42回日本神経心理学会学術集会(2018/09/13-14,山形).
- 48. 戸島麻耶,人見健文,大井和起,濱口敏和,音成秀一郎,小林勝哉,下竹昭寛,松橋眞生,松本理器,高橋良輔, 池田昭夫:下肢症状を初発・主症状とした良性成人型家族性ミオクローヌスてんかん(BAFME)の3家系5例の 特徴.第52回日本てんかん学会学術集会(2018/10/25-27,横浜).
- 49. 梶川駿介,村井智彦,小林勝哉,人見健文,大封昌子,松橋眞生,山尾幸広,菊池隆幸,吉田和道,國枝武治, 松本理器,髙橋良輔,池田昭夫:頭蓋内脳波記録による lctal DC shifts の時定数10秒,2秒での比較および頭皮 上脳波での波形特性との関連.第52回日本てんかん学会学術集会(2018/10/25-27,横浜).
- 50. 音成秀一郎, 松橋眞生, 松本理器, 池田昭夫:広帯域皮質脳波を用いた運動関連皮質の脳機能マッピングのア ルゴリズム: てんかん外科の皮質電気刺激検査からの合理的発展の試み. 第52回日本てんかん学会学術集会 (2018/10/25-27, 横浜).
- 51. 菊池隆幸, 小林環, 永井靖識, 山尾幸広, 吉田和道, 小林勝哉, 下竹昭寛, 松本理器, 池田昭夫, 國枝武治, 宮本享: てんかんにおける覚醒下手術の役割. 第52回日本てんかん学会学術集会(2018/10/25-27, 横浜).
- 52. 人見健文, 音成秀一郎, 小林勝哉, 戸島麻耶, 大井和起, 下竹昭寛, 松橋眞生, 松本理器, 神田益太郎, 石浦浩之, 辻省次, 髙橋良輔, 池田昭夫: 良性成人型家族性ミオクローヌスてんかん(BAFME)における原因遺伝子のリピー ト数と神経生理学的所見の関係. 第52回日本てんかん学会学術集会(2018/10/25-27, 横浜).
- 53. 下竹昭寛, 松本理器, 小林勝哉, 菊池隆幸, 松橋眞生, 吉田和道, 國枝武治, 宮本享, 髙橋良輔, 池田昭夫: Functional mapping of visual and auditory semantic processing in the anterior temporal lobe. 第52回日本てん かん学会学術集会(2018/10/25-27, 横浜).
- 54. 伊藤陽祐,福多真史,麻生俊彦,増田浩,白水洋史,東島威史,井内盛遠,松本理器,藤井幸彦: 焦点切除術 を施行したてんかん患者の術前 EEG-fMRI の検討. 第52回日本てんかん学会学術集会(2018/10/25-27,横浜).
- 55. 十河正弥,松本理器,下竹昭寛,松橋眞生,小林環,菊池隆幸,吉田和道,國枝武治,宮本享,髙橋良輔,池田昭夫: 高頻度皮質電気刺激による高次運動障害の発現機構の検討:皮質刺激誘発反応と行動解析の包括的検討.第48 回日本臨床神経生理学会学術大会(2018/11/08-10,東京).
- 56. 尾谷-山田真弓,松本理器,下竹昭寛,坂本光弘,十河正弥,中江卓郎,武山博文,小林勝哉,宇佐美清英,松 橋眞生,山尾幸広,菊池隆幸:言語ネットワーク内における中核言語野の結合様式の検討.第48回日本臨床神 経生理学会学術大会(2018/11/08-10,東京).
- 57. 梶川駿介,松橋眞生,小林勝哉,人見健文,大封昌子,山尾幸広,菊池隆幸,吉田和道,國枝武治,行木孝夫, 津田一郎,松本理器,髙橋良輔,池田昭夫:発作時直流緩電位(Ictal DC shifts)の類型化の試み:時定数10秒 と2秒の比較とクラスター解析の試み.第48回日本臨床神経生理学会学術大会(2018/11/08-10,東京).
- 58. 人見健文,小林勝哉,音成秀一郎,高橋良輔,池田昭夫:良性成人型家族性ミオクローヌスてんかん(BAFME). 第48回日本臨床神経生理学会学術大会(2018/11/08-10,東京).
- 59. 十川純平,松本理器,井内盛遠,松橋眞生,小林勝哉,宇佐美清英,人見健文,中江卓郎,菊池隆幸,吉田和道, 國枝武治,宮本享,髙橋良輔,池田昭夫:意識における後方皮質領野の意義:皮質脳波における異周波数間結 合解析による検討.第48回日本臨床神経生理学会学術大会(2018/11/08-10,東京).

- 60. 田口智朗,下竹昭寛,藤井大樹,小林勝哉,松本理器,髙橋良輔,池田昭夫:心因性非てんかん発作と鑑別を 要した自己免疫性てんかんの1例.第48回日本臨床神経生理学会学術大会(2018/11/08-10,東京).
- 61. 人見健文, 音成秀一郎, 小林勝哉, 松本理器, 髙橋良輔, 池田昭夫: 遺伝子検査陽性の良性成人型家族性ミオクロー ヌスてんかん (BAFME) における巨大体性感覚誘発電位 (巨大 SEP) と C 反射の陽性率. 第48回日本臨床神経 生理学会学術大会 (2018/11/08-10, 東京).
- 62. 小林勝哉,松本理器,宇佐美清英,下竹昭寛,山尾幸広,菊池隆幸,吉田和道,國枝武治,髙橋良輔,池田昭夫: てんかんネットワークの結合性はてんかん焦点での興奮・抑制により動的に変動する:皮質皮質間誘発電位を 用いた検討. 第48回日本臨床神経生理学会学術大会(2018/11/08-10,東京).
- 63. 中江卓郎,松本理器,十河正弥,武山博文,小林勝哉,下竹昭寛,松橋眞生,山尾幸広,菊池隆幸,吉田和道, 國枝武治,池田昭夫,宮本享:皮質刺激皮質誘発電位(CCEP)における律動反応~機能ネットワークから見た 反応特性の多様性~. 第48回日本臨床神経生理学会学術大会(2018/11/08-10,東京).
- 64. 迎伸孝,松本理器,小林勝哉,十河正弥,松橋眞生,中江卓郎,武山博文,下竹昭寛,山尾幸広,菊池隆幸, 吉田和道,飯原弘二,髙橋良輔,池田昭夫:皮質皮質間誘発電位(CCEP)の分類と分布の検討.第48回日本 臨床神経生理学会学術大会(2018/11/08-10,東京).
- 65. 濱口敏和,松本理器,大封昌子,十河正弥,小林勝哉,下竹昭寛,松橋眞生,髙橋良輔,池田昭夫:抗VGKC 受容体複合体抗体陽性脳炎の生理的診断マーカー候補:発作時脳波変化の時間周波数解析による検討.第48回 日本臨床神経生理学会学術大会(2018/11/08-10,東京).
- 66. 文室知之,松橋眞生,人見健文,松本理器,髙橋良輔,池田昭夫,赤松直樹:視覚的な注意条件が運動準備段 階の脳電位に与える影響.第48回日本臨床神経生理学会学術大会(2018/11/08-10,東京).
- 67. 小林勝哉,松本理器,宇佐美清英,下竹昭寛,松橋眞生,十河正弥,梶川駿介,尾谷真弓,山尾幸広,菊池隆幸, 吉田和道,國枝武治,高橋良輔,池田昭夫:てんかんネットワークの結合性はてんかん焦点での興奮・抑制に より動的に変容する:皮質皮質間誘発電位を用いた検討.第48回日本臨床神経生理学会学術大会(2018/11/08-10,東京).
- 68. 池田昭夫:低周波成分脳波・頭蓋内脳波総合. 第5回ふじさん・てんかん脳波ハンズオンセミナー(2018/11/17-18,静岡).
- 69. 長谷川華子,戸島麻耶,梶川駿介,下竹昭寛,坂本光弘,本多正幸,松本理器,池田昭夫,髙橋良輔:既知抗 体が陰性で免疫治療が奏功した自己免疫性てんかんの1例.第14回日本てんかん学会近畿地方会(2019/07/29, 大阪).
- 70. 梶川駿介,下竹昭寛,中村大和,村井智彦,濱口敏和,小林勝哉,人見健文,松橋眞生,松本理器,漆谷真, 木下真幸子,池田昭夫,高橋良輔:頭皮上から発作時 direct current (DC) shifts が限局性に出現した症候性全 般てんかんの2例. 第60回京滋奈良てんかん懇話会 (2019/03/16,京都).
- 71. 濱口敏和,下竹昭寛,人見健文,長谷部祥子,塚本剛士,山門穂高,松橋眞生,松本理器,池田昭夫,高橋良輔: 右方向への水平性の緩徐相,正中位への急速相を呈するてんかん性眼振(Epileptic nystagmus)を認めた右側頭 葉てんかんの一例.第60回京滋奈良てんかん懇話会(2019/03/16,京都).
- 72. 塚本剛士,梶川駿介,本多正幸,人見健文,下竹昭寛,舟木健吏,池田昭夫,高橋良輔:頭皮上脳波からの局 所性 CSD(cortical spreading depolarization)の記録と発作 DC(Direct current)電位との異同:外傷性急性血 腫除去術後に非けいれん性重積が疑われた一例.第60回京滋奈良てんかん懇話会(2019/03/16,京都).

- 73. 十河正弥, 松本理器, 下竹昭寛, 小林環, 中江卓郎, 菊池隆幸, 松橋眞生, 吉田和道, 國枝武治, 宮本享, 髙橋良輔, 池田昭夫: 陰性運動野に関わる運動制御ネットワーク: 皮質皮質間誘発電位(CCEP)を用いた検討. 第60回 日本神経学会学術大会(2019/05/22-25, 大阪).
- 74. 下竹昭寛,松本理器,坂本光弘,菊池隆幸,吉田和道,松橋眞生,國枝武治,宮本享,髙橋良輔,池田昭夫: 類義語判断課題による言語機能マッピングの有用性. 第60回日本神経学会学術大会(2019/05/22-25,大阪).
- 75. 長谷川華子,戸島麻耶,梶川駿介,下竹昭寛,坂本光弘,本多正幸,松本理器,池田昭夫,髙橋良輔:既知抗 体が陰性で免疫治療が奏功した自己免疫性てんかんの1例.第14回日本てんかん学会近畿地方会(2019/07/29, 大阪).
- 76. 戸島麻耶,下竹昭寛,音成秀一郎,岡田直,十河正弥,本多正幸,武山博文,小林勝哉,宇佐美清英,人見健文, 松橋眞生,吉田健司,伏見育崇,岡田知久,山尾幸広,菊池隆幸,吉田和道,松本理器,國枝武治,髙橋良輔, 宮本享,池田昭夫:てんかん外科治療適応の効率的評価:特異度を重視したスコアリングシステムの試み.第 61回京滋奈良てんかん懇話会(2020/08/01,web).
- 77. 河村祐貴, 十河正弥, 宇佐美清英, 下竹昭寛, 綾木孝, 松橋眞生, 葛谷聡, 池田昭夫, 髙橋良輔: 症候性全般 てんかんの経過中に低カルニチン血症を認め, カルニチン補充により発作頻度の改善を認めた一例. 第61回京 滋奈良てんかん懇話会(2020/08/01, web).
- 78. 武山博文,松本理器,戸島麻耶,本多正幸,島淳,坂本光弘,林梢,宇佐美清英,高橋良輔,池田昭夫: Clinical and laboratory Features of Elderly-Onset Temporal Lobe Epilepsy: comprehensive data analysis. 第61 回日本神経学会学術大会(2020/08/31-09/02,岡山).
- 79. 戸島麻耶,福間一樹,田中智貴,梶川駿介,鴨川徳彦,池田宗平,小林勝哉,下竹昭寛,宇佐美清英,松橋眞生, 高橋良輔,池田昭夫,猪原匡史:周期性放電を認めた脳卒中後てんかんの臨床転帰に関連する脳波の特異的特徴. 第61回日本神経学会学術大会(2020/08/31-09/02,岡山).
- 80. 後藤昌広,梶川駿介,宇佐美清英,下竹昭寛,人見健文,山尾幸広,菊池隆幸,吉田和道,宮本享,松橋眞生, 大野行弘,髙橋良輔,池田昭夫:臨床てんかん患者で,細胞外K濃度の変動状態が発作発現に関与する可能性. 第61回日本神経学会学術大会(2020/08/31-09/02,岡山).
- 81. 岡田直,戸島麻耶,光野優人,永井靖識,下竹昭寛,音成秀一郎,宇佐美清英,松橋眞生,山尾幸広,菊池隆幸, 吉田和道,松本理器,國枝武治,髙橋良輔,宮本享,池田昭夫:てんかん外科治療適応の評価における MEG の 意義の後方視的検討. 第61回日本神経学会学術大会(2020/08/31-09/02,岡山).
- 82. 中村和,本多正幸,邊見名見子,髙橋良輔,池田昭夫:一過性てんかん性健忘の臨床的特徴.第50回日本臨床 神経生理学会学術集会(2020/11/26-28,京都).
- 83. 尾谷真弓,松本理器,下竹昭寛,坂本光弘,中江卓郎,松橋眞生,菊池隆幸,吉田和道,國枝武治,Lambon Ralph Mathew,宮本享,高橋良輔,池田昭夫:てんかん外科の皮質電気刺激による言語機能マッピングにおけ る機能解剖連関の検討. 第50回日本臨床神経生理学会学術集会(2020/11/26-28,京都).
- 84. 梶川駿介,松橋眞生,人見健文,塚本剛士,高谷美和,舟木健史,山尾幸広,菊池隆幸,吉田和道,長谷川浩史, 澤田眞寛,漆谷真,高橋良輔,池田昭夫:頭部外傷急性期に時定数2秒の頭皮上脳波で皮質拡散脱分極(Cortial spreading depolarizations: CSDs)を記録できた2症例:臨床的意義と記録条件の考察.第50回日本臨床神経生 理学会学術集会(2020/11/26-28,京都).

- 85. 石橋はるか, 宇佐美清英, 髙橋瑠莉, 河村祐貴, 後藤昌広, 細川恭子, 音成秀一郎, 下竹昭寛, 本多正幸, 人見健文, 松橋眞生, 丸山博文, 髙橋良輔, 池田昭夫:時間周波数解析での後頭部優位律動の適切な抽出は心因性非てん かん性発作 (PNES) 診断に有用である. 第50回日本臨床神経生理学会学術集会(2020/11/26-28, 京都).
- 86. 細川恭子, 宇佐美清英, 立岡悠, 本多正幸, 人見健文, 下竹昭寛, 松橋眞生, 團野大介, 竹島多賀夫, 立岡良久, 髙橋良輔, 池田昭夫: 広域周波数帯域脳波(wide-band EEG) 解析を用いた片頭痛における脳波所見の再検討. 第50回日本臨床神経生理学会学術集会(2020/11/26-28, 京都).
- 87. 戸島麻耶,人見健文,大井和起,小林勝哉,宇佐美清英,下竹昭寛,松橋眞生,高橋良輔,池田昭夫:良性成 人型家族性ミオクローヌスてんかん(BAFME)のバイオマーカーの探索:巨大体性感覚誘発電位(SEP)の高 周波振動(HFO)の多数例解析.第50回日本臨床神経生理学会学術集会(2020/11/26-28,京都).
- 88. 三村直哉,梶川駿介,下竹昭寛,十川夏子,中村和,石橋はるか,本多正幸,小林勝哉,人見健文,二宮宏智, 松橋眞生,髙橋良輔,池田昭夫:局在する extreme delta brush に類似した波形を呈した2例の臨床-神経生理 学的検討. 第50回日本臨床神経生理学会学術集会(2020/11/26-28,京都).
- 89. 林梢, 宇佐美清英, 十河正弥, 山尾幸広, 下竹昭寛, 舟木健史, 人見健文, 菊池隆幸, 松橋眞生, 吉田和道, 宮本享, 高橋良輔, 池田昭夫: もやもや病血流再建術後の過灌流神経症状と脳波変化との関連: 超低域徐波の意義. 第 50回日本臨床神経生理学会学術集会(2020/11/26-28, 京都).
- 90. 河村祐貴,松橋眞生,池田昭夫,神田益太郎:低血糖後に可逆的に PLEDs(周期性一側てんかん型放電)を認めた一例. 第50回日本臨床神経生理学会学術集会(2020/11/26-28,京都).
- 91. 後藤昌広,梶川駿介,宇佐美清英,下竹昭寛,人見健文,山尾幸広,菊池隆幸,吉田和道,松橋眞生,髙橋良輔, 宮本享,池田昭夫:難治性側頭葉てんかんの sEEG における発作期・発作間欠期 hypersynchronous パターンの 違いの臨床的意義. 第50回日本臨床神経生理学会学術集会(2020/11/26-28,京都).
- 92. 出村彩郁,木下真幸子,櫻井健世,松橋眞生,高橋良輔,池田昭夫:臨床脳波での光刺激に伴う低周波・超低 周波活動の予備的検討.第50回日本臨床神経生理学会学術集会(2020/11/26-28,京都).
- 93. 山中治郎, 戸島麻耶, 大井和起, 人見健文, 松橋眞生, 武山博文, 宇佐美清英, 下竹昭寛, 髙橋良輔, 池田昭 夫:巨体体性感覚誘発電位 (SEP) に続いて繰り返す広周波数帯域の事象関連同期(ERS): cortical tremor との関連. 第50回日本臨床神経生理学会学術集会(2020/11/26-28, 京都).
- 94. 宇佐美清英,松本理器, Anna Korzeniewska,下竹昭寛,中江卓郎,松橋眞生,菊池隆幸,吉田和道,國枝武治, 高橋良輔, Nathan Crone, Lambon Ralph Matthew,池田昭夫:生物・非生物の視覚刺激は脳後方で異なる神 経活動伝播をもたらす.第50回日本臨床神経生理学会学術集会(2020/11/26-28,京都).
- 95. 岡田直,戸島麻耶,光野優人,永井靖識,下竹昭寛,音成秀一郎,宇佐美清英,松橋眞生,山尾幸広,菊池隆幸, 吉田和道,松本理器,國枝武治,高橋良輔,宮本享,池田昭夫:てんかん外科治療適応の評価における MEG の 意義の後方視的検討.第50回日本臨床神経生理学会学術集会(2020/11/26-28,京都).
- 96. 後藤昌広,梶川駿介,宇佐美清英,下竹昭寛,小林勝哉,人見健文,山尾幸広,菊池隆幸,吉田和道,宮本享, 松橋眞生,大野行弘,髙橋良輔,池田昭夫:難治性てんかんにおいて細胞外 K 濃度の変動状態が発作発現に関 与する可能性. 第16回日本てんかん学会近畿地方会(2021/01/17,web).
- 97. 河村祐貴,十河正弥,小林勝哉,宇佐美清英,下竹昭寛,松橋眞生,髙橋良輔,池田昭夫:症候性全般てんかんの経過中に低カルニチン血症を認め、カルニチン補充により発作頻度の改善を認めた一例.第16回日本てんかん学会近畿地方会(2021/01/17,web).

- 98. 戸島麻耶,下竹昭寛,音成秀一郎,岡田直,本多正幸,武山博文,小林勝哉,宇佐美清英,人見健文,松橋眞生, 吉田健司,伏見育崇,岡田知久,山尾幸広,菊池隆幸,吉田和道,行木孝夫,松本理器,國枝武治,髙橋良輔, 宮本享,池田昭夫:てんかん外科治療適応の効率的評価のためのスコアリングシステム:Specific Consistency Score の重み付けの検討. 第44回日本てんかん外科学会(2021/01/20-21,新潟(web)).
- 99. 手納忠信,小林勝哉,宇佐美清英,石橋はるか,江川斉宏,葛谷聡,池田昭夫,高橋良輔:低用量ペランパネ ルによりてんかん性ミオクローヌスと歩行障害が改善した良性成人型家族性ミオクローヌスてんかん (BAFME) の1例. 第231回内科学会近畿地方会 (2021/03/13, web).
- 100. 細川恭子,宇佐美清英,梶川駿介,下竹昭寛,立岡良久,池田昭夫,髙橋良輔:体外離脱体験と多彩な視覚症状を呈し, 部分てんかん発作との鑑別を要した片頭痛患者の一例. 第62回京滋奈良てんかん懇話会(2021/03/13, web).
- 101. 石橋はるか, 戸島麻耶, 人見健文, 音成秀一郎, 小林勝哉, 本多正幸, 武山博文, 宇佐美清英, 下竹昭寛, 松橋眞生, 丸山博文, 髙橋良輔, 池田昭夫: Giant SEP における短-中潜時成分は発作性脱分極シフトの指標となりうるか. 第62回日本神経学会学術大会(2021/05/19-22, 京都).
- 102. 後藤昌広, 梶川駿介, 宇佐美清英, 下竹昭寛, 小林勝哉, 人見健文, 山尾幸広, 菊池隆幸, 吉田和道, 松橋眞生, 高橋良輔, 池田昭夫: Hypersynchronous pattern を呈した側頭葉てんかんの発作移行への分岐点は?. 第62回 日本神経学会学術大会(2021/05/19-22, 京都).
- 103. 山中治郎, 戸島麻耶, 小林勝哉, 人見健文, 松橋眞生, 大井和起, 武山博文, 宇佐美清英, 下竹昭寛, 髙橋良 輔, 池田昭夫: BAFME の cortical tremor の発生機構: 巨大 SEP に後続反復する広周波数帯域の同期と脱同期. 第62回日本神経学会学術大会(2021/05/19-22, 京都).
- 104. 本多正幸,下竹昭寛,小林勝哉,坂本光弘,島淳,林梢,戸島麻耶,武山博文,宇佐美清英,人見健文,松本理器, 高橋良輔,池田昭夫:くすぶり型の抗 GAD 抗体陽性辺縁系脳炎患者群の長期経過:臨床的特徴と海馬・扁桃体 容積の検討. 第62回日本神経学会学術大会(2021/05/19-22,京都).
- 105. 岡田直, 戸島麻耶, 光野優人, 永井靖識, 下竹昭寛, 音成秀一郎, 宇佐美清英, 松橋眞生, 山尾幸広, 菊池隆幸, 吉田和道, 松本理器, 國枝武治, 髙橋良輔, 宮本享, 池田昭夫: てんかん外科治療適応の評価における MEG の 意義の後方視的検討. 第62回日本神経学会学術大会(2021/05/19-22, 京都).
- 106. 三村直哉,宇佐美清英,梶川駿介,松橋眞生,江川悟史,中本英俊,池田昭夫:急性脳障害における頭皮上脳 波での超低周波活動に関する検討.第62回日本神経学会学術大会(2021/05/19-22,京都).
- 107. 川竹絢子,宇佐美清英,西村光平,十川夏子,江川斉宏,池田昭夫,髙橋良輔:高尿酸血症と急性腎障害を伴うけいれん重積状態に CHDF とステロイドパルスが奏功した一例. 第62回日本神経学会学術大会 (2021/05/19-22,京都).
- 108. 坂東宏樹, 戸島麻耶, 松橋眞生, 宇佐美清英, 池田昭夫, 髙橋良輔:進行性ミオクローヌスてんかんの脳波へのペランパネルの影響:後頭部優位律動の検討. 第62回日本神経学会学術大会(2021/05/19-22, 京都).
- 109. 薬師川高明,宇佐美清英,川竹絢子,西村光平,十川夏子,江川斉宏,高橋良輔:脊髄 MRI で神経根の造影効 果を認めた ALS 疑いの若年患者の1例. 第62回日本神経学会学術大会(2021/05/19-22,京都).
- 110. 大井和起,人見健文,松橋眞生,本多正幸,下竹昭寛,高橋良輔,池田昭夫:全般てんかん症候群間の頭皮脳 波の高周波活動の違い:てんかん原性の程度を反映するか.第62回日本神経学会学術大会(2021/05/19-22,京都).
- 111. 河村祐貴,岡田直,山田大輔,光野優人,山尾幸広,菊池隆幸,吉田和道,松橋眞生,髙橋良輔,池田昭夫: 脳磁図所見とてんかん外科手術転帰の検討. 第62回日本神経学会学術大会(2021/05/19-22,京都).

# V Attached materials

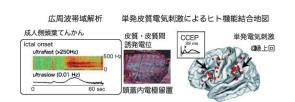
### Collaborative research activity in the Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research on Innovative Areas: Non-linear Neuro-oscillology - Towards Integrative Understanding of Human Nature.

This five-year innovative research program has been led by Prof. Atsushi Nambu (National Institute for Physiological Sciences, Division of System Neurophysiology) and aimed to create a new academic field of Neuro-oscillology, which enables us to understand human nature. We have been devoting ourselves to researches on wideband-EEG oscillations to understand the human nature and network diseases such as epilepsy (Research Project A03: Principal Investigator Akio Ikeda) and to collaboration with the researchers of other fields including mathematical modeling, intervention and exploration groups.

Homepage: http://www.nips.ac.jp/oscillology/

## A03 ヒト脳発振現象の直接記録

ヒト脳機能は多次元・多階層の発振現象の非線形的相 互作用により発現する。一方、脳機能の異常発現も作 動原理の根本は共通し、てんかんは、自律的な脳ネッ トワークが突発的に種々の次元・階層で過剰発振する 「ネットワーク病」と捉えられる。本研究計画では、 正常脳機能およびてんかん発作発現にかかわる局所お よび広域の集団発振現象をヒト脳からの直接記録で探 索する。



空間的観点からは、局所神経回路(細胞外多電極記録)からシステムレベル(皮質脳波、頭皮上脳波、脳磁図) で、発達過程の観点からは、ヒトの乳児・小児・成人脳および動物モデルで比較検討する。B班と連携し、記 録データからの数理モデルを構築し、正常振動現象および病態下の異常発振の作動原理と制御機構の解明を目 指す。C班と連携し、外的および内的な振動制御の手法を用いて、突発性振動異常の制御を試み、介入による 多次元・多階層での生理的・病的振動の変容機構を明らかにする。

0		
(al	Collins	
	C	
-		
1	V	

研究代表者	池田 昭夫 京都大学大学院 医学研究科 てんかん運動異常生理学
研究分担者	小林 勝弘 岡山大学 医学部 小児神経学
	長峯 隆 札幌医科大学 医学部 神経科学
	松本 理器 京都大学大学院 医学研究科 てんかん運動異常生理学
	國枝 武治 京都大学大学院 医学研究科 脳神経外科学
研究協力者	小林 勝哉 京都大学大学院 医学研究科 臨床神経学

# 2<sup>nd</sup> 'Advanced ECoG/EEG Analysis in Epilepsy' symposium

As the pre-congress symposium of the 53rd annual meeting of Japan Epilepsy Society, 2<sup>nd</sup> 'Advanced ECoG/EEG Analysis in Epilepsy (AEEE)' was held cosponsored by Japan Epilepsy Society, JSPS Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research on Innovative Areas "Neuro-oscillology", g.tec medical engineering GmbH Co., Physio-Tech Co., NIHON KOHDEN Co., Miyuki Giken Co., Unique Medical Co., Ltd.. The objective of this symposium was to facilitate the collaboration between the basic scientists and clinicians for the investigation of epilepsy pathology and normal brain function. Prof. Hiroshi Otsubo (Division of Neurology, The Hospital for Sick Children), Prof. Keiichi Kitajo (Division of Neural Dynamics, Department of System Neuroscience, National Institute for Physiological Sciences), Prof. Dean J. Krusienski (Department of Biomedical Engineering, Virginia Commonwealth University), Prof. Naoyuki Sato (Department of Neurological Diagnosis and Intelligent Systems, Future University Hakodate), and Prof. Masayuki Hirata (Department of Neurological Diagnosis and Restoration, Osaka University) were invited as the lecturer for the symposium.



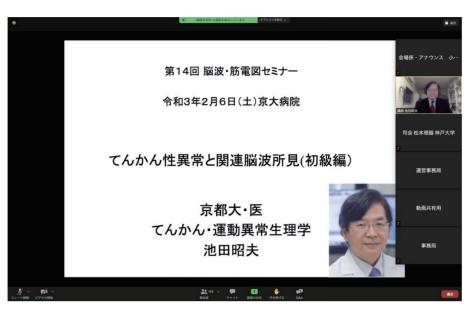


2<sup>nd</sup> AEEE symposium

V. Attached materials

# 13<sup>th</sup> and 14<sup>th</sup> electroencephalography (EEG) and electromyography (EMG) seminar

13<sup>th</sup>: February 1st, 2020, Kyoto University 14<sup>th</sup>: February 6th, 2021, Web conference



14<sup>th</sup> electroencephalography (EEG) and electromyography (EMG) seminar

## 5<sup>th</sup> and 6<sup>th</sup> advance course of electroencephalography (EEG) seminar

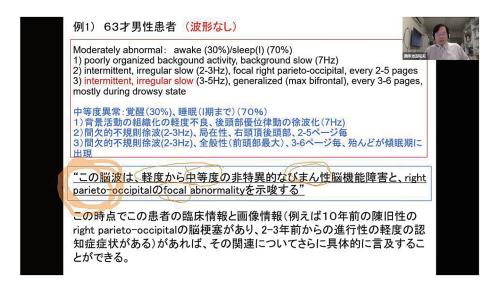
5<sup>th</sup>: August 31st- September 1st, 2019, Shirankaikan, Kyoto University 6<sup>th</sup>: September 5th- September 6th, 2020, Web conference

The advance course of electroencephalography (EEG) seminar was founded by Japanese Society of Clinical Neurophysiology (A committee of advance course of electroencephalography (EEG) seminar: Chair Akio Ikeda) in order to acquire specialized knowledge and technique about clinical EEG. The seminar adopted ANZAN (Australian-New Zealand Association of Neurology) style which consists of 8 sessions, and each session consists of lecture (30 min) followed by practical hands-on related to lecture (60 min). About 60 participants in 5<sup>th</sup> and 140 participants in 6<sup>th</sup> deepened their knowledge about recording and reading of clinical EEG.

EEG samples were prepared by the courtesy of ANZAN (Prof. Andrew Bleasel, Prof. Earnest Somerville, Prof. John W. Dunne, and Prof. Nicholas Lawn).



5<sup>th</sup> advance course of electroencephalography (EEG) seminar



6<sup>th</sup> advance course of electroencephalography (EEG) seminar

# 13<sup>th</sup> Asian & Oceanian Epilepsy Congress (AOEC)

June 10th-13th, 2021, Web conference

Asian & Oceanian Epilepsy Congress (AOEC) has been held once every two years since the first AOEC was held in 1996. 13<sup>th</sup> AOEC, of which Akio Ikeda served as co-chair, was held as virtual congress due to COVID-19 pandemic.

# English Version of Collection of Works at the Art Exhibition around Epilepsy 2016 and 2017

The Art Exhibition around Epilepsy 2016, which was held for the first time during the 50th Congress of the Japan Epilepsy Society in 2016 based on a proposal from Dr. Yushi Inoue, chair of the congress, received an overwhelming response. The following year, the "Art Exhibition around Epilepsy 2017" was held at the 51st Congress of the Japan Epilepsy Society, which was chaired by Akio Ikeda. In order to introduce the endeavor to organize an art exhibit on epilepsy to patients with epilepsy and medical professionals from Japan and around the world, we have compiled the works of art from the 2016 and 2017 exhibitions into the English version. http://epilepsy.med.kyoto-u.ac.jp/art-and-epilepsy

# **Special Lecture**

Lecturer: Richard C. Burgess Affiliation: Cleveland Clinic Epilepsy Center, USA Title: The Role of Magnetoencephalography in the Evaluation of Patients with Complicated Epilepsy Sponsor: Department of Neurology, Department of Epilepsy, Movement disorders and Physiology, Kyoto, RICOH Date: June 13<sup>th</sup>, 2018 Venue: Kyoto University Hospital



Special lecture of Richard C. Burgess

Lecturer: Edward Bertram Affiliation: University of Verginia, USA Titile: The Evolution of surgery for epilepsy Sponsor: Department of Neurology, Department of Epilepsy, Movement disorders and Physiology, Kyoto Date: October 29<sup>th</sup> 2018 Venue: Kyoto University Hospital

Special lecture of Edward Bertram

Lecturer: William Gaillard Affiliation: Georgetown University, USA Title: fMRI mapping of language networks (for epilepsy populations/surgery) Sponsor: Department of Neurology, Department of Epilepsy, Movement disorders and Physiology, Kyoto Date: March 20<sup>th</sup> , 2019 Venue: Kyoto University Hospital



Special lecture of William Gaillard

Lecture: Takao Namiki Affiliation: Hokkaido Graduate school of Mathematics Title: ヒトてんかん焦点の原理を探る医数理連携 ~脳波の高周波発振現象に関する数理モデル~ Sponsor: Department of Neurology, Department of Epilepsy, Movement disorders and Physiology, Kyoto Date: July 22<sup>th</sup>, 2019 Venue: Kyoto University Hospital

Lecture: Wei Luo Affiliation: 2nd Affiliated Hospital, School of Medicine, Zhejiang, China Title: familial cortical myoclonic tremor with epilepsy (FCMTE)の臨床,遺伝子,治療 Sponsor: Department of Neurology, Department of Epilepsy, Movement disorders and Physiology, Kyoto Date: November 5<sup>th</sup>, 2019 Venue: Kyoto University Hospital



Special lecture of Wei Luo

# Visiting physicians

#### [Overseas]

June 13<sup>th</sup> 2018 Dr. Richard C. Burgess Affiliation: Cleveland Clinic Epilepsy Center, USA Position: Director of Magnetoencephalography Laboratory

October 29<sup>th</sup> 2018 Dr. Edward Bertram Affiliation: University of Verginia, USA Position: Professor of Neurology March 20<sup>th</sup> 2019 Dr. William Davis Gaillard Affiliation: George Washington University Hospital, Position: Professor of Neurology,

[Domestic]

June 11<sup>th</sup>, July 22<sup>th</sup> 2019 Takao Namiki, Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Mathematics, Hokkaido University Position: Associate Professor

June 11<sup>th</sup>, 2019 Prof. Keiichi Ueda, Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Mathematics, Toyama University Position: Professor

June 11<sup>th</sup>, 2019 Prof. Ichiro Tsuda, Ph.D. Affiliation: Department of Mathematics, Chubu University Position: Professor June 12<sup>th</sup>, 2019 Jong-Hyeon Seo Affiliation: Department of Mathematics, Chubu University Position: Researcher

June 12<sup>th</sup>, 2019 Naoto Nakano Affiliation: Department of Mathematics, Kyoto University Position: Lecturer

June 12<sup>th</sup>, 2019 Takayuki Yamaguchi Affiliation: Center for Data Science Education and Research, Shiga University Position: Assistant proffessor

### Department of Epilepsy, Movement Disorders and Physiology Kyoto University Graduate School of Medicine

Annual Report 2019, 2020, 2021

Published in	April, 2022
Published by	<ul> <li>Department of Epilepsy, Movement Disorders and Physiology</li> <li>Kyoto University Graduate School of Medicine</li> <li>54, Kawahara-cho, Shogoin, Sakyo-ku, Kyoto, 606-8507, Japan</li> <li>TEL: +81-75-751-3662 FAX: +81-75-751-3663</li> </ul>
Printed by	Universe Printing 867-1, Umehara, Miwa-cho, Fukuchiyama, 620-1441, Japan TEL : +81-773-58-2029 FAX : +81-773-58-2028

